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BLOOD  
CHALLENGE  
OLD GUIN  
Cup falls  
foul of  
late  
storm

**Passport to Holland**  
Insight into the flowered  
land wrested from the waves  
16-page special supplement

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Libby Purves advises  
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stay away, page 17

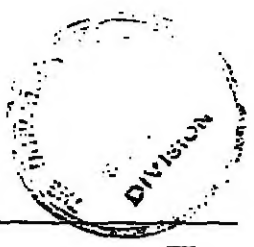
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**20P**

# THE TIMES

No. 65,199

FRIDAY FEBRUARY 24 1995



Whipless rebels to decide outcome

## Major takes gamble on Europe vote

By Philip Webster, Political Editor

JOHN MAJOR has decided to put his authority on the line in a knife-edge vote on Europe next week in which the Government's fate will almost certainly be decided by its nine whipless rebels.

In a move that surprised his supporters and opponents the Prime Minister opted yesterday to spearhead the Government's defence against a Labour motion attacking its policy on the European Union.

He faces a perilously close vote because the Ulster Unionists, who have saved the Government in crucial divisions in the recent past, seem poised to withdraw their backing and exact a heavy penalty for what they see as the sell-out of the Anglo-Irish framework document.

But it appeared last night that Mr Major had embarked on a high-risk strategy that, if successful, could result in some of the rebels who lost the whip last November returning to the fold and restoring the Government's overall Commons majority. His highly unusual decision to speak on an Opposition motion was not taken by the Cabinet but by Mr Major, in consultation

**THE PARTIES**

Government forces	
Conservative MPs	320
Opposition forces	
Labour	270
Liberal Democrats	23
Ulster Unionists	9
Democratic Unionists	3
Others	12
Total	317
Undecided	
Whipless Conservatives	9

with senior colleagues. It emerged that he had decided to speak in order to give an "authoritative" statement of the Government's policy on Europe, which has become more Euro-sceptical since the turn of the year.

Informed sources said that he intended to use the occasion of a full-scale parliamentary debate to reinforce the stance he set out in his speech to the right-wing Conservative Way Forward group earlier this month.

Much of what the Prime Minister said in that speech

was welcomed by the sceptics, and he is clearly hoping that by reiterating many of its sentiments he will clear up the confusion that has clouded the Government's European policy since then and may also appeal to the rebels.

But senior ministers admitted last night that his decision to speak also underlined the seriousness of next Wednesday's debate. It will be one of the most critical votes Mr Major has faced: if he loses he will have to return to the Commons the following day to face a confidence motion. Defeat on that would mean a general election.

Labour tabled a motion stating that the Commons did not support the Government's policy on the EU "and does not believe it promotes the interests of the British people".

It was drawn in such simple terms in order to attract maximum support from Opposition parties and the whipless Tories. The Liberal Democrats immediately made plain that they would support it. The nine Ulster Unionists, meeting at the Commons to discuss their tactics on the framework document, deferred their decision until the debate is under way next week. They are not expected to support the Government.

With the Unionist vote no longer reliable, Mr Major desperately needs his nine whipless rebels, cast out from the parliamentary party after the vote on increasing contributions to the EU Budget, to come back soon.

They are expected to make their decision next Tuesday, but it is thought that at least some of them would take the chance to regain the whip if it was available. There were signs, however, that the hardliners might make demands that Mr Major would be unable to meet.

Tony Marlow, one of the nine, said that "instinctively I would tend to vote with the Opposition motion because I am opposed to government policy on Europe".

The arithmetic is daunting for Mr Major. The death of Sir Nicholas Fairbairn last weekend reduced his Commons majority to 12, even if the rebels are counted as being on board. At least two Tory MPs are too ill to come to the Commons, reducing that figure to ten. If the rebels are counted on the Opposition side the Government is in a minority of six.

The Prime Minister's decision caused a stir at Westminster last night. Robin Cook, the Shadow Foreign Secretary, had been expected to open the debate for Labour, but it was swiftly announced that Tony Blair, the Labour leader, would do so instead.

One senior Cabinet minister admitted that it was unusual for the Prime Minister to open the debate but insisted that he had "every confidence" he would win.



An egg-splattered French riot policeman faces strikers in Calais yesterday. Stones and bottles were also hurled.

## French strikers blockade ferry ports

FROM JONATHAN FREYNN  
TRANSPORT CORRESPONDENT  
IN CALAIS

**STRIKING** French seamen yesterday wrecked the travel plans of thousands of British holidaymakers with a blockade of Calais which forced Dover ferries to divert to Zeebrugge in Belgium.

As clashes between strikers and riot police grew, a British ferry had to turn back from Calais last night when crew members were pelted with fireworks. Another ferry was stormed and occupied by French seamen and France's busiest ferry port was effectively at a standstill.

With Brittany ports also closed, almost the entire French Channel coast was blockaded.

The day started with a violent struggle between 400 strikers and 200 French riot police at the harbour front in Boulogne. Bottles, stones and eggs were thrown as police responded with teargas.

British holidaymakers said they had been terrified by the strikers' tactics. Teresa Jones, 39, who was trying to get out of Calais with her husband Ian, 42, and two children, said: "They are putting people's lives at risk. Drunken jobs with fireworks is a

nightmare combination."

The 48-hour strike, almost certain to bring more disorder today, is in protest at the use of 130 Polish sailors by Meridian, a small British ferry company. The French Government said last night it had appointed a mediator to negotiate between Meridian and the unions after talks broke down yesterday.

A heavy riot police presence at the Calais end of the Channel Tunnel kept Le Shuttle operating, but strikers may try to affect services by targeting the terminal today. The strike forced the French-crewed Brittany Ferries to

halt sailings from Portsmouth and Plymouth. Sally Line stopped its Ramsgate-Dunkirk passenger service, and two of Stena Sealink's five Dover-Calais ships were not operating.

Stena Sealink and P&O European Ferries' ships were turned away from Calais and had to go to Zeebrugge. Last night Brittany Ferries said it would be operating services to St Malo and Roscoff sailings today. Ferry companies crossing the Straits of Dover said they would be making for Zeebrugge.

A barrister for Mr Graham told the inquiry that his client insisted the sums "were not paid pursuant to any arrangement connected with the transfers, but were paid by the agent as a mark of his gratitude."

Rick Parry, the chief executive of the Premier League, said: "We have emphasised that George [Graham] has not been found guilty. There was a clear intention to separate the inquiry process from the disciplinary process." Any punishment has been left to the FA.

## Sacked manager 'took £425,000 in gifts'

By Our Sports Staff

GEORGE GRAHAM, who was sacked as manager of Arsenal on Tuesday, received £425,000 commission for the transfer of two Scandinavian footballers to the London club, it emerged yesterday.

A Premier League commission of inquiry has decided that further action may be necessary, and has referred the matter to the Football Association. The FA is expected to announce next week if Graham, and possibly Arsenal, must face charges. One result of any charges could be a worldwide ban for the manager.

The inquiry investigated the transfers to Arsenal of John Jensen, from the Danish club Brondby, and Pal Lydersen, from Start, of Norway. Graham, 50, had his contract terminated by Arsenal once club officials had seen details of the commission's interim report, which was officially released yesterday.

Graham, who received the payments from Interclub Ltd, a Guernsey-based company in which Rune Hauge, the Norwegian football agent, has interests, was paid £140,500 in December 1991 for the Lydersen deal and £285,000 in August 1992 for the Jensen transfer.

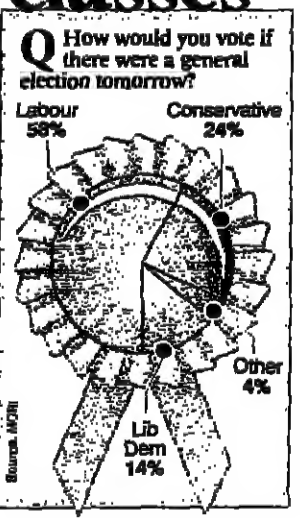
## Middle classes revolt

By Peter Riddell

THE middle classes have become increasingly gloomy about the economic outlook and are deserting the Tories on a record scale. The latest MORI poll for *The Times* highlights the Tories' problems among its traditional core supporters, as Tony Blair claimed last night that it is now Labour that speaks for Middle Income Britain.

Particularly worrying for the Government is the sharp decline in MORI's economic optimism index, now down to its lowest level since the autumn of 1992 after sterling was forced out of the European Exchange Rate Mechanism. This is despite the evidence of economic growth and falling unemployment, and reflects the recent further increase in interest rates, the patchiness of the housing market and worries about redundancies.

By far the biggest drop in economic optimism, and in support for the Tories, has occurred in the professional middle classes, previously their most loyal supporters. Labour now leads the Tories by 50 per cent to 30 among the middle classes.



Mr Blair highlighted this evidence of middle class anxiety and disillusion with the Tories to argue that Labour is on the side of homeowners, small businesses, those out of work or insecure in their jobs. Speaking in Bournemouth, he said Labour was now winning voters in the South. "It is Labour that speaks to Middle Income Britain."

Disillusioned Tory voters were, he said, "turning straight to Labour with no thought for a protest vote because we are once again speaking up for the majority".

The latest MORI poll shows that Labour has consolidated its lead over the Tories. The gap narrowed last month after the rows over public ownership and education.

Details, analysis, page 10  
Politics, page 11

## Boy escapes hanging in Pakistan

FROM CHRISTOPHER THOMAS  
IN LAHORE

**SALAMAT MASIH**, 14, a Pakistani Christian, was freed from death row last night after Lahore High Court overturned a blasphemy conviction for which he was to have been hanged.

The decision represents a humiliation for Islamic fundamentalists, who had sought to exploit Pakistan's vaguely-worded blasphemy laws.

The court ruled that there was no evidence that the boy and his co-accused scrawled blasphemous remarks on the wall of a mosque and threw paper bearing sacrilegious words into the building.

But Salamat will never be safe in his own country, and human rights organisations are trying to arrange a home for him abroad. Islamic extremists say he should be killed regardless of the court decision, and there are fears of a violent backlash against the country's Christians.



**TOMORROW IN THE TIMES**

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**MAGAZINE**  
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The seven-section Times is 30p on Saturday

## Fry 'spotted at Dunkirk'

Stephen Fry, the actor who vanished in "emotional turmoil" after quitting his two-man West End show, is believed to be on the Continent. He was spotted by two passengers on a ferry to France on Monday driving on to the harbour at Dunkirk. Fry had just sent letters to his parents, sister, brother and agent telling them that he was going away. Page 3

## British huskies die in Quebec

A fatal illness has struck the last surviving British huskies after they were taken from Antarctica to a town on the edge of Hudson Bay. Almost half the dogs have died after having been forced by an environmental treaty to leave their homes. Page 7

## MPs tell all

MPs are making even their most trivial interests public. Complimentary golf club memberships have been declared and gifts ranging from pots of honey to free parking are listed in the Register of Members' Interests. Page 11

## James Herriot, the world's most famous vet, dies

By Michael Hornsby  
AGRICULTURE CORRESPONDENT



**JAMES HERRIOT**, left, died yesterday aged 78 at his Thirsk home, in North Yorkshire, the town that served as the model for the fictional Darrowby in *All Creatures Great and Small*, the BBC television series based on his books.

Mr Herriot, the world's most famous vet whose real name was James Alfred Wight, had been ill with cancer of the prostate for about three years, but had issued instructions that the nature of his ailment should not be disclosed while he

was alive. His daughter, Rosie Page, who works as a GP in Thirsk, said last night: "He was an extremely private man who did not like appearing in public, and he told us that he could not have borne the letters of sympathy that would have flooded in if his illness became widely known."

"Although he had a lot of problems and must have been in some pain, he managed to keep going almost to the end. He took to his bed only two days before his death."

Robert Hardy, the actor who played the eccentric senior partner, Siegfried

Farnon, in the television series, said: "I am very sad."

"He was an enormous influence on 14 years of my life. He was a remarkably modest man, as well as an honest and honourable one."

"Although he made millions out of his books, he would never consider any tax-dodging device, such as going to live abroad. When we were making the series I used to see him about twice a year. He had much more control over what went

Continued on page 2, col 5

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## Partners out of step in Catch-22 quango

Sadly, there were no hymns. The Methodist Central Hall, however, was a quaintly appropriate venue. Yesterday morning Lord Nolan and his committee on "standards in public life" assembled there to wind up six weeks of evidence-gathering. I went along to watch.

Lord Nolan has one of those round, amiable, glowing faces that speak of Wright's Coal Tar soap and a vigorous towel-dry. With his hair parted in the middle and his sympathetic smile he reminds us of the chap on the front of Quaker Oats packets.

He was flanked yesterday by about three and a half pages' worth of *Who's Who*.

As the Great Ones discussed the need to scoop public appointments from a more democratic pool, I cast my eye across their names. Not a single Mr Two lords (both Rt Hon), two MPs (both Rt Hon) and one of them a CH, three more knights, a dame, a professor and a lady styled "Diana Warwick".

It seems one of the committee's main concerns is with former ministers who go on to take City directorships. The reason for concern is simple. If a minister has hopes of a City appointment, there is not a danger that his ministerial decisions will be influenced by a desire to prepare his City nest? A minister who privatised a public utility and later took a



**MATTHEW PARRIS**  
POLITICAL SKETCH

place on its board might be criticised on these grounds. The Nolan committee has been set up to examine such questions, to recommend new guidelines and to suggest how these might be policed.

After reporting to the Prime Minister, the committee will become, for three years, a standing body, to pursue further tasks — whose scope will be shaped by their recommendations to the PM. They may also recommend new machinery to police the guidelines they have proposed. Members are being

paid — perhaps not much: we do not know. Presumably the standing body into which the committee forms itself will be paid.

Presumably the wider its responsibilities and the more work it has to do, the more it will be paid. Presumably any new machinery it recommends will be run by paid appointees too. Presumably the more they are charged with doing, the better they will be paid.

I hate to mention this, but it surely cannot be envisaged that any of the present mem-

bers of the Nolan committee could accept paid employment after they have reported? It would open them to the criticism (however unfair) that they could be tempted to use their present task to feather their nests in the next one.

And surely it cannot be envisaged that any of this committee should ever accept any post in any new machinery which it is their present job to recommend?

I raise the question because to watch the committee yesterday was to sense how, once a body like this has been set up, every pressure is upon it to conclude that something needs to be done. Otherwise, why would they have been set

up? And the more they recommend should be done, the more valuable they will be judged to have been. Only Tom King yesterday questioned the need for action with any vigour.

I watched the committee cross-questioning a Labour MP, Tony Wright, who had written a pamphlet. Within seven minutes of his arrival he had proposed the establishment of a massive new body: the Public Service Appointments Commission.

This would be a quango. The Nolan committee was being asked to recommend it. One quango creating another quango to supervise more quangos. Perhaps the closing hymn should have been *Wider Still and Wider*.

## Families given warning on costs of care

By JEREMY LAURANCE  
HEALTH SERVICES  
CORRESPONDENT

THE Government has reaffirmed that old and chronically sick patients are not automatically entitled to long-term care on the NHS. Under new guidelines published yesterday, many patients who have been cared for in long-stay hospital wards could now be forced into private nursing homes for which they or their families will have to pay.

The guidelines were immediately attacked by the British Medical Association as signalling the end of the "cradle to grave" NHS. The rules specify that there is no automatic right to long-term care on the NHS. Many patients will be told that they will have to find places in nursing homes.

Ministers want to set clearer limits to NHS care as increasing number of elderly people stretch limited funds. Families may have to find the money to care for elderly relatives from their own resources and many middle-aged children of elderly parents may see their expected legacy disappear in private nursing home fees.

The move follows concern over cases in which chronically ill patients have been discharged from NHS hospitals to private nursing homes leaving their families to pay for their care.

In a case last year the NHS ombudsman severely criticised Leeds General Infirmary after it discharged a 55-year-old man who was profoundly brain damaged by a stroke to a private nursing home, leaving his wife to pay £6,000 a year towards the fees.

After the Leeds case, health authorities were instructed to review their provision of long-term care. Many have closed long-stay beds to shift patients into nursing homes for which the NHS does not pay.

Local health authorities have been asked to draw up definitions of who is entitled to what, which is expected to lead to regional differences in provision.

People who require weekly supervision by a consultant or specialist nurse, have an unstable condition or who "are likely to die in the very near future" will qualify for NHS care. Families faced with huge nursing home bills when a chronically ill relative is denied NHS care will have a new right of appeal. The arrangements will come into force on April 1, 1996.

Announcing the guidelines John Birt, junior Health Minister, said they would help clarify when a patient moves from NHS to social services responsibility.

He said it would continue to be a clinical decision when a patient needed an NHS bed. There had never been a right to occupy an NHS bed indefinitely, he said.

Alan Langlands, chief executive of the NHS, said the "significant majority" of those requiring care in a nursing home will have to depend on means-tested social services.

## Challenge to courts martial launched

The Human Rights court in Strasbourg yesterday cleared the way for a soldier to challenge Britain's system of courts martial. Alexander Findlay, 34, a Scots Guardsman, began a test case claiming that the system is unfair and neither independent nor impartial.

His case is the first of a dozen being considered by the European Commission of Human Rights. Findlay was sentenced to two years' jail and court-martialled after threatening members of his unit with a gun while serving in Northern Ireland in 1990.

### Intruder shot

Latham Nottingham, 76, a retired smallholder who shot a burglar after his isolated house in Potterhanworth, Leicestershire, was broken into and his bolted bedroom door was kicked down, will not be prosecuted, police said. Three people were arrested.

### Inquest on MP

Mike Carr, the Labour MP for Bootle, died of natural causes in July 1990, an inquest jury in Liverpool decided. An earlier inquest was halted when the coroner sent files to the DPP concerning treatment by Walton Hospital of Mr Carr, who died from a heart attack.

### MoD windfall

THE Ministry of Defence has underspent its budget for the current financial year by £600 million, according to figures to be released by the Treasury today. Under three-year-old rules the ministry will be able to carry the windfall through to the next financial year.

### Murder charge

The stepfather of a 15-year-old baby-sitter who was found stabbed to death with her seven-year-old charge in Bradford was last night charged with the double murder. Tariq Rehman, 34, an insurance company branch manager, will appear before Bradford magistrates today.

### Boat men sacked

Four volunteer lifeboatmen have been sacked after a rescue operation was launched for them during a charity crossing of the Irish Sea. They had failed to tell the Royal National Lifeboat Institution of a change to their route and had failed to take a back-up boat.

### Dalton wins libel

Timothy Dalton, who starred in the remake of *Gone with the Wind*, won substantial damages against the *Daily Express* over allegations that he said the sequel was so bad it would ruin his career. Dalton, 49, known for his role as James Bond, will get the money to a charity.

### Film released

Oliver Stone's controversial and violent film *Natural Born Killers* is released in 210 cinemas today after a two-month delay. The British Board of Film Classification has made a number of cuts in the film, which portrays a couple on a killing spree in the American southwest.

### Peter Bradley

A report (January 21) about Conservative objections to a social housing development in Camden could have created the impression that Peter Bradley, deputy leader of Westminster Labour group, who acted as a consultant to the scheme, might have been party to a political agenda to increase the number of Labour voters in a marginal ward. We accept that such a suggestion would be without foundation and regret any embarrassment to Mr Bradley.

'There has to be more to politics than the Orange and Green colour scheme'

## Businessmen tell Unionists to focus on economic issues

By NICHOLAS WATT, IRELAND CORRESPONDENT

LEADING businessmen in Northern Ireland yesterday accused Unionist politicians who condemned the Anglo-Irish framework document of losing touch with opinion in the Province.

The businessmen warmly welcomed the document which, they said, would bring economic benefits. There has been a big upsurge in economic activity since the IRA and loyalist ceasefires.

Howard Hastings, operations director of Hastings Hotels, criticised the Ulster Unionists and the Democratic Unionists who dismissed the document within minutes of its publication on Wednesday. He said: "I don't hear a grassroots echo in what they are saying. I think on this occasion the Unionist politicians have lost touch with their constituencies — that is the first in a generation."

Mr Hastings, who said he was a Unionist and is chairman of the Institute of Directors in Northern Ireland, said the all-Ireland dimension of the document would help business. "There are areas of mutual economic benefit. For my business it would be better if a single tourist board mar-

keted Ireland at the international level."

However, Mr Hastings added that his members would take their time to consider the document. Eric Cairns, who runs an estate agency in south Belfast and North Down, said John Major had emphasised that it was a discussion document. "It is akin to a draft contract. It is up to us to sort out the real contract," Mr Cairns called on Unionist leaders to consider the document with "cool heads and business acumen".

Mr Cairns added that politicians were out of touch with the business community. He said: "A Unionist MP asked me why people such as myself were not interested in politics. I said there had to be something more to politics than the traditional Orange and Green colour scheme. They should concentrate on the real issues such as creating jobs."

David Irvine, of the Progressive Unionist Party, which has links to the Ulster Volunteer Force, told the BBC yesterday that his members would consider the document, but would reject its proposals. Mr Irvine added that Gerry Adams, the Sinn Féin leader, had

been right to say the document was "all Ireland in nature". He said: "It is and that is unacceptable to loyalists."

His comments contrasted with a more moderate tone adopted by the Ulster Democratic Party, which has links with the Ulster Defence Association. Gary McMichael, the leader of the UDP, said he would study the document carefully and would not be making any instant reactions.

Archbishop Robin Eames, the Primate of the Church of Ireland, praised the proposals as a "genuine effort" to tackle problems within the Province. His comments were echoed by Cardinal Cahal Daly, the Roman Catholic Primate of All Ireland who said the document was a serious attempt to balance the aspirations of nationalists and Unionists.

The Irish Government said yesterday that it hoped that after a period of reflection, Unionists would give a more measured response to the document. Government sources in Dublin insisted that they remained optimistic, despite the Unionists' condemnation of the proposals.

Commons threat, page 1



Mark Langhammer says that hardline Unionists have dug their own graves

## The morning after, pensions take priority over politics

By ALAN HAMILTON

SET amid an ugly council estate, its concrete walls besmudged by crude graffiti, the sub-post office at Rathcoole, south Antrim, was doing brisk business yesterday. But the queue winding almost to the door was not for copies of the framework document which the Government would like every citizen of Northern Ireland to read: it was pension day.

The counter clerk had no idea when, or even if, copies might arrive. Anyone sufficiently interested to plough through its 40 close-written

pages could read it in full in the Belfast Telegraph.

Two floors above the post office, in a flat converted to offices for a project for the long-term unemployed, who constitute up to a quarter of Rathcoole's adult male population, the *Telegraph* version was being scanned by the project manager, Mark Langhammer. He is a considerable rarity in these parts: Northern Ireland's only Labour councillor, representing the mixed Macdonald ward on Newtownabbey Borough Council for two years.

Mr Langhammer welcomes the

document but is in no doubt about its underlying message. "British policy has always been to keep Northern Ireland at arm's length," he says. "The Province that it is a visitor in the house, and would rather the visitor went out and found a house of its own."

Hardline Unionists opposed to the drift of the tide have only themselves to blame, Mr Langhammer believes. "The document is a logical working-out of the Unionist rejection of British politics. They have, over recent years, dug their own grave." Catholics, he believes, will give the

document closer consideration than loyalists, and not only because there is much in it to please them. "The two communities have entirely different dynamics. Catholics have a web of civil organisations and points of contact at which the document will be discussed. Among the Protestants, any kind of civil community is largely extinct."

Mr Langhammer says there now needs to be a change in the texture of Dublin politics if Northern Ireland is to live in closer co-operation with the South. "The Church-State issue in the Republic has still to be

resolved; we are back to first principles as we were in 1920."

Most shades of opinion are agreed that they have no wish to return to the rule of the gun. Jim Rooney, who has sat for the Alliance on Newtownabbey council for 18 years, representing a mixed Protestant-Catholic ward, welcomes the document, although not necessarily the laudatory writing style. He says: "I hope it succeeds because it will give us the bonus of peace. Give a little and you get peace. Give nothing and there will be a big question mark over the future."

## Major rejects criticism of £1.2bn gas profits

By JAMES LANDALE AND ROSS TIEMAN

JOHN MAJOR defended pre-tax profits of £1.245 million announced by British Gas yesterday, declaring: "I much prefer profits to losses."

The Prime Minister rejected Tony Blair's assertion that the profits, equal to nearly £40 a second, represented "the unacceptable face of privatisation". He said that since the company was privatised prices for domestic consumers had fallen by more than 20 per cent in real terms.

During a rowdy exchange in the Commons, the Labour leader claimed that gas prices

had in fact risen in real terms since 1979 and would continue to rise. He asked the Prime Minister if he would agree with the director of the Gas Consumers' Council that "while the City may view the billion pound profits of British Gas as reasonable, consumers may take a different view."

Mr Major replied: "I much prefer profits to losses, provided there is a good service to customers and provided the price is right." He said that nationalised industries that used to cost taxpayers £30 million a week, now provided

useful revenue to the Treasury. The profit announcement came amid fresh allegations about share options granted to Cedric Brown, British Gas chief executive, and other directors. Mr Brown rejected suggestions that a new bonus scheme could allow him to double his salary, already increased by 75 per cent to £475,000 a year since January. He said no decision on the scheme, based on performance over five years, had been made.

Gas in control, page 23

## Ancient counties spared

By IAN MURRAY

BEDFORDSHIRE and Buckinghamshire have been saved after campaigns led by Lord Carrington and Lord Pym. John Gummer, the Environment Secretary, will tell Parliament next week that he has decided to overturn proposals by the Local Government Commission to divide the ancient counties into seven all-purpose unitary authorities.

He is granting autonomy to Milton Keynes and Luton, which will become unitary authorities. The rest of the two counties will continue under the current two-tier system.

## James Herriot dies at 78

Continued from page 1

into the series at the beginning. But when the BBC had exhausted all his stories, his influence declined.

John Crooks, past president of the British Veterinary Association, who worked as Mr Herriot's assistant in Thirsk, said: "He was superb to work with and a wonderful teacher."

Paul Heiney, farmer, *Times* columnist and devoted Herriot fan, writes: "Eh-bah-gum vet-er-in-ary. Where's thah-bin?" If you ever read James Herriot or watched the television adaptation of his books, you know the scene: the harassed vet has bravely chugged up the Dale in his Austin to be confronted by a sickly cow and a grumpy

farmer. Without hesitation, Herriot will strip to the waist and have the entire length of his arm inserted in the cow before the stockman can utter another grumble.

None of this was imagined; and it is still as much a part of everyday life for a vet as it was when Herriot was young. It is a scene that is re-enacted on our farm with amazing regularity. The question is, why did accounts of such grisly practices become bestsellers?

Probably because Herriot created a new kind of hero. Until he started to record his experiences, no one gave a second thought to the work of a rural vet who struggled daily with every sort of animal from boisterous bulls to pampered poodles, and with their equal-

ly tricky owners. He told his tales without sentimentality, never flinching from recording life as it really was on small farms. And he has left a fine record of the closing days of an agricultural era, in a time when the loss of a single cow could mean ruin.

Vets admire Herriot, too. Our own farm vet, Philip Ryder-Davies, said last night: "To those of us who believe that being a vet is as much an art as a science, he was our hero. I remember one story where he goes up to a farmer to ask about a cow he has been treating. 'It's no better,' says the farmer. That's great. He was not afraid to admit that vets sometimes fail."

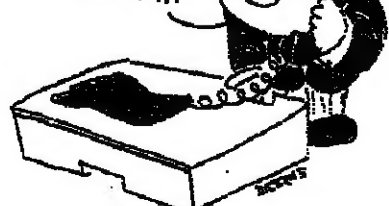
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Father says disappearance followed months of unhappiness with press

## Stephen Fry is spotted on ferry to France

By DOMINIC KENNEDY

STEPHEN FRY, the actor who vanished in "emotional turmoil" after quitting his West End show, is believed to be on the Continent after being spotted by two passengers on a ferry to France on Monday.

He was last seen driving on to the harbour at Dunkirk. Fry had just sent letters to his parents, sister, brother, agent and Simon Gray, the author of *Cell Mates*, the play in which he co-starred, telling them that he was going away.

His disappearance followed months of unhappiness about his treatment at the hands of the press. Fry's father Alan, 64, an electronics inventor, said from his home in Booter, Norfolk: "He was feeling the world at large was a bit agin him."

The actor was particularly

hurt at the recycling by newspapers of incidents from his wayward youth: that he was expelled from public school and that, aged 17, he committed credit card fraud, spending three months in jail on remand before being given two years' probation. "It's a long time ago," Mr Fry said. "People don't take the trouble to say, 'Look Stephen, what are you actually thinking about now?' and write about it."

Fry has said that, aged 17, he swallowed "as many pills as I could find" after an argument with his father. Mr Fry said yesterday: "It is going too far to say that he tried to commit suicide. He was very young and it was very silly. We have all got total faith in him. He loves life too much. He has got too much to offer. He will be

back. The sad thing about not being able to contact him is that I can't say 'I love you'."

Particularly hurtful, according to Fry's sister Joanna Foster, was an article by Geoffrey Wheatcroft in the *Daily Mail* in September 1994 headlined: "Wouldn't you just love to hit Stephen Fry?" It followed the conviction for assault and affray of two brothers who attacked a man who defended Fry from their taunts during an Uppington School reunion. Wheatcroft described the actor as "simply the most irritating man in the country".

Ms Foster said yesterday: "It was a bit of a shock. He thought he was doing the best by people and doing the best he possibly could and it's just a bit sad to read that that's what people really thought of him."

Her brother had not left in a fit of pique after unfavourable critical notices. "They weren't just those. Just a combination of quite a lot of things: overwork, a lot of pressure for the last six months, especially a lot of nasty things being written about him that at the end of the day he's just said, 'I've had enough'."

The cast of *Cell Mates* sent a message of support to the actor last night. David Bowles, company and stage manager at the Albery Theatre in St Martin's Lane, said: "Through the media we all send our love and best wishes and hope to see him home soon. We just want him to know we are there if he needs us. We care for you and want you to know we are here for you."

Rik Mayall, Fry's co-star, said before last night's performance: "We are all generally concerned and worried for his whereabouts and hope he gets in touch soon."

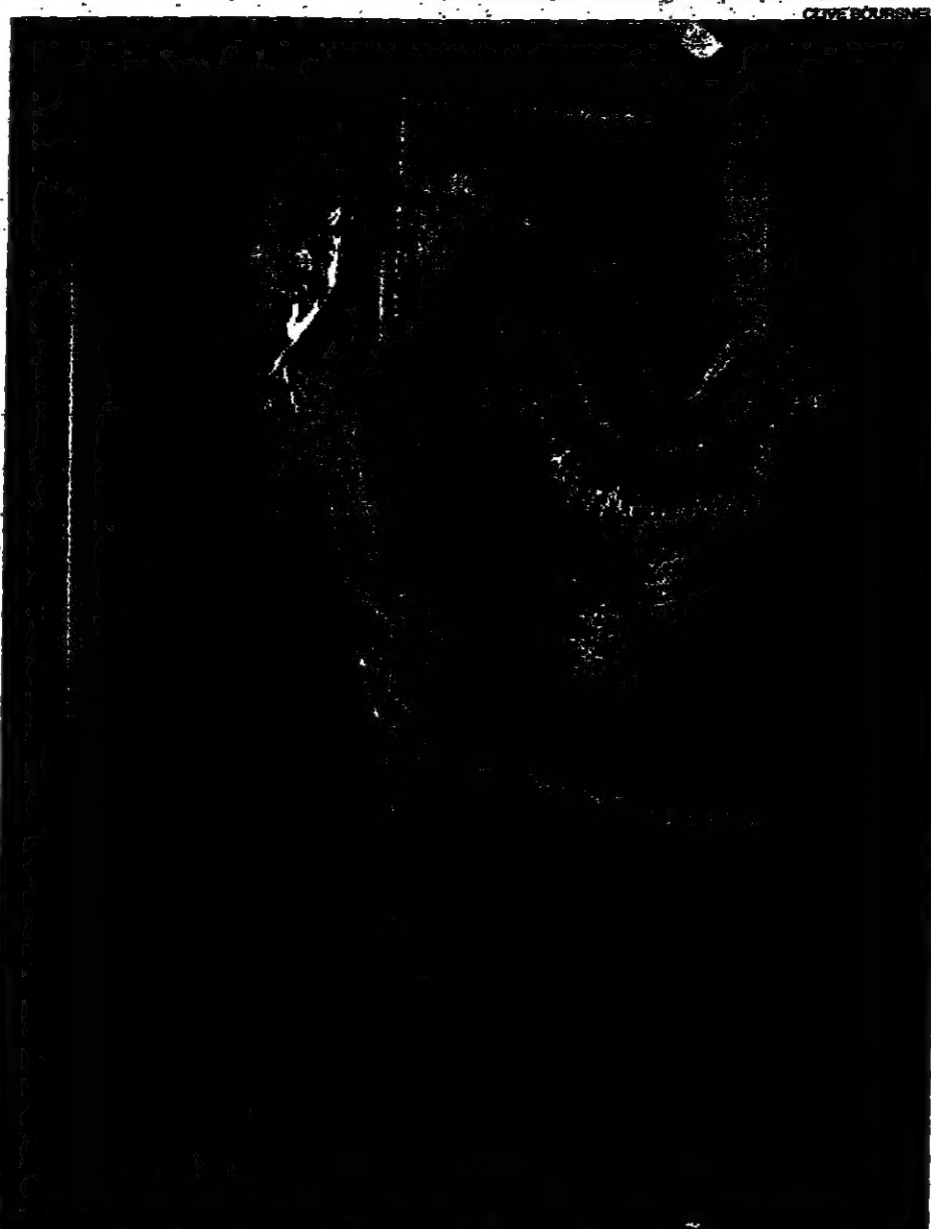
Thursday, February 16, was press night for *Cell Mates*. Fry's parents and his sister were in the audience. They visited his dressing room for congratulations afterwards and joined the first night party at the Groucho Club, where Fry was in ebullient mood.

The next day, first press notices for the show were mixed. Fry telephoned to cancel a lunch appointment with his parents. The actor said he had to join Mayall for a radio interview.

On Saturday Fry's father telephoned to thank him for the party but the answering machine was on. Fry was performing a matinee and evening show. More press notices, still mixed.

The answering machine was left on at Fry's home in Islington, north London, on Sunday. Fry spent his evening narrating *Peter and the Wolf* at St Mary's Church, north London. Although he had no links with the church, he agreed to perform free in aid of its restoration fund and the Children's Society.

On Monday two passengers on a Ramsgate-Dunkirk ferry recognised the actor on a morning sailing. Viv Launchbury, 24, of Swansea, said Fry was first in the queue for the restaurant breakfast. He sat alone reading newspapers.



Stephen Fry with his father Alan, who is convinced that his son will be back with much to offer. "He was feeling the world at large was a bit agin him"

## Man who fell on icy step wins £100,000 payout

By BILL FROST

A VACUUM cleaner engineer who hurt his back after slipping on an icy step was awarded more than £100,000 damages yesterday against the couple who called him out. Stefan and Dawn Kerwin had failed to salt the frozen steps at their home despite knowing he was about to arrive. Winchester High Court was told.

Philip Marsh, 43, suffered a chronic lumbar ligament strain and has not worked since the accident four years ago. Giving judgment, Mr Justice Buckley said: "Freezing rain just before Mr Marsh arrived had made the steps slippery. Temperatures at the time were below zero and the Kerwins knew the steps could be a hazard in freezing conditions."

"It was known that a service engineer was expected and the precautions of putting salt down or shouting a warning should have been taken. This was a breach of common duty of care by the householders."

The court was told that Mr Marsh was wearing "reasonable shoes" when he walked on to the top step at the house in Bournemouth. "He thought the step looked wet, although grass around was white with frost," the judge said. "He slipped on black ice and must be 20 per cent liable for the accident."

The Kerwins, however, had to bear the major responsibility. The judge accepted that both Mr Kerwin and his wife,

who was pregnant at the time, had negotiated the steps earlier without mishap. But, he said, "they knew the dangers and should have taken action to make the steps safe."

Mr Marsh, of Charmminster, Bournemouth, who earned £12,500 a year, had claimed damages for negligence. He said after the ruling that he intended to use some of the £102,131 award to pay off his mortgage, but "would give it all away to be fit again and have my job back."

Mr Marsh said: "The money doesn't make up for the pain I have gone through for the last four years. I am in pain most of the time and have taken a lot of pain killers."

"There is always a chance that I will get more work, so I keep on sending off applications. But it depends on what I can cope with and whether an employer will ever be prepared to take me on."

Ray Bens, a London insurance broker, last night said that premiums could rise if such awards became commonplace. "We are following the American trend where even the smallest incident can result in a claim and a court case. If this current trend continues it will be reflected in higher premiums."

He added: "As long as the householders have contents insurance it is likely that their insurance policy will cover them. It should not cost them a penny."

## Critics refuse to take blame for unexpected exit

By ALEXANDRA FREAN, MEDIA CORRESPONDENT

THEATRE critics expressed concern and surprise last night at Stephen Fry's sudden decision to withdraw from the West End play *Cell Mates*, not least because most felt the criticism in their reviews to be relatively mild.

While the *London Evening Standard* described Fry's portrayal of George Blake, the Soviet spy, as an "impersonation of a superior man" and *The Sunday Telegraph* implied that his performance was not heart-felt, not one paper actually panned the play or its actors. Some critics were astounded, too, that Fry, known for his unrepentant and gentlemanly demeanour, should have let down his co-star, Rik Mayall, the production team, and his audiences.

Jack Tinker, theatre critic of the *Daily Mail* and author of the most positive review of *Cell Mates*, said that Fry's mysterious departure was "the most extraordinary thing to happen to the English theatre in years". "Stephen has an actor with wonderful capacity, but he is also an exceptionally sensitive man with great fragility," he added. "Fry's recent criticisms of the press may have acted as a provocation to some journalists. I thought it was peculiar that he virtually likened newspapers to used toilet paper. Even an idiot — and goodness knows he is not an idiot — will know that you are going to provoke a backlash by saying things like that."

In a recent interview Fry said that being a critic was the worst thing for a human being to be. "Professionally to pick up a pen and make someone cry, however necessary you deem it to be — and people do cry — you say you're poor little wimp, well yes, you can say that if you want, but I wouldn't want

to say that about someone who's crying."

Benedict Nightingale of *The Times*, who wrote that Fry's Blake was "a simpler, slicker monster than Marx and nature surely produced", said yesterday: "It has been said that theatre criticism is the last of the blood sports, but it is not like that. We have to take care not to be gratuitously offensive to actors, but we also have a duty to record what we see and what we thought of it."

Nicholas de Jongh, of the *London Evening Standard* and the most vicious reviewer of Fry's performance, said he felt no responsibility for his disappearance. "If every time an actor got negative reviews he or she disappeared, then the world would be packed with collapsed actors."

He conceded, however, that the role of Blake was difficult and needed someone with more experience of dramatic roles. Fry may also have been upset by early reaction to the television comedy *A Bit of Fry and Laurie*.



Rik Mayall: co-starring with Fry in *Cell Mates*

## KGB defector dies after 24 years spent in hiding

By MICHAEL EVANS, DEFENCE CORRESPONDENT

A FORMER KGB spy who became one of MI5's most spectacular defectors has died after spending more than two decades at secret addresses in Britain.

Oleg Lyalin, whose defection in 1971 led to the expulsion of 105 Soviet diplomats from Britain, was helping MI5 as a paid employee until he died. After Mr Lyalin exposed the huge network of Soviet spies working in Britain, the KGB apparatus in this country never fully recovered.

Oleg Kalugin, a former chief of counter-intelligence and a KGB major-general, disclosed in his memoirs *Spymaster* last year that there had been a contract on Mr Lyalin's life. According to Mr Kalugin, Yuri Andropov, head of the KGB from 1967 to 1982, before becoming Soviet leader, sanctioned Mr Lyalin's execution.

After his defection in August 1971, Mr Lyalin and his Russian wife Irina had led a clandestine life, never emerg-

ing from the shadows even when the Cold War was over. Adopting a new life created for him by MI5, he lived under an assumed name in a part of the country where no one recognised him or guessed his past. MI5 is taking every precaution to ensure that, even after his death, his relatives are not revealed.

He died aged 57. Security sources declined to give the circumstances of his death, other than to confirm that he had been in ill health.

Mr Lyalin came to the notice of the Security Service when he began a secret affair with his secretary. Approached by MI5, he offered to defect immediately with her.

His MI5 case officers persuaded him to remain "in place" and he was able to supply valuable information about KGB undercover missions at the Soviet embassy and the trade delegation, where he had been an official. His role as a double agent came to an abrupt end when

he was arrested by police for drunken driving in Tottenham Court Road in August 1971. A KGB officer turned up in court to pay Mr Lyalin's bail but already the charges had been dropped and he was in the hands of MI5.

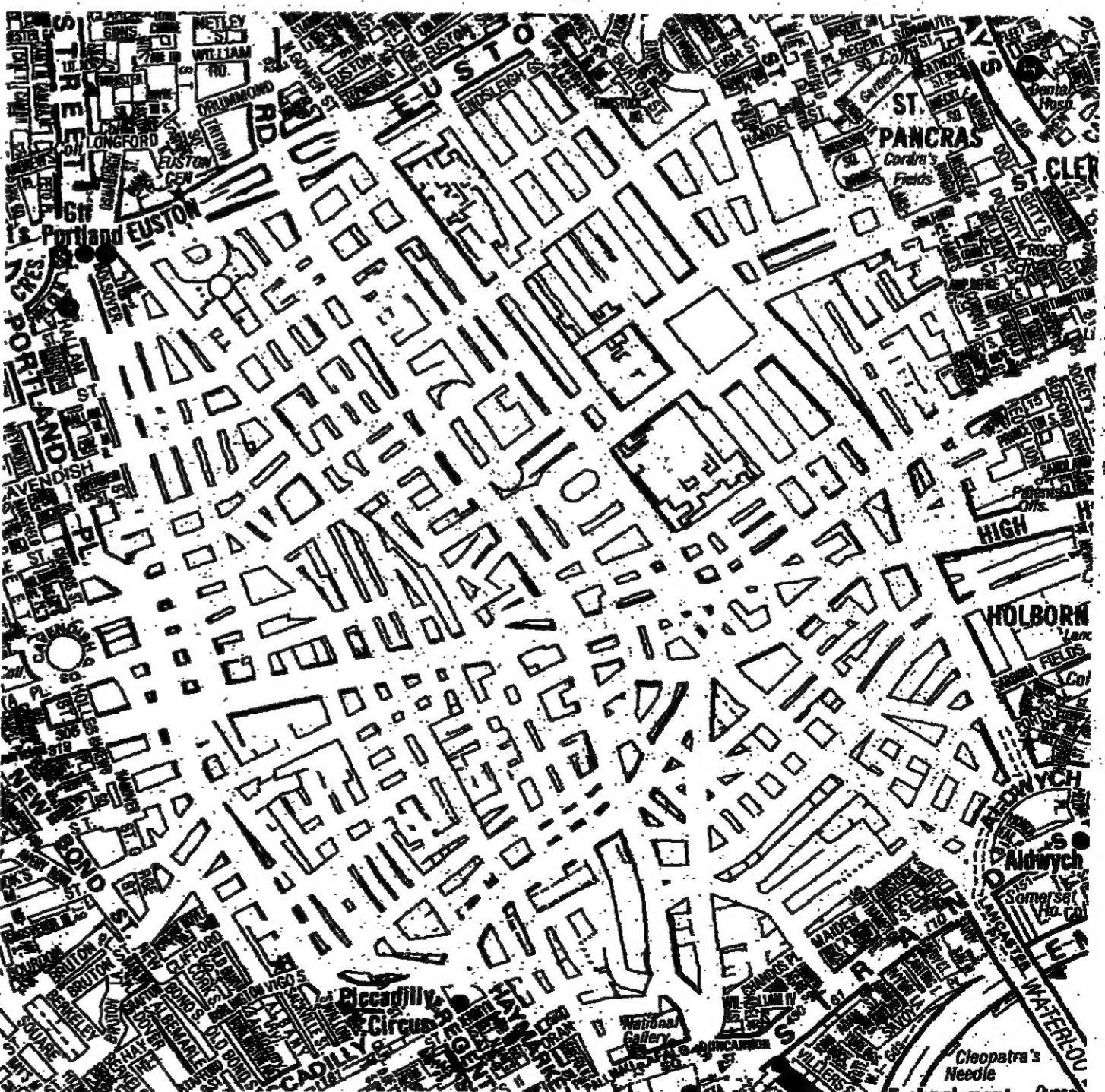
An expert marksman and parachutist, Mr Lyalin was a member of the infamous Department V, set up under Andropov's direct authority to prepare contingency plans for assassination and sabotage in the event of war. Mr Lyalin revealed that Department V's wartime plans in Britain included assassinating political leaders, flooding the London Underground and blowing up military installations. Mr Kalugin said that the sabotage would have been co-ordinated by Mr Lyalin and carried out by Soviet agents.

A number of other former KGB officers who defected to Britain are still being protected by MI5.

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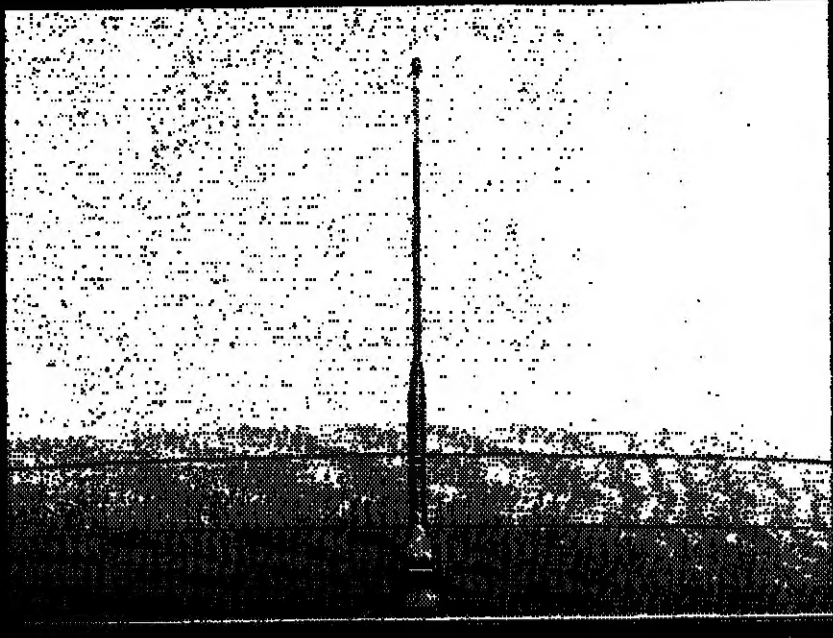
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## Barrister clashes with judge over time off for funeral

By FRANCES GIBB  
LEGAL CORRESPONDENT

A SENIOR judge and a former Bar Council chairman were involved in a personal clash in the Court of Appeal yesterday after the judge refused to adjourn a case so that the QC could arrange his father's funeral.

Anthony Scrivener QC angrily refused to agree to the suggestion by Lord Justice Russell that he should leave the court and allow junior counsel to continue the appeal of a man convicted of a double murder. Mr Scrivener said that instead he would not attend his father's funeral.

The QC eventually won a two-day adjournment of the appeal, but only after a heated ten-minute exchange. The appeal is by Benjamin Laing, 27, who is challenging his conviction for the murders of Alison Marwarig, a bank clerk, and her father Matthew at Barking, Essex, in 1992.

At the outset, Lord Justice Russell told Mr Scrivener that the court was sorry to hear of his loss, but added that the Laing case had overrun its two-day estimate and other cases had already been taken off the court list.

Mr Scrivener said the time estimate was three days and had not been overrun. The judge was clearly taken aback when the QC said: "You are asking in a murder case for me to pass the brief to a junior



Scrivener eventually won an adjournment

who is not equipped to do it and not had access to the papers. It is grossly unjust. I will not permit it."

Lord Justice Russell, sitting with Mr Justice Turner and Mr Justice Hooper, said he was sad that the QC had used those sentiments but Mr Scrivener replied: "I hope they go home, my lord." He added: "I will not go to my father's funeral. I cannot leave a defendant in a murder case in this situation."

The judge again said the court was "desperately sad" over the QC's bereavement and added: "Please don't hold pistols to my head."

Mr Scrivener, 59 and an only child, had told the court that he had received a telephone call at 8pm on Wednesday telling him that his 84-year-old father, Frank, had died at his home in Canterbury. He had rung Lord Justice Russell's clerk at home asking for an adjournment.

He said to the 66-year-old judge: "I understand your lordship was not willing to grant an adjournment at that stage and I now make a formal application." He had no family in Canterbury to help and "I don't want to leave the matter to the next-door neighbours".

Mr Scrivener said the case had not overrun its time limit, but time had been lost on Monday morning because there was no advance warning that "your lordship did not

understand the case". The judge replied that it was not that the court did not understand the case, "we did not have the necessary assistance from the papers".

He added: "Our job, Mr Scrivener, in difficult circumstances, is to endeavour to do justice to all. I am sad to hear you are saying it was somehow the court's responsibility that time was lost on Monday."

After a brief retirement, the judges returned and Lord Justice Russell said: "In the light of what you have told us we don't think we should continue with the case today or tomorrow. We don't think it would be fair to you or your client." He ordered the hearing to continue on Monday, telling Mr Scrivener: "I am sorry the atmosphere became as it was. I expect we forgive each other."

Mr Scrivener replied: "I am sorry, my lord. I was very upset."

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The Princess at a camel research centre in Dubai yesterday during her private visit to the United Arab Emirates. She asked to take part in the 21-mile race

## Princess to ride in tough desert race

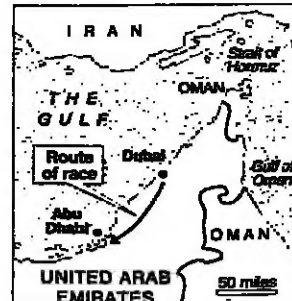
By KATHRYN KNIGHT

THE Princess Royal will compete today in a gruelling horse race lasting up to two hours across the sands of Dubai. She will be one of the few women ever to take part in the event, racing against dozens of Arab riders over a 21-mile course.

The Princess has been invited to participate in the Desert Challenge Endurance Race after making a request on a private visit to the United Arab Emirates. Another competitor is Shaikh Mohamed al-Maktoum, the millionaire racehorse owner and breeder.

The Princess, who arrived in Dubai on Wednesday evening, is expected to do well in the race across rugged terrain in temperatures of up to 27C (80F). Neil Abrahams, racing secretary of the United Arab Emirates Equestrian and Racing Federation, said that the race, which takes place about three times a year, was scheduled to coincide with the royal visit after the Princess expressed an interest in attempting the course.

She will ride a five-year-old chestnut gelding called Ke-



or, believed to belong to one of the daughters of Shaikh Mohamed, who will ride his own nine-year-old gelding. He is one of the world's leading racehorse owner-breeder and has hundreds of horses in training throughout Europe. The shaikh owns a stud farm at Newmarket and has bred several classic winners.

The race has been run informally for several years but has been officially organised only for the past two. Mr Abrahams said: "It is a gruelling course. You have to be fit and you certainly have to be a good rider. However, the Princess is a very accomplished horsewoman and I think she may well win." The Princess returns to Britain tomorrow.



Russell claimed that the case had overrun

### Loyalists admit 'trick or treat' murders

FOUR loyalists admitted yesterday that they carried out the Halloween murders of eight customers at the Rising Sun bar in Greysteel, Co Londonderry.

Belfast Crown Court was told that Stephen Irwin, 24, and Jeffrey Deeney, 23, both of Londonderry, sprayed the inside of the bar with gunfire. Torrens Knight, 24, kept guard outside and Brian McNeill, 26, of Londonderry, drove the getaway car.

The men had initially denied the charges, but changed their pleas yesterday. They will be sentenced today.

The court was told that Irwin shouted "Trick or treat" before opening fire with an AK47 assault rifle. He fired 45 shots. Deeney, who gave Irwin cover, fired only once before his gun jammed. The attack in 1993 was supposedly in retaliation for an IRA bomb that killed nine Protestants in Belfast.

Knight, of Macosquin, Co Londonderry, also admitted his part in the murder of four Catholic workmen who were shot by the Ulster Freedom Fighters in Castlerock, Co Londonderry, in 1993.

A police spy who informed on his IRA gang to the RUC Special Branch was jailed for six years yesterday for two crimes he had kept secret from his handlers.

Declan "Beano" Casey, 40, originally from the Co Tyrone border town of from Strabane, Co Tyrone, pleaded guilty at Belfast Crown Court to a total of six charges involving the possession of guns and explosives on two separate dates in October 1990 and September 1992.

### Lottery cash executive quits after two weeks

THE man charged with handing out £150 million of National Lottery funds to the sports world has resigned after two weeks in the £60,000 post (Andrew Pierce writes).

Last October Michael Barron resigned "in the interest of the service" from his post as chief executive at Gordon District Council with a £64,000 golden handshake and a £20,000 annual pension. He had taken 19 weeks' sick leave in the previous year. He also negotiated a £20,000 annual pension.

Mr Barron, 53, claimed last night that he had been forced out as director of the National Lottery Unit at the Sports Council. In a statement he said: "I felt I was best to think of my own present good health and family obligations." There had been "sustained pressure and criticism as to my taking up a full-time post having accepted a retiral package from Gordon District Council".

Last night the Sports Council, which had been in contact with the personnel department of the local authority about Mr Barron's absence record, refused to discuss the reasons for his departure. "I can confirm he has resigned. He has already relinquished his post and gone," a spokesman said.

The logo for the National Lottery scratch card game Instants was unveiled yesterday. The Instants logo will appear at even more outlets than the crossed fingers symbol for the on-line game, Camelot said. The game, with prizes of up to £10,000, is expected to be launched next month.

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'Absurd' green campaign blamed for deaths of dogs that posed no threat to wildlife

# Illness kills British huskies forced to leave Antarctic

BY NICK NUTTALL, ENVIRONMENT CORRESPONDENT

A FATAL illness has struck the last surviving British huskies after they were taken from Antarctica to the town of Inukjuak on the edge of Hudson Bay in northern Quebec.

Almost half the dogs have died, having been forced by an environmental treaty to leave their homes. The deaths have been linked with an infection to which the huskies, born and bred on the southern continent's remote frozen wastes, had no resistance.

John Hall, of the British Antarctic Survey in Cambridge, said yesterday that obtaining details on the deaths had proved difficult because few of the Inuit among whom the dogs had been living spoke English. "But we think it might be a viral infection," he said. "We gave them multi-shot jabs and rabies jabs, but our dogs have never been in contact with anything at all because they have been isolated in Antarctica."

Mr Hall, who had found Inuit homes for the dogs, said that the deaths had caused distress among scientists and researchers at the survey's Rothera base in Antarctica and at the Cambridge headquarters. The huskies are descended from dogs brought to Antarctica by the British in 1945 to support Operation

Tabarin, a mission to monitor German ships.

The survey had fought a long battle to keep the dogs in Antarctica where they have pulled sleds and provided vital companionship for scientists and explorers.

The survey had believed that the dogs, which were from original Canadian stock, offered no threat to seals and other wildlife and should be exempt from the treaty, which bans alien species. However, the Foreign Office, under pres-



Sir Vivian: wrong to have moved dogs

sure from Australia and the environmental campaign group Greenpeace, said they had to go.

Sir Vivian Fuchs, the veteran Antarctic explorer, who has fond memories of huskies, believes the dogs that have died are victims of misplaced environmentalist zeal. "This would not have happened if they had been left in Antarctica. They die of old age there, not infections. It is a great pity," Sir Vivian said. "I sincerely hope that when some sense comes to the international community, huskies will be allowed back in the future. The problem is some people get the bit between their teeth and make a good cause absurd."

The 1945 expedition led to the establishment of the British Antarctic Survey, which has since bred huskies brought from Canada and Greenland.

During the past half-century there were as many as a hundred British-owned huskies but in recent years numbers have dwindled to 14.

Australia and Argentina, who also had husky packs in Antarctica, pulled out their dogs first to meet the treaty's rules. The British huskies sent to Canada were the last ones left in Antarctica.

The last 14 dogs were airlifted from Antarctica to the



Rachel and Elwood, two of the British Antarctic Survey's dogs descended from huskies introduced in 1945

United States via the Falkland Islands and Heathrow a year ago and were split into two groups. Mr Hall said that seven had made the final journey to the Inuit village pulling sleds.

Of these one, Wendy, has since died. "She was pregnant. This was particularly unfortunate," Mr Hall said.

The other group of six, older

dogs, were flown to the village. Three males, Roy, Max and Rex, have since died, as have Pris, a female, and Jimmy. Another female, Rachel, has been moved south to a small holding.

The deaths are also believed to have distressed the villagers who greeted their arrival with cheers and sobs of joy. Huskies disappeared from the

area some years ago after an outbreak of distemper and the arrival of snowmobiles.

The Inuit are keen to restore their traditional way of life and the British, purebred, huskies were considered to be an important part of this plan.

The last 14 huskies left Rothera Base on February 22, 1994. One dog was put down

in the Falklands with severe arthritis.

The remaining 13 arrived at Heathrow on March 15 and were taken to Boston by plane the next day.

Seven huskies then went by road and sled to Montreal arriving in Inukjuak on April 28. The six other dogs were flown into the village a few days later.

## NEWS IN BRIEF

### Victoria to rule the waves at last

P&O is to rename its liner *Sea Princess* the *Victoria*. In 1935 a great liner almost bore the name when Cunard asked George V if it could name the ship "after England's most illustrious Queen". The king misunderstood and, not thinking of his grandmother, replied that his wife Mary would be delighted.

The 27,000-tonne *Victoria* will carry 700 passengers round the Mediterranean, Aegean, Black Sea, Red Sea and Caribbean.

### 'Sex' couple win

Michael Tucker, 40, and Barbara Wilson, 24, sacked by TSB bank in Newport after a cleaner claimed she saw them having sex on a desk, have each been awarded £10,882 after winning their claim for unfair dismissal.

### Smuggler jailed

John Delaney, 45, of Wadhurst, East Sussex, was jailed for 14 years at the Old Bailey for smuggling £1 million of cocaine into Britain hidden in coconuts. His son, Chadwick, 25, was jailed for 11 years.

### Back-seat driver

Darren Phillips, 27, was cleared of drink-driving, despite failing a breath test, after Gloucester magistrates heard that his girlfriend, Louise Howe, had been controlling the moped they were riding from the pillion seat.

### High tee

A Scottish golf course has lost by 13 feet its claim to be the highest in Britain. The Lead Hills course in Lanarkshire has been ousted by the West Mon Golf Club at Nantyglo in Gwent, where the 14th tee is 1,513ft above sea level.

### Call of the past

Visitors to York are to be taken on walks around lavatories ancient and modern by Caught Short Tours. Dr Andrew Jones, an archaeologist, said that the tours would help visitors interested in the past to learn about everyday life.

Politics, page 11  
Letters, page 19

## GPs' contracts prevent patients from buying cheaper drugs

By NIGEL HAWKES  
SCIENCE EDITOR

HUNDREDS of prescription-only medicines cost less than the new NHS prescription charge of £5.25, which comes into force on April 1. Patients could save money by buying them over the counter or on private prescriptions, but legal uncertainties and a disagreement between the BMA and the Health Department over the wording of GPs' contracts is preventing many from benefiting.

The Consumers' Association has

produced a list of more than 700 over-the-counter medicines and 350 prescription-only drugs that cost less than the current prescription charge of £4.75. They include painkillers, antibiotics, skin creams, asthma inhalers and antidepressants. There will be even more when the charge goes up.

Dr Patrick Hoyte, medico-legal adviser to the Medical Defence Union, said: "There are now a tremendous number of drugs which cost less than the prescription charge. When I was in Norfolk last summer I wrote myself a private

prescription for penicillin and it cost only 50p at the chemist." He sees no legal reason why more doctors should not write private prescriptions for their patients in cases where it would cost them less.

A private prescription is simply a note from a doctor to any pharmacist authorising the sale of prescription-only drugs to the patient. Patients are allowed a private or an NHS prescription, but not both, so need to work out in advance which will be cheaper.

Dr Hoyte added: "Our advice is that it is perfectly acceptable for

doctors to do this in cases where the patient would otherwise have to pay prescription charges." In practice about 80 per cent of prescriptions are free because the patient is in an exempt category.

Dr Hoyte also believes it is proper for doctors not to issue prescriptions at all in the case of over-the-counter medicines costing less than the charge, instead advising patients to go to the chemist and buy the drug directly. But the BMA disagrees, arguing that the GPs' contract does not allow this discretion.

The contract says that doctors

"shall order any drug or appliance for the patient... by issuing to that patient a prescription form". The BMA argues that this obliges doctors to issue a prescription and that a doctor failing to do so might be open to legal challenge. The association has asked for "shall" to be replaced by "may", but the Health Department has so far declined.

Dr Richard Tiner, a Taunton GP and a member of the BMA's prescribing sub-committee, said the change would clarify the position. "We want to be able to provide our patients with medicines at the

lowest possible cost. It's a simple change but until it's made we fear that strictly speaking we could be in breach of our terms of service."

The Consumers' Association says private prescriptions will only produce a saving if doctors do not charge for issuing them and pharmacists' dispensing fees are low. Savings may be small unless the patient is taking medicines regularly, in which case an NHS "season ticket" may be a better bet.



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# Howard proposes independent body on injustice cases

By RICHARD FORD, HOME CORRESPONDENT

THE Government is proposing to set up an independent organisation to investigate alleged miscarriages of justice and to refer cases to the Court of Appeal, Michael Howard announced yesterday.

The measure would end the Home Office's involvement in dealing with alleged wrongful convictions, a move demanded by many of the Home Secretary's predecessors. The creation of the Criminal Cases Review Commission is expected to produce a flood of applications from alleged victims of miscarriages.

Home Office officials predict that the number of applications will more than double to 1,400 in the organisation's first year, eventually declining to about 700.

Ministers hope the commission, expected to be operational next year, will restore confidence in a criminal justice system damaged by a series of wrongful convictions, including those of the Guildford Four, the Birmingham Six and Judith Ward.

The Lord Chief Justice, Lord Taylor of Gosforth, welcomed the move. "The proposed Criminal Cases Review Commission, as a body entirely independent both of Government and of the courts, will be best placed to examine cases in

which defendants, the public or indeed the judiciary have real grounds to suspect a miscarriage of justice may have occurred," he said.

However, there was criticism from other quarters over the Government's failure to provide the commission with its own investigation team; it will continue to rely on the police to enquire into wrongful convictions. Mr Howard said it would not have been practical for the new body to have its own team. The Royal Commission on Criminal Justice, which recommended the creation of an independent commission, had said there was no practical alternative to the police. He had considered a separate team but, he said, "It makes more sense to have police carry out investigations. It may not be the same police force who investigated the original matter. The police have an excellent track record in this area."

Chris Mullin, Labour MP for Sunderland South, who campaigned for the release of the Birmingham Six, welcomed the new organisation but gave warning that the Government's failure to provide it with an independent investigation arm would prove a "fatal flaw". The

commission, which will take over work done by the C3 department at the Home Office, will have an annual budget of £4.3 million and a staff of 60. There will be at least 11 members of the commission, appointed for five years by Queen on the recommendation of the Prime Minister. A third of members must have a legal qualification, with the rest divided between people with knowledge of the criminal justice system and lay people.

It will have power to investigate alleged miscarriages of justice in "magistrates' and Crown Courts, to direct and to supervise police enquiries on its behalf and to approve the appointment of investigating officers. The commission will investigate cases referred to it by lawyers and others and will have the power to refer to the Court of Appeal in England, Wales and Northern Ireland any conviction, verdict, finding or sentence by the courts.

The number of applications to the Home Office alleging a miscarriage of justice rose from 536 in 1988 to 763 in 1992, declining to 480 last year. Twelve cases were referred to the appeal court in 1994.

Leading article, page 19



David Wilson, left, was shot on the orders of Michael Austin. The hooded assassins have not been found

## Fraudster jailed for murder by fax

By KATE ALDERSON

AN AMERICAN millionaire fraudster who ordered the execution of a British businessman by fax from New York was convicted of murder yesterday.

David Wilson was shot dead by two hooded assassins at his home near Chorley, Lancashire, in March 1992 after becoming involved in a multimillion-dollar cigarette deal with Michael Austin. The execution was ordered by Mr Wilson from his base in New Jersey after Mr Wilson began to threaten the success of his international criminal activities.

Austin, 39, was sentenced to life imprisonment after a seven-week trial at Carlisle Crown Court. Mr Wilson's wife, Barbara, and two daughters, Lisa-Marie,

26, and Michelle, 28, burst into tears as the verdict was announced.

The assassins have not been found, but after the case yesterday detectives disclosed a clue that may help to trace at least one. Faxes sent by Austin, whom Mr Wilson believed was a Mexican colonel called Hector Portillo, to an associate referred to a man called Alan Rayner. Detective Superintendent Bob Denmark, who led the murder inquiry across four continents, said: "We need to know who Alan Rayner is and how he figures in the inquiry. We would appeal to the public for help in finding him."

The court was told that Austin had amassed about £60 million from his criminal career. He had at least 50 aliases and conducted all his business by fax.

telephone and answering service to evade arrest. Police confirmed his part in the murder by using a special computer program to search every telephone bill in the United States for a handful of telephone numbers called by Austin.

The judge, Mr Justice Kay, said that Mr Wilson had no idea what he was getting involved with when he began working as a middleman for Austin. Neither did he know that people he dealt with would lose large sums of money.

The judge told Austin: "When he [Mr Wilson] found out, he did not leave victims of the fraud to their own fate, but instead set about repairing the damage as best he could. You tried to frighten him off with threats but he persisted so you made arrangements to have him killed."

## Rosemary West trial to start in autumn

By RICHARD DUCE

ROSEMARY WEST will stand trial at Winchester Crown Court accused of murdering ten people including her daughter Heather, 16, a judge ruled yesterday. Her trial date was provisionally set for October 3 by Mr Justice Mantell who indicated yesterday that he would be the presiding judge.

Mr Justice Mantell, the senior presiding judge on the Western Circuit, announced his decision during a brief hearing at Bristol Crown Court. Mrs West, 41, was not present. Her trial is expected to last two months.

Nine of the alleged murder victims were found buried at 25, Crownwell Street, the home of Mrs West and her husband Frederick. The tenth, her stepdaughter Charmaine, 8, was found buried at their previous home. Mrs West, a mother of eight, also faces charges of rape and indecent assault on two women.

The younger brother of Frederick West was committed for trial yesterday on two rape charges. John West, 32, of Gloucester, was committed to Gloucester Crown Court at a formal four-minute hearing by the city's magistrates.

Mr West, who is charged with raping two girls between January 1, 1975 and January 1, 1980, allowed conditional bail pending his trial.

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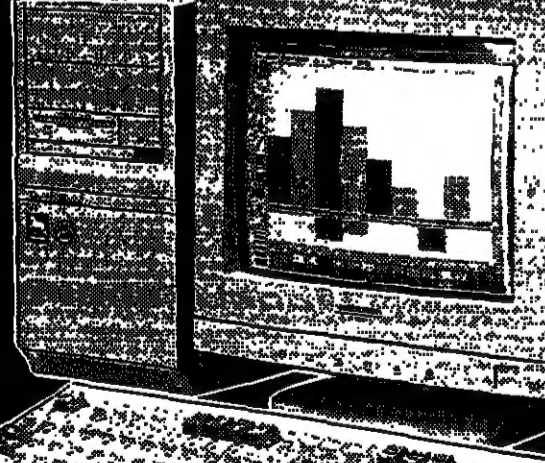
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**MEDICAL BRIEFING**

## Perils of ignoring nanny's advice

Dr Thomas Stuttford

THE gallantry of Colonel Richard Bassett, who died recently, was recognised when he was awarded an MC and Bar for service as a company commander in the Rifle Brigade.

Colonel Bassett was not only prepared to die for his regiment and country, but also for the right to eat what he liked. Desmond Young, in his book *Willing to Travel*, recounts that when Colonel Bassett was a prisoner in July he would rather have faced starvation than eat vegetables — a legacy from the strictures of a nanny who made him eat his greens.

Arrangements were made for him to have daily consultations with the camp psychiatrist, a fellow prisoner. This had an unexpected outcome: the patient was no happier eating vegetables but, after counselling, the psychiatrist would not touch them either. By the end of the war both had been transferred to Germany and had suffered such severe malnutrition that they were lucky to survive.

Doctors should not be anxious and give orders, but we can make recommendations. Some of the soundest advice we give is that it is as well to breakfast like a king and dine like a pauper. This refers to the time and trouble devoted to breakfast rather than merely its quantity, for a regal breakfast should not be too rich in fats. Professor

Tom Sanders, of the Department of Nutrition at King's College, London, said: "To provide the traditional British breakfast has aptly been described as serving a heart attack on a plate."

A breakfast of bacon, eggs, sausages and fried bread, with lashings of butter on the toast, increases the clotting factors in the blood to a maximum seven hours after breakfast — or as Dr Sanders said: "Just in time to catch the wary office worker as he battles through the traffic on the way home."

It is not certain if this heavy breakfast should be described as English rather than British, for the Scots have long favoured porridge for breakfast. Porridge is an ideal breakfast food. It is a polysaccharide and hence the carbohydrate within it is slowly absorbed, an effect which is further increased by the presence of a gum found in oats. The slow absorption provides energy throughout the morning and discourages the consumption of snacks with the morning coffee and the over-generous gin and tonic taken to assuage the hunger before lunch.

If Scots will allow it, milk taken with the porridge provides the extra calcium needed; porridge oats served either with salt, or nothing, tends to inhibit the absorption of calcium.

## Wide choice to start the day healthily

By HELEN LEWIS

THE importance of a healthy start to the day is reflected in the wide variety of breakfast cereals in the shops.

Holland and Barrett sells own-brand porridge oats at 65p for 500g and Jordans's oats at £1.45 for 750g. Waitrose own-brand porridge oats cost 43p for 500g, or 72p for 1kg, and Sainsbury's Scotch porridge oats are the same price.

Muesli includes Marks and Spencer's unsweetened brand at £1.09 for 500g and Sunwheel Special De-Luxe Muesli at £2.65 for 750g at Harrods. Asda sells its own brand at £1.27 for 750g.

Fruit bargains to accompany breakfast include loose red plums from Safeway at 59p a lb, a saving of 30p. Conference pears are half price at Somerfield at 28p a lb.

Advertised best buys include: Asda: four chicken Kiev, £2.99; straight-cut chips, £1.49 for 4lb. Budgens: easy bakery French stick, 39p; strawberry ice

cream, £1.39 for 2 litres. Co-op: Dolmio cheese and spinach cannelloni, £1.29 for 350g; thick-sliced premium white bread 49p for 800g. Harrods: scampi in ginger, £2.75 for 100g; smoked salmon castles, £3.25 for 100g. Iceland: minced steak, £1.95 for 3lb; Sara Lee lemon or double chocolate meringue pie, 99p. Marks and Spencer: tradi-

**WEEKEND SHOPPING**

tional pork chops, £2.19 a lb; deep-pan cheese and tomato pizza, £2.25. Safeway: Australian extra mature cheddar, £1.79 a lb; loose lemons, 9p each. Somerfield: King Edward potatoes, £1.49 for 2.5kg; apple juice, 49p for one litre. Tesco: sirloin steak, £3.98 a lb; iceberg lettuce, 49p. Waitrose: nectarines, 29p each; half-fat red Leicester, £1.49 a lb.

Marriage hit 150-year

THE SCOT audio book



BBC antiques programme claims new record after book of watercolours is uncovered in Brussels



One of the watercolours in the book inherited by Jean Flebus when he was 15

## Road Show fan's 'worthless' paintings valued at £300,000

BY MARIANNE CURPHEY

A BANKER whose collection of 19th-century watercolours a London auction house regarded as worthless ten years ago has been told they could now fetch up to £300,000.

The BBC's *Antiques Road Show* stumbled across the book of 25 paintings by the Filipino artist José Honorato Lozano during filming in Brussels this week. The leather-bound volume is the most valuable discovery the programme has made in its 17-year history, eclipsing the 1986 find of a £100,000 Victorian masterpiece by Richard Dadd.

The paintings, which belong to Jean Flebus, a 48-year-old bank trader and *Road Show* devotee, date from around 1875 and depict Manila and the surrounding countryside. Scenes include a prisoner being taken to jail, a peasant woman smoking, students in the dress of the day and several landscapes.

They were commissioned by Mr Flebus's great-grandfather, a traveller and former ship's architect who made a quick fortune from

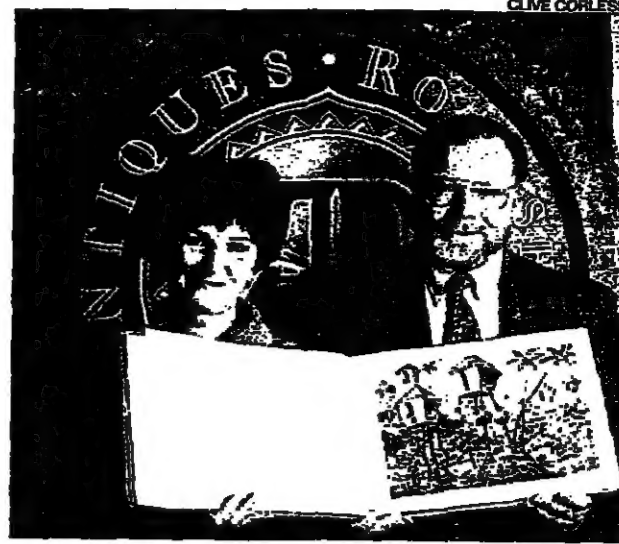
trading in tobacco after a crop glut in the 1870s and lost it almost as quickly after ill-judged investments in Mexico and Russia. The tobacco brand he set up, Nybros, is still available in Belgium.

The *Road Show* programme, to be broadcast on Easter Sunday, shows Mr Flebus going pale on being told of the book's value. He gasps and mutters: "I'm flabbergasted. I didn't know it would be so much."

The find sent a surge of excitement through the art market. Peter Nahum, a gallery owner and art expert who valued the paintings, described them as "a very significant find".

Speaking from Brussels yesterday, Mr Flebus said he had queued for three hours to have his book valued. "When Peter Nahum caught sight of the paintings he almost ripped the book out of my hand, he was so excited," he said.

"I had no idea they were worth so much money. I inherited them when I was 15 but was not allowed to touch



Jean and Hilda Flebus with the book of paintings. "I had no idea they were worth so much," he said

them until I married at 24. I used to keep them at home to show friends and ten years ago I took them to Sotheby's to be valued but they were not interested in buying them."

Mr Flebus, who is married with two children, lives in Bonheiden, 20 miles from

Brussels, and watches *Antiques Road Show* every week on cable television. He has put the paintings in a bank for safe keeping but says he would consider selling them. "They are of great sentimental value, but at my age I need to be thinking of my pension."

Mr Nahum said the market for Filipino art had taken off in the wake of the economic boom in Pacific Asia. "Lots of people in the art world would love to get their hands on these works," he said.

"Filipino artists of the same period have been fetching around £20,000 to £30,000 per painting at auction. Ten years ago they would have been of no financial interest to auction houses because few people in the Philippines had the resources to buy art."

A spokeswoman for Sotheby's in London said the art market had changed in the past ten years. "The judgment we made on the paintings would be whether there was a market for them, not on their artistic qualities. We might have felt ten years ago that the time was just not right for a sale."

"We would love to see them again because there are an increasing number of collectors in the Philippines following the expansion of the economy, although this particular artist is not one who has come up at auction at Sotheby's before."

## Marriage rates hit 150-year low

BY JEREMY LAURANCE, SOCIAL SERVICES CORRESPONDENT

MARRIAGE rates have fallen to their lowest level since records began 150 years ago, while divorce rates have risen to a new peak, a report shows.

According to figures from the Joseph Rowntree Foundation, the number of people marrying each year has declined steadily for the past 20 years, from 17 per 1,000 population to 11. The previous lowest rate — during the two world wars — was 14 per 1,000.

Forecasts of the death of the traditional family are exaggerated, though. Despite the six-fold increase in divorce since 1961, seven out of ten families are still headed by both birth-parents. The report, based on evidence presented at a series of seminars organised by the foundation, says that the rise of cohabitation has postponed rather than replaced marriage.

Sixty per cent of couples live together before their wedding day, compared with 6 per cent in the 1960s. Most cohabiting couples marry or break up before having children.

However, with one in four marriages soon expected to end in divorce, and the rise in young single mothers, questions have been raised about

the well-being of future generations of children. The report says that despite political rhetoric emphasising the importance of family life, there has actually been a policy drift away from recognising the costs of parenthood.

During the past 30 years the tax burden on a couple with two children under 11 has risen from 9 per cent to 22 per cent, more than twice the rise faced by single people. Most of the increase occurred before 1979, but in the 16 years of Conservative Governments the tax burden on families has gone up 1 per cent while most individuals have had substantial tax cuts.

Over the same period the number of children living in families with less than half average income has risen from 1.4 million (10 per cent) to 4.1 million (32 per cent).

Launching the report, Sir Patrick Nairne, former permanent secretary at the Department of Health and Social Security, said: "The Government has said a lot about family values and the importance of supporting the family. The question now is how to translate rhetoric into action. Will they put their policy where their mouth is?"

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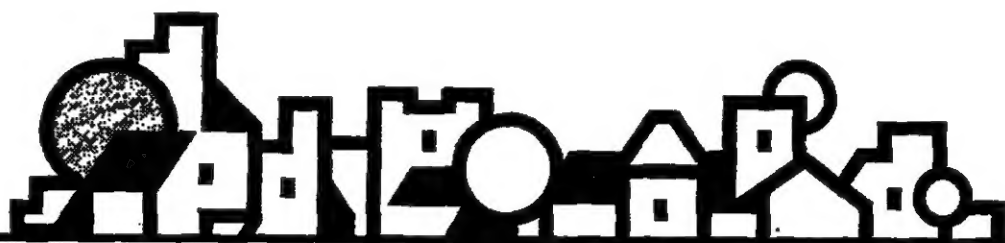
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## National politics 'controls councils'

By IAN MURRAY

PARTY political groups have replaced public council meetings as the place where decisions are taken, according to a report today by the Commission for Local Democracy.

The survey disclosed that 84 per cent of councils are now controlled by the major parties compared with 40 per cent 40 years ago.

According to the commission, Labour's national party's apparent fear of power-sharing has obliged local parties to follow guidelines before joining coalitions to run hung authorities.

Conservatives were found to work on a more informal basis with the party there to advise and the constituency association providing the main political focus. Liberal Democrats were the most enthusiastic about working inside hung councils.

Major's greater experience is not enough to revive flagging Conservative fortunes

## Blair's popularity endures as Labour strengthens poll lead

By PETER RIDDELL

THE public has formed a favourable view of Tony Blair's qualities as a leader who has a lot of personality and understands the problems facing Britain. But more people now regard him as inexperienced than when he was elected Labour leader last summer.

The latest MORI poll for *The Times*, undertaken last weekend before the launch of the Northern Ireland framework document, confirms the strong position of Mr Blair and Labour. In contrast, there is still no sign of any public reassessment of John Major or the Tories. Their ratings remain near their record lows of the past two years.

Labour has consolidated its big overall lead over the Tories after the slight narrowing last month. Labour has increased its rating over the past month from 56 to 58 per cent, while the Tories have slipped back from 27 to 24 per cent. The Liberal Democrats have

stayed unchanged on 14 per cent.

These shifts follow the public splits within the Cabinet over Europe, as well as the warnings about cutbacks in schools, the patchiness of the housing market and the further rise in interest rates.

This month, MORI has asked its twice-yearly questions about the image of the main party leaders. They were previously put last September just after Mr Blair became Labour leader. Since then the public has come to a firmer view about Mr Blair. MORI has constructed a leadership index which measures the difference in the average of the favourable and unfavourable attributes.

On most of the positive attributes such as being a capable leader, more honest than most politicians, and understanding the problems facing Britain today, Mr Blair is rated more highly than Mr Major. He also scores low adverse ratings on most counts such as being

narrow minded or too inflexible.

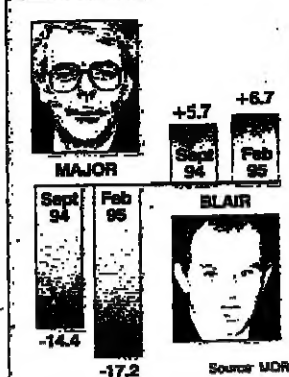
The main exception is that the number regarding him as rather inexperienced has risen from 29 to 36 per cent since last September. This is double the level for Mr Major. Tory strategists will see this finding as offering a chance to attack Mr Blair on the "boy for a man's job" line.

By contrast, Mr Major's ratings remain low and have slipped further since September. Tory supporters also rate him less favourably, particularly on being good in a crisis and understanding the problems of Britain and the world.

Despite the pressures on the Liberal Democrats in recent months, Paddy Ashdown remains well regarded as someone who has sound judgment and who is more honest than most politicians.

These findings tie in with the latest approval ratings. Less than one in ten are satisfied with the way the Government is running the country, while more than

Q Here is a list of things both favourable and unfavourable that have been said about various politicians... pick out all those statements that you feel fit Mr Major/Blair (includes for example "capable", "too inflexible", "sound judgment", "understands the problems facing Britain", fourteen statements in all)



eight in ten are dissatisfied. By a two-to-one margin Tory supporters are dissatisfied. Mr Major's personal ratings remain flat — two in ten are satisfied with seven in ten dissatisfied. Two-fifths of even the reduced band of Tory

supporters are dissatisfied with the way Mr Major is doing his job.

MORI, like other polling organisations, also adjusts its regular polling figures to take account of the reluctance of some Tory supporters to reveal their voting intentions. After adjusting the don't knows for declared past votes, Labour support is shown at 55 rather than 58 per cent, while the Tory rating is up at 28 rather than 24 per cent. On this basis, Liberal Democrat support is one point lower at 13 per cent.

□ MORI interviewed a representative quota sample of 197 adults at 145 ward sampling points across Britain. Interviews were conducted face-to-face on February 17 to 20. Data were weighted to match the profile of the population. Voting intention figures exclude those who say they would not vote (8 per cent), are undecided (7 per cent) or refuse to name a party (3 per cent).

### NO "FEEL-GOOD" FACTOR IN FEBRUARY

Q Do you think that the general economic condition of the country will improve, stay the same or get worse over the next twelve months?

All expecting economy to improve	20-13 January	17-20 February	Change
Men	28%	18%	-9
16-34	22%	17%	-5
55+	25%	17%	-8
C1	27%	20%	-7
DE	15%	12%	-3
Middle	25%	16%	-9

Source: MORI, based on 197 adults 16+ in 145 ward sampling points across Britain at home, 17-20 Feb 95

## Middle classes succumbing to economic gloom

By PETER RIDDELL

THE middle classes have become much more pessimistic over the past month about the outlook for the economy this year, according to the MORI poll.

Consequently, the economic optimism index has declined sharply and now stands at its lowest level since autumn 1992 after sterling was forced out of the European exchange-rate mechanism and the recession continued. The index, which measures those expecting the economic condition of the country to improve rather than get worse over the next 12 months, stands at minus 27 points. This is nearly double last month's level.

All groups have become more pessimistic, but the biggest changes have been amongst men, those living in the Midlands, the London area, and particularly among the professional middle classes. The latter comprise roughly a sixth of the public. Whereas 36 per cent of the professional middle classes last month believed that the economy would improve, now just 21 per cent do. There has also been an above-average drop in Tory support in this group. By contrast, there has been a much smaller change among unskilled working class people.

This shift has occurred despite further evidence of strong economic growth and falls in unemployment. Over the month there was another increase in interest rates plus

further stories of redundancies and of weakness in the housing market. There was, however, a below-average decline in optimism among those buying their homes on a mortgage.

Unemployment still tops the list of issues regarded as among the most important facing Britain today, though the number of mentions has declined over the past year from over 60 per cent to 52 per cent. Next in the list are the health service and law and order, mentioned by 36 and 26 per cent respectively, though there has been a steady rise in the number of references to education, up to 26 per cent, the highest for three years. This follows reports of cuts in school budgets and the possible sacking of teachers as a result of a squeeze on central Government grants.

The poll was undertaken last weekend before the launch of the Northern Ireland framework document. But Northern Ireland is mentioned by just 2 per cent as among the most important issues facing Britain today.

The number of people mentioning Europe has risen for the fifth month running to 25 per cent, its highest level since late 1991 when the Maastricht agreement was negotiated. This rise probably reflects the high profile arguments within the Tory party over the future of Britain's relations with the European Union.

## Battered women to get more protection

By FRANCES GIBB  
LEGAL CORRESPONDENT

BATTERED women are to be protected from violent former partners under measures outlined by the Lord Chancellor, Lord Mackay of Clashfern, yesterday.

Under the Family Homes and Domestic Violence Bill, more people will be able seek a court order against being attacked or molested. At present only spouses or current partners can apply for such orders. But the Bill, which Lord Mackay moved for second reading yesterday, gives couples who have separated the same protection as couples still living together.

People linked even by a loosely defined domestic or family relationship may seek the protective orders. Those eligible will include former spouses or partners, people who live or have lived in the same household (excluding tenants, lodgers or boarders), certain close relatives or others who have had parental responsibility for a child.

Lord Mackay said: "I am concerned to ensure that the civil law gives as much support as possible to the victims of domestic violence, in partnership with the criminal law. I believe this Bill will make a considerable contribution to the interests of victims of domestic violence. We all appreciate the damage which can be inflicted by perpetrators on victims and their families."

He added that it was essential for remedies to be obtainable quickly in emergencies. The aim of the measures was to improve the level of protection, remove gaps and anomalies in the present law and produce a single clear and comprehensive code. The Bill, which implements most of the recommendations of the Law Commission, would also strengthen the powers of the courts, Lord Mackay said.

## Minister angry at summit confusion

By MICHAEL BIVON  
DIPLOMATIC EDITOR

ACCUSATIONS by Eurosceptic Tories that the Foreign Office has endorsed plans modelled on the social chapter of the Maastricht treaty to tackle world poverty have been dismissed as "palpably untrue" by Alastair Goodlad, the minister of state at the Foreign Office.

Referring to criticism of the Government's stance on the world summit for social development in Copenhagen next month, Mr Goodlad said the paper that the Government supported was in fact a background paper produced by the European Commission.

This had nothing to do with the controversial social chapter, but was intended as a contribution to member states' preparations for the summit. "The paper has not been discussed by member states at all, and no formal Council decision is required," Mr Goodlad said.

He said the summit was a development conference on alleviating poverty, creating jobs and strengthening social cohesion. It was up to each country to decide how to fulfil the summit's aims. Several Whitehall departments, including the Foreign Office, the Overseas Development Administration and the Employment Department, are co-ordinating the British preparations, although there is considerable scepticism in Whitehall over what the summit can achieve.

However, in view of the extreme sensitivity of all European issues in the Conservative Party, the Foreign Office has been angered at what it sees as deliberate confusion between the forthcoming summit, organised by the United Nations, and initiatives taken by Brussels to harmonise social conditions within the EU.

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# MPs declare all in sudden show of sleaze sensitivity

By Alice Thomson and Arthur Leathley

MPs have reacted to two years of flagrant sleaze allegations by making even their most trivial financial and leisure interests public.

Nothing has proved too modest to declare in the latest Register of Members' Interests for MPs chastened by the cash-for-questions affair and revelations of free holidays and other hospitality.

A wealth of complimentary golf and sports club memberships have been declared for the first time. Gifts ranging from pots of honey to free car parking are also listed.

Several senior Tories who have been embroiled in allegations of wrongdoing have been especially painstaking in declaring the most insignificant items. Since Neil Hamilton resigned as a minister after allegations that he had a free stay at the Paris Ritz, he appears to have been felled by a string of companies with links to the opera and various prestigious sporting events. Under "Gifts" he lists corporate hospitality and, for the uninitiated, explains: "This usually involves tickets to sporting and cultural events plus meals and drinks."

Tony Blair, the Labour leader, joins the confessional trend by coyly admitting: "My wife and I were guests of the British Photographic Industry Ltd at a charity production of *Oliver*." Many other entries reveal similar sensitivity as MPs strive to avoid being seen to profit from their positions.

Paddy Ashdown, the Liberal Democrat leader, and Clare Short, a Labour Northern Ireland spokesman, both accepted rugs from foreign Governments. Tony Banks, Labour MP for Newham North West, accepted twelve pairs of socks as an adviser to the London Beekkeepers' Association.

The occasional invitation to play golf, a paid day's shoot-

ing or a complimentary membership of the gym used to be considered one of the unwritten perks. Although Alec Douglas-Home would have been appalled at having to declare all his grouse weekends, several backbench Tory MPs have suddenly listed a series of such events with free ammunition. Andrew Hargreaves, Tory MP for Hall Green, admits that he very occasionally gets invitations to fishing tournaments.

Dame Angela Rumbold and her husband had the most exotic trip, courtesy of the Barbados Tourist Authority. Last year ten MPs had test drives in new cars, but this year only Antony Steen, Tory MP for South Hams, was invited behind the wheel. The car was an Alfa Romeo.

Several MPs admit that their sporting pursuits are partially funded by others. The Tory MP Alan Duncan and the former minister Tom King have disclosed they have been given free memberships to gyms. Sir Anthony Grant, the Tory MP for Cambridge South West, has, for the first time, listed a glut of golf clubs of which he is an honorary member, including the Gog Magog, Meridian and Heydon clubs. Clearly conscious of journalists' prying nature, he has also declared an overnight stay at a London hotel, "partly paid for by my daughter".

Andrew Mackinlay, Labour MP for Thurrock, received a small fee for participating in Anglia TV's *Quiz of the Year* show and many MPs list occasional media fees.

Emma Nicholson, Tory MP for Torridge & W. Devon, is the only member to list more than a page of interests but all of them are unpaid. Alan Beith, the Liberal Democrat MP for Berwick-upon-Tweed, has the second longest list with his consultancy work for com-

panies whose interests include colostomy bags, contraceptive implants and varicose veins.

The new list also reveals new occupations for the cluster of former ministers who have lost their jobs during the past two years. Tim Yeo, one of the first ministerial casualties at the start of the sleaze allegations, lists his positions as consultant and adviser to a company operating private nursing homes and an investment company.

David Mellor, who lost his cabinet post after disclosures about his private life, lists consultancies with 12 companies, ranging from British Aerospace to Ernst Young chartered accountants. However, in keeping with the carefully worded nature of many entries, he notes: "I do not lobby ministers on their behalf" and "I do not speak on behalf of those clients in the Commons or table questions related to their interests."



Hamilton: feted at the opera and various sporting events



Blair: he and his wife were guests at a charity stage musical



Rumbold: she went to Barbados as guests of the tourist board



Mackinlay: was paid for taking part in a TV quiz programme



Ashdown: accepted the gift of a rug from a foreign government



Short: also accepted a rug from a foreign government



Grant: listed series of golf clubs of which he is an honorary member



King: disclosed his free membership of a gymnasium

## Charge for drugs is fair, says Major

By James Landale

JOHN MAJOR yesterday defended the 50p rise in prescription charges announced on Wednesday, denying Opposition claims that it was a tax increase for the sick.

The Prime Minister told the Commons at Question Time that more than 80 per cent of prescriptions were dispensed without charge, adding: "I believe it is fair that people who can afford to pay do so." Money from the increase to £5.25 would not go to the Exchequer but directly to other areas of health care.

Alan Beith, the Liberal Democrat MP for Berwick-upon-Tweed, had asked what the Prime Minister would say to those people whose incomes were just high enough to disqualify them for free prescriptions and those whose chronic illnesses were not on the qualification list and who had to pay "26 times more for a prescription than they did in 1979".

"Is that a fair rate of inflation for such a vulnerable group of people?"

## Labour has 'won support of middle England'

By Nicholas Wood and Jill Sherman

HARD-working, middle-class southerners are flocking to Labour in protest at Tory extremism, Tony Blair claimed last night as he renewed his courtship of middle England.

At a rally in Bournemouth, the Labour leader insisted that his new-look party was the voice of the moderate, middle-income majority throughout the country. He aimed his message at the market towns and villages of the shires, saying that the traditional Tory heartlands were switching sides because they felt betrayed by the Government. While Labour was increasingly in tune with the hopes and fears of the middle classes, the Conservatives were becoming a party of extremes — a "wild party" in thrall to prejudice and dogma.

But his claims were immediately challenged by the Liberal Democrats, who pointed out that they had won all three of the Tory seats lost in by-elections since the general election. Diana Maddock, Liberal Democrat victor at Christchurch, added that in the Dorset Euro-seat last June, the Liberal Democrats had come within a whisker of beating the Tories while Labour finished a distant third.

The rally, attended by about 1,000 Labour activists, was the platform for Mr Blair's latest attempt to win grassroots support for his crusade to ditch Clause 4. He wants to replace its over-arching commitment to state control of industry with a modern statement of Labour values founded on a market economy and social justice.

The Labour leader linked his campaign, to be voted on at a special conference at the end of April, to his efforts to capture the centre ground. He said that rewriting Clause 4 would create a stronger, more vibrant party and win greater trust among the electorate.

Reminding his audience that in the South Labour

gained eight Euro-seats in June and now ran or led more than a dozen councils, Mr Blair said that the Tories had given up any claim they had to speak for the people of Britain. "The blue map is turning red. Majorities of 20,000 are no longer safe. Market towns, the suburbs, the new towns are all vulnerable."

Even John Major's own seat of Huntingdon could not be relied upon to return a Tory candidate, he said. "I don't know any place that can still claim to be a Tory heartland. The new Labour party is back speaking up for the majority. And it is because we speak for the majority instead of a privileged elite that Labour has become the party of the South."

The young Tories, "a dwindling band of ill-disciplined extremists", the lurch to the Right over Europe, privatisation of British Rail, "obscene" pay rises for utility bosses and creeping privatisation of the health service were all examples of the way the Conservatives were out of touch. The Cabinet was being dragged to the Right over Europe by hardline backbenchers, and the Prime Minister was dithering in its wake.

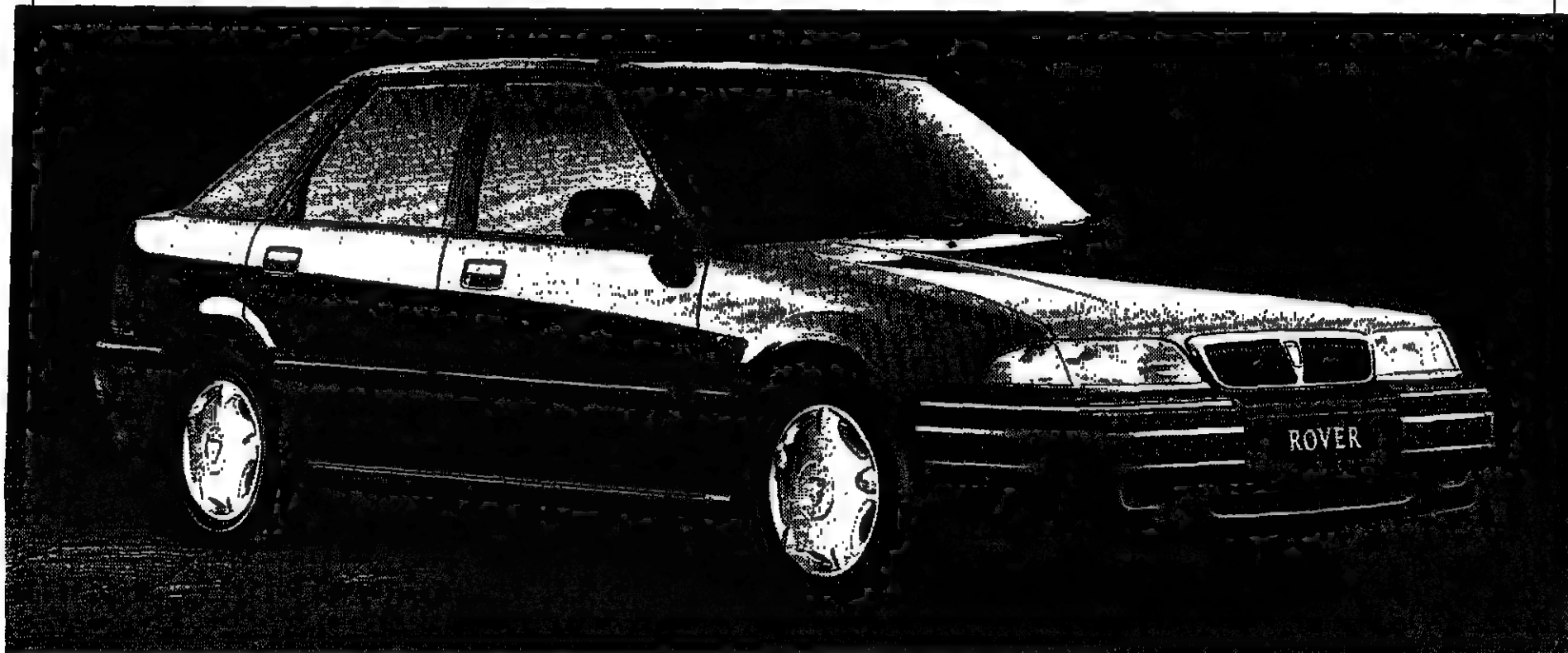
Mr Blair said that total withdrawal from Europe was very much on the Tory agenda as Norman Lamont, Sir Rhodes Boyson and the whipless Tory rebels increasingly questioned British membership of the EU. While the Prime Minister pandered to his anti-European renegades, the future prosperity of the country was being put at risk.

New Labour was providing the answers with its proposals for partnerships between the public and private sectors, moving people off welfare and into work, and punishing crime while tackling its causes. "New Labour is not a knee-jerk tax-and-spend party, but will argue about what we are spending on, as well as how much we spend."

### IN PARLIAMENT

**YESTERDAY:** In the Commons, questions to agriculture ministers and the Prime Minister were followed by a debate on the Army opened by Nicholas Soames, the Armed Forces Minister. In the Lords, debates were held on the Family Homes and Domestic Violence Bill and the Betting, Gaming and Lotteries Act.

**TODAY:** Teresa Gorman, Tory MP for Billericay, will open the second reading of the Referendum Bill. Nicholas Budgen, Tory MP for Wolverhampton will open the second reading of the Referendum (Single Currency) Bill. The House of Lords is not sitting.



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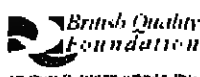
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# 'Blasphemy' boy freed to life of fear in Pakistan

FROM CHRISTOPHER THOMAS IN LAHORE

A 14-YEAR-OLD Pakistani Christian who faced execution for blasphemy was cleared and ordered to be immediately freed by Lahore High Court last night. But Salamat Masih faces almost certain death if he returns home and his only hope of survival seems to be a new life abroad.

Amid scenes of pandemonium the court upheld an appeal by Salamat and Rehmat Masih, 44, against their conviction on February 9 by a lower court on charges of blasphemy against the prophet Muhammad. The pair were to have been hanged on the flimsy evidence of an uneducated imam, or (prayer leader) from a Punjab village. The case has exposed the depth of religious persecution in Pakistan and made a mockery of the judicial system, which allowed a patently cooked-up charge to go ahead.

Justice Arif Bhatti ruled that pieces of paper containing blasphemous comments and thrown into a mosque were written not by a child but by an experienced, older hand. The man should be brought to book, he said.

There was immediate pandemonium outside the court,

with one mullah screaming hysterically and hostile crowds turning on at least one foreign journalist and threatening to kill him with a knife on the grounds that he was presumably a Christian. He was rescued by a lawyer, who appealed: "In the name of God, don't do it."

Salamat can never permanently return to his village of Ratta Dhotran, near Gujranwala in Punjab. Some mullahs have already urged Muslims to martyr themselves by ensuring that he dies. Salamat's mother, father, three sisters and three brothers are in hiding, in fear of assassination by Muslim extremists. The only hope for Salamat may be to move abroad with the help of an international agency.

The police are blatantly unwilling to aid religious minorities coming under physical attack, a common complaint among the 2 million Pakistani Christians. The blasphemy case will worsen their plight and doubtless anger Islamic extremists who will seek retribution.

The Christian multi-denominational Church of Pakistan is protecting Salamat's family in Gujranwala, which is out-

side Lahore. All 60 or 70 Christians have long since left Ratta Dhotran village — population 600 — fearing for their lives.

The scenes in the colonial-era High Court yesterday were both carnival-like, and sinister. One lawyer behaved like an official jester with an incomprehensible ramble about international conspiracies, which had everyone laughing. At other times, with fundamentalist mullahs crowding the room, the atmosphere became grave. Scores of police stood outside the door, ready to intervene.

Not a scrap of evidence was submitted by prosecution lawyers to support allegations that Salamat and his co-accused scratched an offensive slogan on the wall of the village mosque and threw the pieces of paper into the building containing blasphemous statements. Salamat and the co-accused were shot and wounded last April in a murder attempt outside a Lahore court. Salamat's uncle died in the attack.

The judge's ruling that a child could not have written the words on the slips of paper, which were submitted

to the court but not read out, is mysterious, since the co-accused was an adult. Political pressure was almost certainly applied to the court to throw out the case, which has caused international condemnation.

It is the first time a child has been sentenced to death in Pakistan for blasphemy, representing another advance in religious intolerance.

Salamat, who told a lower court during his trial that he was illiterate, has been in a filthy cell since his conviction a week ago, eating food that his lawyers described as disgusting. A hole in the wall served as a toilet. Salamat was 12 when the alleged offence happened. He seems to have been the victim of a village dispute, which quickly developed a religious dimension.

Fazle Haq, the grey-bearded imam who brought the charges, sat in the court earlier in the day, expressionless and wrapped in a brown blanket. He threw events into chaos earlier in the week by refusing to pursue the case, but changed his mind later for no clear reason. Rasheed Murtaza Qureshi, the prosecuting lawyer, accused the court of bias.



The prosecuting lawyer objects to yesterday's proceedings as the accusing imam looks on

## Anti-pact coalition calls on Arafat to resign

FROM CHRISTOPHER WADLER IN JERUSALEM

THE Middle East peace process suffered a serious setback yesterday when moderate Palestinians and Islamicists announced the formation of the first Arab coalition in the occupied West Bank to oppose the 17-month old accord between Israel and the Palestine Liberation Organisation.

The leader of the new coalition, Bassam al-Shakaa, the former Mayor of Nablus, said it was calling for the immediate end to the peace deal signed in Washington in September 1993 and the resignation of Yasser Arafat, the PLO chairman.

The formation of the new group was regarded by both Israeli and Palestinian officials as a serious blow to Mr Arafat. He is facing mounting pressure inside the PLO to scrap the accord after an eight-month delay in implementing the second stage to extend autonomy to the rest of the West Bank outside the tiny Jericho enclave.

Mr al-Shakaa, who lost both legs in a booby-trapped bomb planted in his car by Jewish extremists in 1980, said the aim of the new grouping was to "reunify the Palestinian people under one leadership and one institution after the PLO lost its title of representative of all Palestinians".

The latest challenge to Mr Arafat's leadership came after half the ruling executive committee of the PLO boycotted an emergency session held in Cairo as a protest against the continuation of the deadlocked peace talks. Even within Fatah, the backbone of the new administration in Gaza and Jericho, frustration is growing at the refusal of Israel to continue with the withdrawal of its forces, repeated closures of the areas following bomb attacks and occasional Jewish settlement building.

"If they stopped the negotiations, I think that would be a small step," said Mr al-Shakaa, 64, who is regarded as pro-Syrian in his politics and commands a strong personal following. He claimed the formation of the 24-member Palestinian Authority, which now runs Jericho and Gaza, was illegal in terms of the PLO's normal decision-making processes.

Palestinian sources said the new group, which did not include members of Fatah or Hamas, the Islamic Resistance Movement, was the first in the West Bank to form a coalition publicly opposed to the peace process.

In Cairo, Egyptian and Israeli leaders failed to resolve wide differences over Israel's continuing refusal to sign the Nuclear Non-proliferation Treaty. Shimon Peres, the Israeli Foreign Minister, decided to fly home without a second meeting with Egypt's President Mubarak.

## Islamic law helps to curb violence in parts of Somalia

FROM SAM KILEY IN MOGADISHU

ABDI AZIZ levered his brother Abdillahi's legs back and forth, vainly trying to pump feeling into the limbs, paralysed yesterday when another brother shot him in the back. But Abdillahi, 25, will never walk again.

For now he lies with a plastic tube up his nose in south Mogadishu's Digfer hospital. He may die, yet another victim of a lawlessness which sees family squabbles settled with a gun.

In the south of the Somali capital, the area controlled by General Muhammad Farrah Aidid, anarchy rules. In the north of the city however, as well as in Merka, 50 miles to the south, and in Baldo, 115 miles inland, local residents have turned to Somalia's endless cycle of violence and revenge and are striking back by imposing the Sharia, or Islamic law.

The results have been spectacular. Crime figures have plummeted and the power of the country's warlords now looks under greater threat than at any time during the presence of foreign peacekeeping forces, the last of whom leave next week.

The Sharia was imposed on north Mogadishu, hideout of Ali Mahdi Muhammad, General Aidid's nemesis, last August. Since then an Islamic court has presided over the

execution by stoning of three men for rape and murder, eight amputations of the right hand and left foot for armed robbery, five hand amputations for theft, and hundreds of floggings for crimes such as drinking during Ramadan.

Since the imposition of Sharia law, Mr Ali Mahdi has been forced to send the wild bandits that formed his militia out of town and throw his lot in with the Islamic elders. The alternative is obscurity.

General Aidid yesterday also saw the writing on the wall. His bi-weekly anti-American demonstration, usually an opportunity for his mobs to vent their xenophobia, was transformed into an Islamic fundamentalist prayer session with scores of children holding up hand-painted Koranic tablets.

The leader of the Sharia movement, Shaikh Sharif Shaikh Muhadin, 60, insisted yesterday that the movement was not fundamentalist and was not receiving backing from extremist Islamic states.

"We have no desire to force others to convert," he said. For Abdi Aziz, the Sharia cannot come too soon to south Mogadishu. "Of course we should have Sharia here," he said, touching the numb soles of his brother's unfeeling feet. "If we don't have it, then the agony will continue."

## WORLD SUMMARY

### Buthlezi rejects peace bid

Cape Town: Chief Mangosuthu Buthelezi, Home Minister and leader of the mainly Zulu Inkatha Freedom Party, has dashed the hopes of peace-makers by refusing to meet the leaders of the other coalition partners in the national government to discuss his party's boycott of parliament (Michael Hamlyn writes).

He said yesterday there was no point in such a meeting, and that all he needed to enable a return to parliament was to be able to report to a special Inkatha congress next month the names of mediators and a time and a place for talks to begin.

### Hitler's tract in Hebrew

Jerusalem: For the first time since the foundation of the Jewish state, the Knesset has sanctioned the publication of a Hebrew translation of Adolf Hitler's seminal Nazi tract, *Mein Kampf*, with the strict condition that it appear with the literary equivalent of a health warning (Christopher Walker writes). Officials said earlier translation of the work into Hebrew had been considered too painful for many, especially for the thousands of Holocaust survivors who made their home in the Jewish state.

### Lange to quit after 20 years

Wellington: David Lange, the former New Zealand Prime Minister, has announced that he will quit politics at the next election. Mr Lange, 52, said that after nearly 20 years in parliament he was quitting while he was ahead. "I feel a sense of relief. I've come to the end of a particular pilgrimage," he said. It is better that I go content than be a relic trying to conform to life in a different fishpond. The election must be held by November 1996. (Reuter)

### O.J. Simpson witness blow

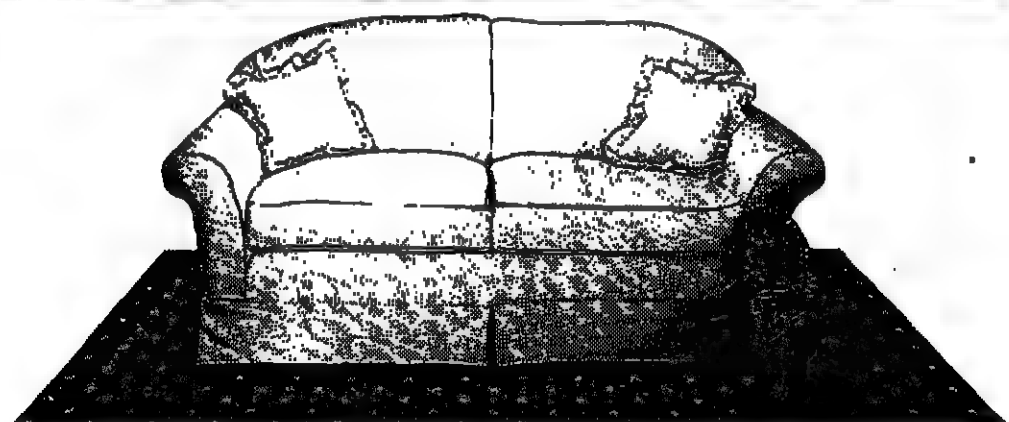
Los Angeles: Kathleen Bell, an important defence witness in the O.J. Simpson murder trial, has said she will not testify unless forced to by a subpoena (Giles Whittell writes). Her allegations of police racism underpin defence theories of a frame-up. She is the second defence witness in as many weeks to flinch in the face of what one analyst has called "electron microscope" publicity.

### Feeding time at the zoo

Sofia: A Bulgarian zoo is to close after 37 animals were eaten by hungry thieves. Thirteen peacocks, ten golden pheasants, six mountain goats, and four sheep were stolen, slaughtered and eaten, the BTA agency said. Four deer were let out and shot by poachers. Lions and other animals were relocated earlier. (Reuter)

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Anti-part coalition calls on Arafat to resign

# Democrat fury as Republicans try to cut school meals

FROM IAN BRODIE IN WASHINGTON

ALMOST nothing in the Republicans' Contract With America has caused such a furore as their latest attempt to scrap the US Government's school-lunch programme and to send lump sums to the states to feed children.

The shift is part of the Republicans' wide budget-cutting plans to curb numerous programmes of benefit to the poor and elderly.

Democrats erupted with fury as they saw years of their social legislation under threat, but they were particularly worried that cuts to school meals and supplemental food stamps for pregnant and breast-feeding women would lead to a reduction of adequate nutrition standards.

They angrily remembered how President Reagan's Administration had tried to designate tomato ketchup as a vegetable during an earlier attempt to economise on school lunches. At the White House and on Capitol Hill, Democrats brandished ketchup bottles for the cameras as they complained that Republicans were "taking meals from our kids".

Some 25 million lunches and six million breakfasts are served free or at cut rates in 90,000 American schools. Any parents who are poor or earning less than \$27,000 (£17,400) per couple qualify for

the programme, which began in 1946 amid concerns about nutrition with so many young men failing their physical exams for conscription during the Second World War.

There was an immediate improvement in school attendance, health and classroom marks. Even Richard Nixon, a strong Republican, expanded the programme after being convinced that hunger was keeping children from learning.

Democrats tried to slow the changes yesterday by tying up the proceedings of a congressional committee. President Clinton joined in the argument, saying: "An old conservative adage used to be, 'If it ain't broke, don't fix it.' Here's a programme that has done a

world for good for millions of children and it would be a terrible mistake to gut it."

Republicans denied Democrats' claims that the proposed legislation would put an end to national nutrition standards or that states looking for ways to save money would cut corners on menus. To the contrary, they said, meals would be better under local supervision and schools would be spared the burdensome paperwork involved in being part of the federal scheme.

The Republicans, looking for cuts of up to \$15 billion also targeted youth training, scholarships, fuel subsidies for the elderly and spending on urban parks. The National Endowment for the Humanities and the National Endowment for the Arts, each lost \$5 million. The Corporation for Public Broadcasting, the parent of America's non-commercial radio and television, lost 15 per cent of its government grant, with deeper cuts planned for the following year. All the cuts have yet to pass the powerful main Appropriations Committee and then be debated on the floor of the House. By protesting now, Democrats are hoping they can whip up enough public support to force the Republicans into having second thoughts.



Clinton: "If it ain't broke, don't fix it"



Moment of impact: Greg Louganis hits the diving board at the Seoul Olympics

## Olympic diver ends silence over Aids

FROM JAMES BONE IN NEW YORK

GREG LOUGANIS, the American diver who won gold medals in springboard and platform diving at two consecutive Olympics, is suffering from Aids.

In a new book, he says he was "paralysed by fear" when he gashed his head on the board and spilled blood into the pool at the 1988 Seoul Olympics.

The American athlete announced at the Gay Games last summer that he was homosexual, and has since spoken out against anti-gay discrimination. His autobiography, *Breaking the Surface*, gives an account of his long struggle with the HIV virus, which causes Aids, which he kept secret from fans and sports authorities.

He becomes the latest in a succession of sporting celebrities — including Arthur Ashe, the late former Wimbledon champion and Magic Johnson, the basketball star — to disclose that they were infected with HIV.

Mr Louganis, 35, said in an interview on ABC television that he tested positive for HIV six months before the 1988 Olympics, when he found out that his companion was dying of Aids. He began treatment with the drug AZT, taking

powerful doses every four hours. On the advice of his coach and doctor, he kept his condition secret and smuggled drugs into the team's lodgings in Seoul.

During a preliminary round, he hit his head on the springboard as he attempted a reverse two-and-a-half pike, opening a two-inch wound that required five stitches.

"I heard this big hollow thud, and then I found myself in the water..." he said. "I didn't know if I was cut or not. But I just wanted to hold the blood in, or just not anybody touch it."

Looking gaunt, he told the interviewer he thought the blood would be diluted by the water and that the virus would be killed by chlorine — a view endorsed by doctors.

"I was stunned," he said. "What was going on in my mind was, 'Do I say something?' This has been an incredibly guarded secret. You could throw the competition into a state of alarm. Even more so than just having hit my head on a board. I was paralysed by fear."

James Puffer, the poolside doctor who stitched the wound without using protective gloves, said he only learnt of Mr Louganis's condition



Louganis: champion at two Olympics

when the diver wrote to him last year. Now a professor of family medicine, he said he had tested negative for the virus, and believes he was never at risk.

Mark Bradshaw, the diver who followed Mr Louganis in the competition, said he also considered the chances of infection "highly remote".

## Tenacious Texan joins 1996 presidential race

FROM MARTIN FLETCHER IN WASHINGTON

PHIL GRAMM today becomes the first Republican formally to declare his candidacy in next year's presidential race. On the face of it, he is one of the more unlikely men ever to seek America's highest office.

The conservative Texas senator is untouched by glamour, charisma or good looks. He is mean, caustic and overbearing, and loathed by congressional colleagues. The electorate's initial reaction is likely to be the same as his wife's when he virtually proposed at their very first meeting — "Yuck".

Mr Gramm in fact married Wendy, a Korean-American, three proposals and six weeks later. He has a history of achieving seemingly impossible goals, and only the foolish would dismiss his quest for the biggest prize of all.

Mr Gramm is a vastly ambitious and tenacious, and extremely well prepared with a formidable war chest. He has superb political instincts, boldly launching a crusade against President Clinton's bureaucratic healthcare plan just when it seemed most popular. Above all, the message of minimal government he has expounded for two decades is suddenly all the rage.

The new Republican Congress vows to balance the budget. Mr Gramm forced through legislation to do that ten years ago. The Gramm-Rudman law was discarded in 1990 as politically too painful; now infinitely greater spending cuts are needed. Polls show Robert Dole, the Senate leader, as the strong favourite for the Republican nomination, but conservative party activists determine the nominee. They regard Mr Dole as a moderate, not a revolutionary, a man who has spent 34 years in Washington and basically believes in government. Mr Gramm's cry is

that he was "conservative before conservative was cool".

He was born 52 years ago in Columbus, Georgia, the son of an army sergeant disabled soon after his birth by a serious heart attack. His mother worked double shifts to make ends meet. The young Gramm mowed lawns, delivered newspapers and returned old bottles to earn extra cash.

Neither parent was educated, but Mr Gramm's mother pushed him into the city's best school. He performed wretchedly, so when his father died, she used his life insurance to send the boy to Georgia Military Academy, a tough private school where he blossomed.



Gramm: untouched by charisma or good looks

He won an economics degree and a PhD from the University of Georgia in six years — and also five Vietnam draft deferments which could now prove an electoral liability. He began teaching at Texas Agricultural and Mechanical University, became a full professor by 30, and started weighing a political career. He sent hundreds of letters to groups across Texas offering himself as a speaker. Only one small Lions Club took him up. But in his audience of 13 was a self-employed printer called Dick-

ey Flatt, a man he has since extolled as a model of the honest worker whose earnings are being increasingly purloined by a profligate, intrusive government.

Mr Gramm asks of every new federal programme if "the benefits of this are worth taking money away from Dickey Flatt to pay for? Not a lot of programmes can withstand the Dickey Flatt test."

The senator's enemies call this rank hypocrisy. They point out that he has been on the government payroll since the day he was born, as a soldier's son, scholarship student, university academic and congressman, and that he has always fought vigorously for multibillion-dollar space and defence programmes that benefit Texas. "He's one of the biggest hogs at the trough," a former congressional colleague said.

But Mr Gramm's fiscal conservatism is genuine, his cultural conservatism more expedient. He won his Senate seat in 1984 by savaging his Democratic opponent for receiving an unsolicited \$500 (£330) donation from a gay group's male strip show. His own television advertisements showed him happily boating with his wife and two sons.

Mrs Gramm later became head of the powerful Commodity Futures Trading Commission and a considerable asset to her husband. Were he to reach the White House, she would be America's first non-Caucasian First Lady.

The Clinton White House is privately rooting for him to win the Republican nomination. One insider, referring to the arch-conservative Republican nominee slaughtered by Lyndon Johnson in 1964, confided: "They see him as the Barry Goldwater of '96, so extreme that the public just won't buy him."

## Peru denies ceasefire breach

Lima: President Fujimori of Peru blamed Ecuador for renewed fighting in a border dispute and strongly denied his country was ignoring a ceasefire agreement signed last week.

His statement followed charges by Quito that Peru had regrouped its troops during the ceasefire and was attacking Ecuadorian border posts in the Amazonian region contested by the two sides militarily since last

month. Ecuador has announced a special meeting of the Organisation of American States permanent council in Washington to discuss alleged ceasefire violations.

In a television interview, Señor Fujimori said Peruvian troops surrounding the border post at Tiwintza had come under artillery fire and that the Ecuadorian Army was "trying to recuperate that zone or secure a better position" in defiance of a peace declara-

tion signed last Friday in Brasilia. Despite the renewed hostilities Señor Fujimori called on an advance team of international ceasefire monitors expected soon on the Peruvian side of the border "to trust the goodwill of both sides, especially Peru, to comply with the agreement".

The monitors flew to the disputed border area on Wednesday, visiting the Ecuadorian military post of Coangos. (AFP)

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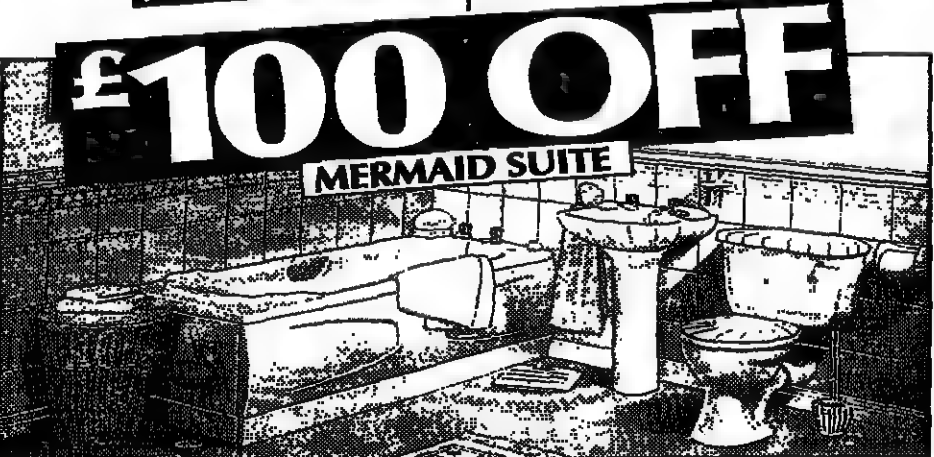


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Election politics blamed for Paris spy leak

# Washington set to resist order to recall diplomats

FROM MARTIN FLETCHER IN WASHINGTON AND ADAM SAGE IN PARIS

THE Clinton Administration is unlikely to comply with the French request that it withdraw all of the four American embassy officials in Paris accused of political and economic espionage. A senior US official predicted that the two CIA officers who were posing as diplomats would be quickly withdrawn, but the other two, the openly acknowledged CIA station chief and his deputy, would remain until their postings expired.

France has not expelled the Americans. It has "recommended" that they leave the country, a formulation making it unlikely that the United States would retaliate by ordering French embassy officials to leave Washington. By withdrawing only two of the four the Administration would acknowledge some guilt but also underscore its displeasure.

The New York Times yesterday said the French action had "plunged relations between the two countries into one of the strangest crises of their history". The Los Angeles Times called it "the most serious espionage rift between

the two allies in nearly 20 years".

On Wednesday night the Administration made its anger abundantly clear with a statement calling the leak unwarranted and the French conduct "inconsistent with the approach that allies have taken to resolve sensitive matters". Yesterday it sought to lower the temperature, noting that the French had "backed way, way back in their accusations".

US officials privately conceded that "we got caught with



Juppé: "Scandalised" at leak to the press

our hands in the cookie jar". But they said the French conducted far more commercial espionage in America than the United States did in France. They also accused the French Government of deliberately leaking this story in an attempt to divert attention from a phone-tapping scandal engulfing the Prime Minister, Edouard Balladur.

The controversy was last night moving to the centre of France's presidential election campaign. The French press also speculated yesterday that the affair had been deliberately leaked by a Government keen to turn attention from its own problems.

Diplomats said spying was relatively common, even between allies such as France and the United States, but that the resulting disputes were usually dealt with discreetly. It was unprecedented for such claims to be made public, as they were by Le Monde.

In a report on Wednesday, later confirmed by the French Government, the newspaper said four diplomats — a counsellor, two first secretaries and a second secretary — and a

fifth American attached to the embassy in Paris, had been identified as spies. They had engaged in economic, military and political espionage, targeting the audiovisual, communications and defence sectors, according to a dossier drawn up by France's counter-espionage service and handed to Le Monde.

France and America have tacitly admitted that such activities are an integral part of international politics. But the US State Department said: "The treatment of this affair in France is contrary to the approach that allies have adopted in the past to resolve delicate affairs."

In a statement on Wednesday night, the French Foreign and Interior Ministries insisted they had merely recommended that the five be recalled to Washington. "This does not constitute an expulsion," they said. French Government sources said the Foreign Ministry wanted to find a "solution" that minimised long-term damage to Franco-American relations.

At a press conference, Alain Juppé, Foreign Minister, said he was "scandalised" that the case should have been disclosed to the press.

The Interior Ministry said yesterday it had launched an inquiry into the leaks. However, with Charles Pasqua, the Interior Minister, portrayed by newspapers as a possible source, commentators in Paris expressed scepticism about the investigation.

The newspaper Liberation said: "The recipe is as old as the world, but it still works well, especially when the new subject does not lack depth." The left-wing daily said M Balladur's apparent regret at the leaks would have carried greater weight if it had not been obvious that he knew about Le Monde's story in advance. It also pointed out that M Juppé, a supporter of Jacques Chirac, M Balladur's rival for the presidency, had been kept away from the counter-espionage operation.

Le Monde shed further light yesterday on the traps set for the CIA by France's counter-espionage service. A French official who, for a short time, was a member of M Balladur's Cabinet, said he was approached by an American agent in 1992. "She was older than me and not very beautiful," he told Le Monde.

Speaking at a campaign rally near Paris yesterday, Lionel Jospin, the Socialists' presidential candidate, implicitly accused M Pasqua of revealing the affair. "To get to the origin of the leaks [M Juppé] could perhaps ask the Interior Minister," he said.



Picasso's *Mère et enfant*. Christie's estimate its auction value at \$10 million

## Harriman to auction French impressionist masterpieces

By IAN BRODIE

PAMELA HARRIMAN, the US Ambassador to France who is locked in a legal struggle involving millions of dollars with her late husband's family, has put three of the finest paintings in her collection up for auction.

Christie's in New York said yesterday that the trio, by Picasso, Renoir and Matisse, were expected to fetch up to a \$20 million (£2.8 million) between them.

This is exactly the sum sought in one of two lawsuits brought against Mrs Harriman by 17 heirs of W. Averell Harriman, her third husband. He was an outstanding diplomat and financier, with a family fortune from the Union Pacific railway plus the proceeds of his own skills on Wall Street. He died nine years ago, aged 94, bequeathing \$65 million to Pamela, and all but cutting his children out of the will.

Lawyers refused to comment on whether Mrs Harriman was selling off assets to settle the lawsuits, but she has been portrayed as growing weary of the dispute that is a distraction from her diplomatic duties. American press reports have said that her lavish lifestyle and financial



Harriman: faces suits from 17 family heirs

Pamela as executor of the estate. They accuse her of squandering up to \$20 million through bad investments, including a rundown resort hotel and a failed plastics company, and of borrowing another \$15 million, to which she was ineligible, from other trusts.

The heirs have also sued the estate's three trustees. Two, Clark Clifford and Paul Warnke, are distinguished Washington lawyers and the third, William Rich, is a New York financial adviser. They and Mrs Harriman all deny any wrongdoing.

In addition to selling the works of art, Mrs Harriman has put her Georgetown mansion in Washington on the market for an asking price of \$52 million.

Picasso's *Mère et enfant*, painted in 1922 and one of the finest from his classic period, is the most valuable of the paintings to be sold at the auction in New York on May 11. The other two are Renoir's *Portrait de Mademoiselle Demary* (1882), a study of a young actress of the *Comédie Française* and Matisse's *Le chapeau bleu* (1944), showing a seated model in a flowing white gown.

## Europe seeks a place on Internet

FROM WOLFGANG MÜNCHAU IN BRUSSELS

THE Group of Seven leading industrial nations meets here today to try to create an international strategy to ensure that political decision does not block the information super-highway. The G7 also hopes that publicity may help to popularise the information super-highway, a concept that to most Europeans at least, seems opaque.

America is far ahead in the race to create an information society, helped by a deregulated and competitive telecommunications infrastructure, and strong bi-partisan support. Al Gore, the Vice-President, last year introduced the National Information Infrastructure, a blueprint to take the super-highway into a regulatory framework. Newt Gingrich, the Republican House majority leader, has gone a step further by putting proceedings in Congress on to the Internet, an attempt to bridge the information gap between Washington and the rest of the country.

Europe, by contrast is preoccupied with creating the technical and regulatory preconditions, such as the privatisation and deregulation of the telecommunications sector — a process that remains slow and cumbersome.

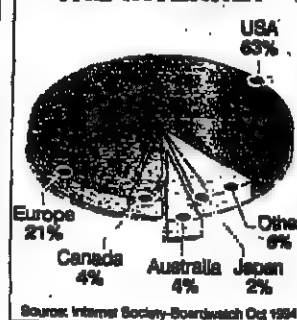
David Ward, a former adviser to the late John Smith, the former Labour Party leader, said the EU largely ignored the potential of embryonic technology to inform the European public of what was going on in the EU. "Scant attention is paid to the role of public information as a driving force behind the information society," said Mr Ward, now executive director of MacLennan Ward Research, a UK political consultancy.

One issue of inevitable controversy is the question of the need to preserve Europe's cultural identity, a French priority.

IBM will today open a news service on the World Wide Web — part of the Internet — dedicated to the G7 conference. Subscribers will be able to order articles about issues on the agenda.

Infotech pages 36, 37

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## End of Cold War leaves CIA in search for a role

FROM IAN BRODIE IN WASHINGTON

HAS the CIA become a commercial spying operation? The answer, according to Washington officials yesterday, is not exactly.

The question of just what the CIA has been up to since the Cold War is now an issue of public debate. The spy row provoked heated criticism from past and present intelligence officers that it was France, after all, that had set the pace in the new game of trade espionage. Besides, these officials said, collecting economic data had always been a legitimate goal for intelligence services.

For all the rhetoric, the Clinton Administration and Congress have yet to clarify just how much the CIA should be engaged in commercial spying and how much the national interest is served when set against the risk of upsetting allies.

The subject will be studied in detail by a presidential commission that was formed recently to evaluate the entire role and mission of the intelligence community in the post-Cold War era.

The Americans insist that they draw a fine but significant distinction between the

way they engage in economic spying compared to France, Japan and several other countries. Officials said CIA agents do not steal proprietary secrets to pass along to private companies. Rather, the CIA simply seeks information to enable the American Government to help American businesses compete on a level playing field.

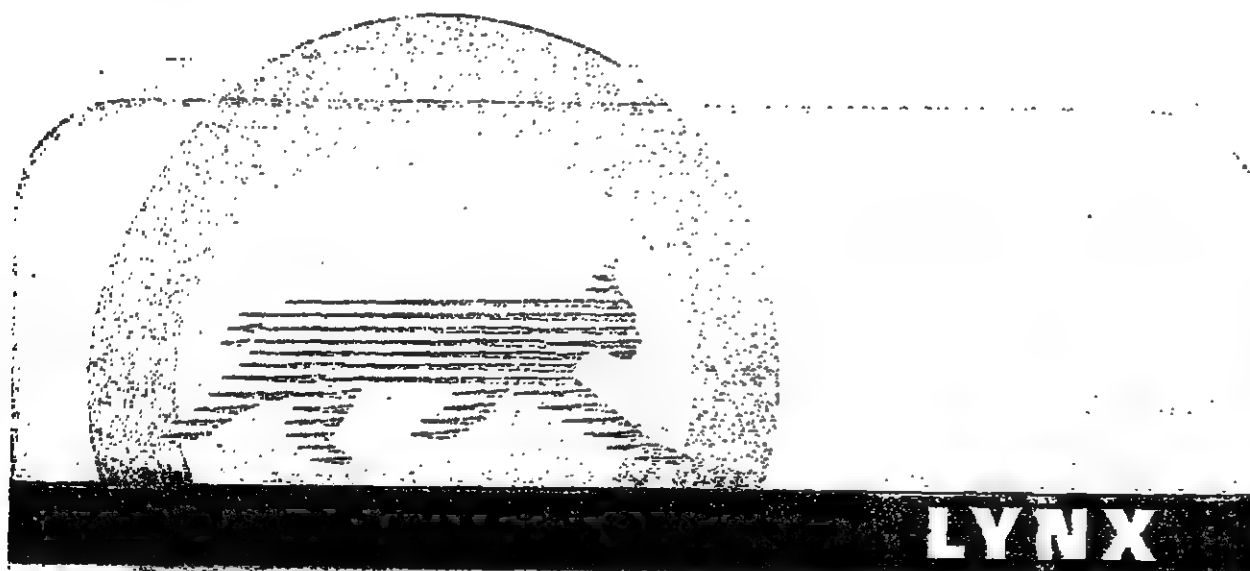
In the latest kerfuffle, the CIA agents accused of bribing French officials were apparently trying to discover France's negotiating strategy in the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade talks at which the French Government was stubbornly resisting the removal of agricultural subsidies and blocking the marketing of American films and television programmes in France.

This could be said to fall under the heading of pursuing national economic interests. Less clear is the other French allegation that CIA agents recruited a technician with France Telecom to learn technical details and structures about its telecommunications network overseas. Did this amount to trying to pilfer commercial secrets? Or did it

fall into a grey area? James Woolsey, who resigned last month as CIA director, has admitted that determining how far the agency should go in economic espionage is "the hottest current topic in intelligence policy". It was he who declared that the CIA would not share commercial secrets with the private sector.

Mr Woolsey was supported by Robert Gates, his predecessor at the CIA, who asserted that the US intelligence community "does not, should not and will not" engage in industrial spying. That leaves the question of what else should the CIA's 22,000 employees be doing. Mr Woolsey promised that the agency would keep watch on those who spy on US companies or bribe their way to obtain contracts, to the disadvantage of US workers.

The CIA think it has discovered an example of unfair bidding last spring, and alleged that the French were bribing Brazilian officials to win a huge telecommunications project in the Amazon. After the corruption was revealed to the Brazilian Government, a US firm matched the French bid and won the contract.



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# Saint Irene sweeps clean

**John Phillips meets the Speaker of the Italian Parliament; a fervent advocate of Catholic values, designer clothes and less pomposity**

At 31 Irene Pivetti is the youngest ever Speaker of Italy's Parliament. Now this scourge of corrupt politicians in her native Milan may become the country's first woman Prime Minister. She is plotting to lead a centrist alliance of her party, the Northern League devolutionist movement, and the Popular Party (PPI) into a general election that commentators agree is only months away.

"Saint Irene", as the media have dubbed her, is an ardent Catholic who has battled against *maschilismo* (male prejudice) and presided unflinchingly over 600 unruly and often lecherous Italian MPs.

"I have never thought whether to be a feminist or not. The problem does not interest me at all," she told me. In the first interview she has given to a foreign newspaper.

Sitting demurely on a baroque sofa in her office in the Montecitorio palace, she acknowledges that "certainly *maschilismo* is very evident, above all in what is reported by journalists. For example, the obsessive attention with my private life, how I dress and my personal tastes. All this reduces the dignity of the Speaker, and wouldn't have happened if I were a man."

Nevertheless, her Hermès scarves and cream knee-length suits have become her trademark style, now imitated by the teenage girls who prance on prime-time television shows. But underneath the scarf a Venetian cross hangs round her neck, its bleeding heart commemorating the 1793 Catholic peasant uprising against the French Revolution. For her the Revolution represents "the start of the gulags", and the uprising "great Christian heroism".

Signora Pivetti considers her abiding achievement during her ten months as Speaker (number three in the state hierarchy) is the rebuilding of Italians' faith in Parliament after their corrupt old politicians were swept away by the *tangentopoli* (bribe city) scandal. She has opened Montecitorio to the public, stripped what she considers salacious works of art from its walls, and invited poets to give readings. And, in a move to deflate pomposity, she has ordered MPs no longer to refer to each other as *onorevole*

(honourable) but merely *deputato* (deputy). "These are little signs but without doubt they are significant. I hope that the people feel a bit closer to Parliament. Let's not forget that in the last legislature 20 per cent of parliamentarians were under criminal investigation. Without doubt Parliament's credibility had suffered."

She laughs recalling when MPs came to blows. "It happened once, though sometimes there are rather animated discussions. On the whole Parliament has behaved in a civil enough manner. A certain decorum is important to me. I asked deputies not to use cellular telephones. This ban was respected."

Signora Pivetti comes from a solid middle-class background. Her father is a television director, mostly for Catholic TV stations, while her mother is the actress, Grazia Gabrielli. Her involvement in politics began as a student at the Catholic University of the Sacred Heart in Milan, though it certainly did not interfere with her studies: she graduated *cum laude* in literature and philology. And it was here that she met Paolo Taranta, whom she married in 1988. After a brief career in journalism Signora Pivetti was elected to Parliament in 1992, which was also the year she separated from her banker husband, hence all the speculation about her private life. There are reports that she has made a formal plea to the Roman Catholic ecclesiastical court for an annulment.

He has been quoted as saying that political differences played a part in their separation but also their careers, which took them to different countries. Signora Pivetti acknowledges that politics takes its toll on those who lack the support network Italian women used to enjoy from spouse, children and family.

"There's no doubt that your life suffers. But I believe the problem is the same everywhere. In reality I didn't choose a political career. I chose me. They told me two days in advance that I would be a candidate for Speaker. I certainly have put a lot of energy into my work but I don't believe I have any regrets."

Her style as Speaker, a post which is supposed to be above party politics, has been unorthodox. She was heavily criticised when at her party's congress this month she defended Umberto Bossi, the leader of the Northern League, and his decision to topple Silvio Berlusconi's government. She herself accused the media tycoon flattery of "going against the interests of democracy". She is unrepentant, saying she would repeat her outburst — "Yes certainly, and I would add a few details I forgot — though making it clear I was speaking in a personal capacity, of course."

All this makes it highly uncertain whether she would be re-elected to the post. Any-



Irene Pivetti: "The obsessive attention with my private life and how I dress reduces the dignity of the Speaker"

way, Signora Pivetti is evidently itching to return to the party political fray. She confirms persistent reports that, if the President, Oscar Luigi Scalfaro, dissolves Parliament, she hopes to lead a new "third pole" (with the blessing of Signor Bossi) made up of the League and the Italian Popular Party, the former Christian Democrats. "I am certainly a person of the centre... I believe in Italy that Catholics are searching for a leader."

The Vatican itself has looked askance at this unruly Christian with her sympathy for the traditionalist leader, the late Marcel Lefebvre, and her criticism of the Archbishop of Milan, for too easily absolving the corrupt of their sins. But Vatican sources say that as Speaker she has since impressed the Roman Curia.

"The Church has a right to say what is good and what is bad," she says, "but it is another thing to intervene in the equilibrium between political parties." On abortion, though, she is adamant: "A Catholic can never accept abortion. Everything he can do to avoid it is important."

Signora Pivetti knows she would be a popular alternative to Rocco Buttiglione, the gauche leader of the PPI, and a sexier vote catcher than Romano Prodi, the Catholic industrialist who has announced that he will lead a centre-left coalition.

## THE TIMES Win a tropical dream holiday

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## Connoisseur of white trash, sex and violence

**A young American playwright's first work, vilified at home, is being lauded in Britain**

It is 3am in a Texan trailer park and someone is hollering at the door of one of the filthy mobile homes. A woman in a scanty T-shirt that shows off her bare buttocks hurries to let in her drug-dealing stepson. He starts to roll a joint, as his obese father emerges yawning, in red underpants, absent-mindedly scratching his genitals.

Within moments father and son have agreed they need money. OK, they will hire Killer Joe to assassinate Momma ("a naggy alcoholic") and collect the insurance money. The hitman demands a retainer: the son decides to offer him the services of his virgin, semi-retarded sister Dotie.



JULIA LLEWELLYN SMITH

By the end of *Killer Joe*, the first play by Tracy Letts, a 29-year-old Chicago actor, the stage is splattered in blood, nearly all of the five-strong cast has stripped naked and the stepmother has been forced to fettle a chicken bone.

The critics could have been expected to lambast this orgy of sex and violence, as they did to Sarah Kane's *Blasted* at the Royal Court. Instead, the play, which has just completed a short run at the Bush Theatre, has been reviewed ecstatically. "Art of the highest order," wrote Jack Tinker, in the *Daily Mail*: "I loved every minute," said the *Telegraph*, while *The Times*'s view was "You could choose to be sad, but if you are willing to ditch your puritanism... you are likely to laugh a lot."

He is only half joking. Despite the breezy amorality of *Killer Joe*'s characters, this is a deeply moral play which, for all its hilarity, has serious points to make. And the themes — matricide, incest, infidelity — are the universal stuff of tragedy.

Letts's inspiration came from a newspaper clipping about a Florida family who decided to murder one member for the insurance and then changed their minds and killed another member, who was ripping them off. "What kind of got me about it was the ease with which

sexier vote catcher than Romano Prodi, the Catholic industrialist who has announced that he will lead a centre-left coalition.

The play succeeds in exploring the genesis of this moral inadequacy. "I don't think my characters are bad people. In fact, I have sympathy for them. I find something tragic about them. In a lot of ways they are not solely culpable, because I don't know how you expect people to behave who live in a place where there's no intellectual or spiritual life. It must be hard to sustain your mind when there is nothing to feed it but the television." Throughout the play, the TV set drones in the background. The pathetic father, Ansel, even tries to turn it on while Joe is throttling his wife.

Letts has first-hand experience of such white trash. He was born in Durant, Oklahoma, a hundred miles north of Dallas, where he moved, aged 19, to become an actor. "I still find Dallas the most loathsome place in the land. It is lacking in anything that has to do with culture."

Chicago, the American Mid-West's theatrical capital, where he has acted for nine years with the celebrated Steppenwolf company. "I'm frankly a better actor than a writer," he says, which given the brilliance of *Killer Joe* is quite a proclamation.

Currently, Letts is living in Los Angeles, cautiously touting a few film scripts and performing in the comedian Steve Martin's play *Picasso and the Lapin Agile*.

"Steve was telling me that he has decided to give up screenwriting to become a playwright, because he is so frustrated with losing control over his writing to Hollywood. He said to me: 'They will look at your play and find all the elements in it that make it different from something else.' That's their job, to reduce everything to a paste-pudding norm."

It was Martin who provided the funds to take *Killer Joe* to Edinburgh where, ironically, its huge success meant it was immediately reassessed in America. The show's last run off-Broadway barely registered; now it is being mooted for a commercial New York run.

Maybe Letts, whose chain-smoking, skinniness and red hair mark him as more European than American, has found his artistic home here. "It is tempting to come to Europe," he shouts from an ante room, where he is fastidiously running water to extinguish his cigarette. "I toured in Scandinavia and really fell in love with it. But my responsibility as a writer is to do something to make my country better. We Americans are pretty amazing in a sense. What we have done in 200 years is remarkable. But at what cost? It can make you ashamed."

## Why France falls for a man in a kilt

**An auld alliance of treaties, citizenship, armies and claret**

I first discovered the virtues of the "auld alliance" as a student hitch-hiker on Route Nationale No 4 on a drenching Easter weekend. French people are not, on the whole, well-disposed towards the *autostop*, and I had not done well the previous day.

The time had come to reach for the ultimate weapon. It is acknowledged that a Scotsman in a kilt stands a 90 per cent better chance of getting a lift in France than an Englishman wearing trousers. And so it proved. Within minutes of donning the tartan I was in the front seat of a high-powered Peugeot as the driver expressed his admiration for my native country and said that he had once been to Eastbourne.

The alliance between France and Scotland is 700 years old, surviving these days as a dim folk memory of ancient treaties and a shared antipathy towards the English. But there is a bit more to it than that. Last Saturday, BBC Scotland devoted five hours of television to a celebration of France and Scotland. There was a tribute to French surrealism from the Scottish comedian Phil Kay, an exploration of the ancient Franco-Scottish claret trade, and a radio discussion with guests from both countries, which concluded that the Scots were probably closer to the French in their attitudes to Europe than the English.

Since this is one of the more contentious planks in the arguments for a Scottish Parliament, it suggests that 700 years of shared prejudices have left their mark. They go back to a period when the alliance was a political and military reality, when the old adage "stand well with your neighbour, but better with your neighbour's neighbour" meant signing agreements, sending armies and joining campaigns. It also meant joint citizenship. In 1558, when Mary Queen of Scots married Francis II of France, the French Government conceded to Scots the rights of French citizenship, and in the same year the Scots Government reciprocated.

Although the Scots' right to French citizenship was rescinded with the 1789 Revolution, the French remained entitled to joint Scottish (therefore British) nationality until the *Entente Cordiale* in 1904. Not many, I suspect, know that. The original treaty of 1295, whose anniversary is being celebrated this year,

was drawn up when John Balliol, set up by Edward I as a vassal king in Scotland, turned against his patron and formed an alliance with Philip IV of France — who was already at war with England. The treaty pledged the Scots to invade and harry England if Edward sent forces against Philip.

It was the first step towards the opening of hostilities between Scotland and England which led to Edward's invasion, his temporary conquest, then later the resistance of the Scots under William Wallace and Robert the Bruce. A stronger agreement in 1326, the Treaty of Corbeil, obliged the Scots to make war on England in the event of new hostilities.

For nearly three hundred years the alliance continued, with royal marriages and joint military operations cementing the bond. Again and again the Scots went, often in great numbers, to fight alongside the French. After the defeat at Agincourt, the Scots sent 7,000 men to France and, at



MAGNUS LINKLATER

Baugé in 1421, helped to prevent the English crossing the Loire and occupying central France.

As a result the Scottish general, the Earl of Douglas, was appointed Lieutenant General of the French forces and was created Duc de Touraine. Later, Sir John Stewart of Darnley led a Scottish contingent under Joan of Arc. The establishment of the *Garde Ecossaise* as the personal bodyguard of the Kings of France dates from this time.

Military alliances led to trade agreements, a tradition whereby Scots noblemen sent their sons to be educated at French universities. The Scottish taste for claret reached such heights in the 17th century that on the streets of Edinburgh it was delivered daily, like milk.

Today its traces are indistinct. But back in the 1960s I was introduced in Paris to an elderly gentleman, quintessentially French, sporting the *légion d'honneur* in his buttonhole. I knew immediately that I was looking at a Scottish face — something about the complexion and the set of the jaw. His name was Colonel François Monroe, late of the Alpine Artillery, and yes, he said, his roots had been in Scotland. "How far back?" I inquired. "Oh, you know," he shrugged his shoulders, "we had to leave when Cromwell invaded."



Letts on the set of *Killer Joe*: "I don't think my characters are bad people"

they could make such a decision," he says.

He feels happier, however, in







# How Nolan failed to find the facts

Michael Pinto-Duschinsky says more evidence is needed of what is wrong in public life

The gap between public worries and the self-contained worlds of Whitehall and Westminster is widening by the day. Nothing demonstrates this more sharply than the public hearings before Lord Nolan's Committee on Standards in Public Life, which ended yesterday.

In the real world, there is an unending flow of revelations of alleged greed, inefficiency and sleaze in high places. As if on a different planet, Lord Nolan said even before his committee began to call witnesses that "this country has long enjoyed a reputation for the honour and integrity of its public institutions... based upon a widely shared tradition of public service".

The Committee concluded before it had even started that the Marconi scandal of 1912 was "far more serious than any of the cases which have been publicised over recent months". In fact, however, the Marconi affair was tame by current standards.

Yet scandals that would have caused uproar before the First World War are so common today that they go almost unnoticed. The latest stage in the Foxley case — involving a conviction for bribes amounting to more than £1 million to a former Ministry of Defence official — was almost squeezed out of the press.

It was one of the largest cases of public bribery in British history. In Nottingham, the university authorities were due to debate whether to hold an inquiry into the issues raised by the suicide of Professor David Regan. The Thatcherite professor had left a series of letters drawing attention to what he considered intolerable conditions at the university and by implication to declining standards of conduct in higher education. Additionally, two colleges in the Midlands were embroiled in scandals involving expenses and the purchase of a nightclub. Reports about an investigation into "potentially unusual payments" in six more further education colleges were the subject of a lead story in *The Times Higher Education Supplement*.

The bosses of privatised power companies have been in the news for multimillion pound profits from share options. The £387,000 spent on renovating Air Chief Marshal Sir Sandy Wilson's official residence in Gloucestershire led to further headlines.

As if all this were not enough, there were also Lord Lester's allegations of "cash for questions" in the Lords, the latest batch of stories about the pay of executives in the health service, and the controversy over the Government's proposed salary increases for top civil servants. In other fields, the Public Accounts Committee published its concern about alleged fraud in the Overseas Development Administration (amounting to nearly £1 million).

It is only to be expected that Conservative witnesses before

the Nolan committee insist — correctly — that many such reports about sleaze are unproven. Moreover, as Sir Norman Fowler showed in his sharp and well-documented answer to Lord Thomson of Monifieth, Labour Party appointees to quangos also have much to answer for.

What is more surprising and unfortunate is that the committee has taken almost no steps to establish the facts about the extent of corruption in British public life. Apart from employing a team at Birmingham University to analyse appointments to quangos and a graduate student at Essex University, it has commissioned no research at all. It is relying on submissions from the public and on its witnesses. Some members of the committee acknowledge that the results of this traditional method of procedure will inevitably be impressionistic.

Three reasons are given by the committee for its refusal to conduct a systematic review. All are bogus. First, and most ingenious, is the assertion that Nolan's function is to develop new codes of conduct for MPs and public officials — in other words, to suggest remedies. It is possible to do this (the argument goes) without knowing how much corruption actually exists and where. According to this approach, the prescription of a cure does not depend on establishing the nature and the extent of the disease.

A second argument against the facts is that the terms of reference prevent the committee considering individual cases. Yet there are ways for factual assessments to be presented without smearing individuals. MPs and officials are, often willing to be remarkably frank about their financial affairs and problems (and those of colleagues) provided that they know they will not be identified.

The third argument for avoiding a thorough investigation is that it is sufficient for Lord Nolan and his colleagues to rely on the judgment of the senior figures appearing as witnesses. The trouble here is the wild variation between different witnesses. To Lord Blake, current problems of corruption "pale into insignificance" beside those of Edwardian times. By contrast, the chairman of the Commons Public Accounts Committee, Robert Sheldon, reportedly takes the view that standards of public conduct have fallen to their lowest level since the creation of the modern Civil Service in the 19th century.

The collection of opinions — however distinguished the witnesses — is of limited value if they are not backed by evidence. It would have been in the public interest (and, incidentally, in the Government's interest too) if the committee had given greater priority to the task of investigation. Only then could the public have slept soundly in their beds.

The author is senior research fellow of Brunel University.

The common stock of familiar phrases is gradually being depleted, writes Philip Howard

## Are my references lost on you?

may have depended on its delivery and the fact that it was delivered by such a solemn statesman.

Bright said that the rebel leader had retired into his political Cave of Adullam. His reference was to the malcontents who joined David when he was being hunted by Saul. "And everyone that was in distress, and every one that was in debt, and everyone that was discontented, gathered themselves unto him." His phrase created sensation. *The Times* devoted a page to his speech, and Adullam and Cave passed into the stock of political cliché to describe rebels with their various discontents, resentments and ambitions.

That stock of familiar stories which rang a bell with everyone — whether from scripture, nursery rhymes, fables or romances — has been depleted.

Fans of the Blur may not recognise the music of Michael Tippett. Even those with a general knowledge of scripture and the classics have difficulty in recognising some of the enchanting stories painted by Nicolas Poussin. Why is the infant Moses dancing on Pharaoh's crown? What goddess up aloft rests with elbow propped nonchalantly on a cloud, while blind Orion strides towards the rising sun with a boy standing on his shoulders? Today one needs at least an undergraduate knowledge of Restoration history to decode a sentimental English poem such as *Abraham and Achitophel*, and to work out, for instance, that Gaius represents the Philistine headquarters of Brussels.

Fragments of the old common stock of Eurostories, such as

Noah's Ark and the Trojan Horse, have lived on into our age of wider but shallower general knowledge. "Cloud-cuckoo-land", brought to life again in the Cambridge Corn Exchange this week, is still used in modern rhetoric. But we get its story slightly wrong, mistaking the "cuckoo" element to represent batteness in that clever though unfamiliar bird. The original Cloud-cuckoo-land was a Utopian, over-the-rainbow Wizard of Oz place, away from the horrors of war and Eurofanaticism. John Bright would have recognised its pacifist vision.

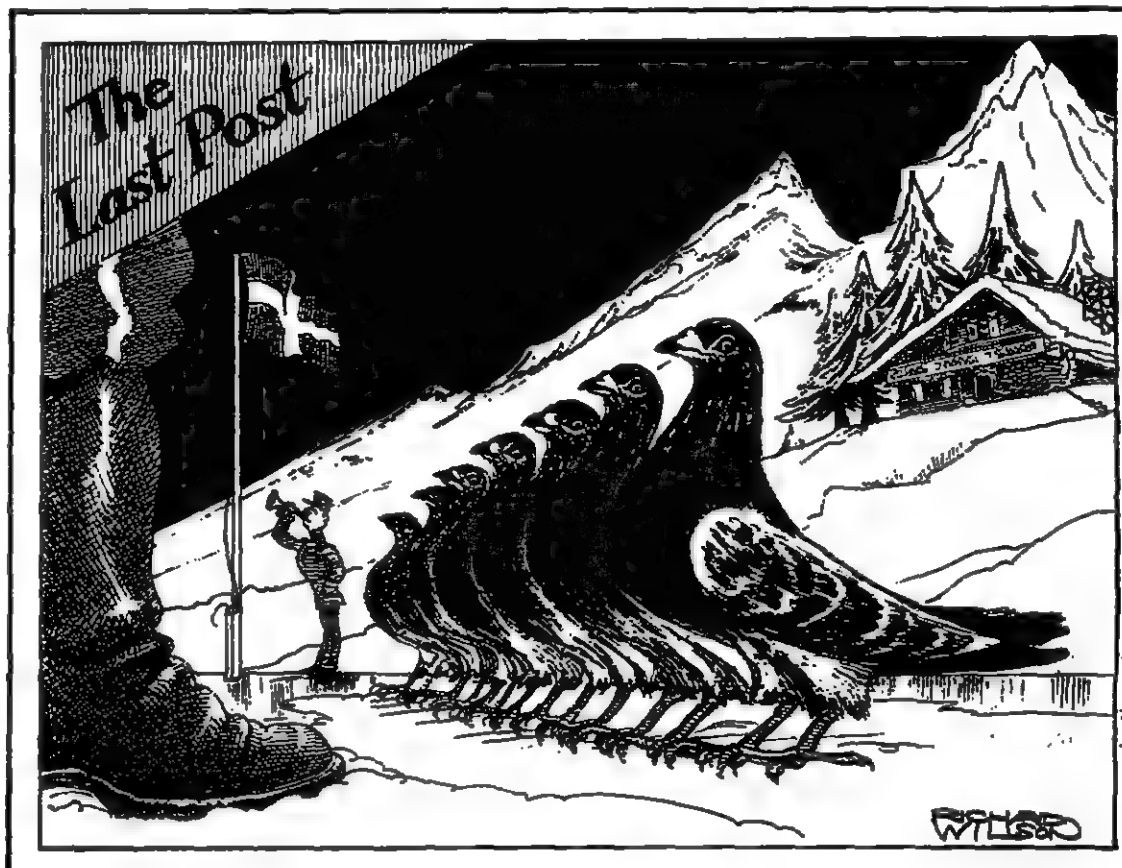
In a multicultural society, it has become very difficult to find a reference that will be recognised immediately by everyone. Advertising slogans and jingles seldom cross frontiers and have short lives, though widely popular ones. Catchphrases

do not have the spread or the durability of the old proverbs. Most people in the cinema-going world may have heard of *Natural Born Killers* today, but they will have moved on to the succeeding movie next week. Mickey Mouse, Father Christmas and the Pope are the most universal images of the modern world, and they have their limitations as metaphors or symbols for historical painters, even supposing that we had any with a fraction of Poussin's genius.

The Cave of Adullam lies dormant in the microfilms of back numbers of newspapers. My bright young work-shadow — fan of the Blur (and, as it happens, Michael Tippett) — passed when asked if she had heard of Adullamites. But that was a master-stroke of political insult when John Bright first thought of it. And even then, *The Times* reported that MPs of that elitist and more narrowly learned age asked him after his speech in which of Shakespeare's plays the Cave was mentioned. And, for all his scriptural knowledge, John Bright had not followed his metaphor to its conclusion: David and his bolshies triumphed in the story. Luckily for democracy, they did not win the battle to prevent reform.

## An air force to reckon with

Sweet sirs, the Switzers may be paranoid about defence, but they have a remarkable way of organising it



Bernard Levin

years, a citizen army. Every able-bodied Switzer must by law keep a rifle in his home, in good repair, and he must also keep ammunition for the gun; failure in these orders is an offence. Moreover, every able-bodied male under 60 years of age must, again by law, go back into the armed forces for a month's refresher course every year.

That is all brave and bold, but reality must at some point put its head round the door. The likelihood of Switzerland being attacked by a hostile force is, even the Swiss men-at-arms would agree, remote. Possibly, one night when Zhirinovskiy is good and drunk he might announce that he is going to invade Switzerland, but even then, the Swiss should not tremble in their shoes, because he has no army and is very unlikely indeed to know where Switzerland is.

Nevertheless, the Swiss are notoriously thrifty; surely, not all those rifles are essential, and likewise the ammunition? Very well, say the boffins, and let 200,000 footloggers be decommissioned, the brigades whose task was to defend the mountain fortifications are no longer needed, and from now on Switzerland's defences are to be on a wing and prayer — actually, 64 wings.

As you must know, Switzerland has, and has had for very many

because the thrifty Swiss have just ordered, from the Americans, 32 fighter-bombers. (Come and get us, San Marino!)

But all that business with the mines and the barbed wire (and, I bet also the nuclear capacity buried very deep in the soil of Switzerland), leaves the greatest problem untouched. And this untouched problem is the one of which I said it would break out just where the Swiss troops were least likely to find it.

Pigeons. What do you mean, pigeons? What have pigeons got to do with the fortifications of Switzerland? Answer: a great deal. For the Swiss High Command, in its sweep of unnecessary forces has also decided that one close-knit unit must also be stood down. And these troops, who have done great service for Switzerland, are 30,000 well-trained carrier pigeons.

Now look here, I don't make the news, so you can't blame me for it. If I am told that much of the Swiss Army of 400,000 is to be disbanded, and that in its place there will be 30,000 birds, squawking and flapping and making horrid noises, I shall report that item, and what I think when I go home is my business. But you must admit that it is a pretty tall story.

And then there comes solid evidence that the tall story is perfectly true, and the uproar coming from the War Office is a battle between those who think that the pigeons are now of no use, and those who — whether from sentiment or strict usefulness — should not be disbanded. For the citizens of this amazing country, who don't think themselves in any way amazing, have got yet another fantasy that turns out to be perfectly true. I told you that all the male citizens under 60 have to take a month off every year to refresh their knowledge of their weapons and the use of them. But I did not tell you — largely because I thought I would have been thrown down the stairs — that the pigeons, every year, just like the citizens, must also take out from their

work and life a stated time back on the asphalt, whereon, presumably, a pigeon sergeant-major puts the pigeons through their paces with many a cry of "Pick your feet up, you 'terrible little pigeons'".

Well, whatever you think about the Swiss, you must admit that they are not like other nations. And that otherness stretches quite a long way. I cannot improve on Mr Kroon's knowledge, so I shall quote it:

... private pigeon-keepers train their birds for an annual two-week military refresher course. That involves dispatching unaccompanied homing pigeons by train to some border destination, where the station-master releases the birds from their baskets. The birds then fly home at an altitude of 6,500ft at speeds of about 47 miles per hour... Grounding the birds will save the Swiss Government 600,000 Swiss francs a year in pigeon-raised fees, feed and 25 centimes per bird a year for upkeep expenses... The first affected will be private owners' 23,000 bird conscripts, because the army intends to hold onto its own squadron of 7,000 military liaison pigeons for the time being... The nation's 256 keepers of carrier pigeons have offered to assume the cost for the military preparedness of their birds. The Defence Department says it is impressed by the patriotic gesture... some high-ranking Swiss officers say scratching the pigeon detachments is a bird-brained decision... modern military communications can be intercepted by the enemy or jammed by electronic counter-measures, in which case one, or preferably two, homing pigeons could be highly useful.

There is another aspect to this story. We are told that the changes are for thrift, not defence. But that must mean that the coffers of Switzerland are dangerously low — after all, we are told that the cost of the keep of one homing pigeon a day is a mere 25 centimes, and there is a plan afoot (see above) to disperse with the entire 30,000 flock. That must surely mean that Switzerland will be going down the plughole any day now. Switzerland? Switzerland pawing the Matterhorn? And that means a gigantic uproar, because the Matterhorn is not entirely within the Swiss borders — there is a substantial bit in Italy, and the Italians aren't going to give their bit up. Soon we shall be passing the hat round for Switzerland — who would have thought it?

Come, we can't let poor Switzerland starve. It is time to examine those pigeons more closely. Clearly, they have been well looked after; whatever homing pigeons eat, they have had it in abundance, and that means that they must be plump, with a nice sheen on their feathers.

Perhaps the Switzers won't like the joke, or even see it. Never mind: Switzerland will go her way, whether she is laughed at or admired. And anyway, who says it is impossible to have both?

## Clarke's loss

KENNETH CLARKE'S political adviser, Tessa Keswick, will announce today that she is leaving her post. As Clarke's closest confidante for the past six years — through his tenures at the Health and Education Ministries, the Home Office and the Treasury — Keswick has become one of the most powerful women in Britain.

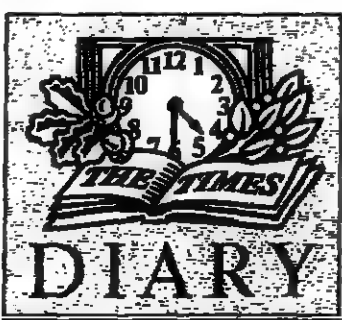
"It's very straightforward and sad," she says. "But after six hard years there are other things I want to do in due course." David Ruffley,

her cerebral deputy, will move up to take Keswick's place, and two more advisers will be appointed.

Keswick is the daughter of Lord Lovat and wife of the millionaire banker Henry Keswick. She has been increasingly absent in the past few months in order to handle tangled family affairs after recent tragedies. Her brother Andrew was fatally gored by a buffalo in Tanzania last year, and then Simon, her eldest brother, died of a heart attack after falling off his horse while drag-hunting. It is thought that her family's estate in Scotland will be sold this spring.

Keswick is further to the right than Clarke, who will be sad to see her go. "The Chancellor will need fresh blood and new ideas leading up to the election. That is not what he says, but it is what I say," she says. "But it's a wonderful job and he's a wonderful boss — I would recommend him to anyone."

Richard Ingrams, the parish church organist and editor of *The Oldie* magazine, is planning an assault on Westminster Abbey. He cornered the abbey's organist at a party recently and came away with



an invitation to play. "He can't fit me in until July but I'm already practising."

### Radio days

STUDENT newspapers are old hat. Undergraduates at Oxford are applying for their own radio station. "We are getting our first restricted service licence in November, before applying for the full licence," says the project co-ordinator Philip Weiss (Christ Church, third year).

Brendan May (Balliol, second year, head of programming) is calling all alumni: "We want to exploit them mercilessly to get them to come and talk on air," he says. "We expect very attentive audiences for our 'Bluff Your Way Through Exams' series."

The disc-jockey Paul Gambacini, who read politics, philosophy and economics at University College, admits to skimming on his essays when he was first studying at Dartmouth College in New England. "The students already had commercial radio there. I loved it so much that I did ten hours of radio every day for four years."

### Crumbs, John

THERE were fraught moments just before artists such as Hugh Grant, Shirley Bassey and Nigel Hawthorne turned up at No 10 for



a reception for the London Arts Season on Wednesday night. After a busy day launching the Irish framework document in Belfast, the Majors were in a flap.

"John was in a fearful state," says my source. "He was there on time but Norma wasn't. He rushed about saying, 'Where's Norma? Where's Norma?', and wringing his hands as the guests were queuing up to be received downstairs."

Norma eventually appeared, looked her husband up and down, approved, and the distinguished guests were ushered in. But just after the first tranche was through, Norma spotted a flaw. She leant over and brushed some crumbs off the Prime Minister's chin.

A confusing slip from Hansard the other day had Alan Duncan, Conservative MP for Rutland and Melton, asking the Foreign Secretary questions about football rather than the West Bank. What plans, asked Duncan, had he to visit the West Bank and "Gazza"?

### Hair today

HAIRSTYLES were the topic of the evening when a Sloane Street boutique opened on Wednesday. Pop singer Terence Trent D'Arby sported a new deflated look



Piles of style: Terence and Helena hit the Sloane Street scene



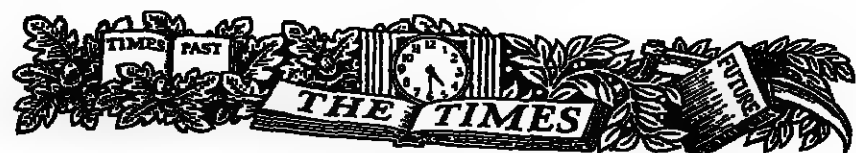
nette." Helena Christensen (copper-tint turned brunette), a catwalk colleague who arrived at the Prada boutique with her pop singer Michael Hutchence, was all for change: "Red, green, yellow — who cares? It doesn't matter what colour or style you are," she said.

P.H.S



Keswick time for change





## FRANCE AT SEA

Paris should act swiftly to end the Channel blockade

The blockade of the Channel ports by striking French seamen is an outrage. Dozens of ferries have had to cancel or divert their sailings. Hundreds of passengers were yesterday stranded in the Channel by rampaging demonstrators in Calais. Not only has this action inconvenienced thousands of families who have had their half-term holidays disrupted; more importantly, it has shown yet again that the French Government cannot be trusted to enforce European, or even its own, laws.

This wildcat strike, reminiscent of the worst excesses of union militancy in Britain two decades ago, is ostensibly about the employment by the small British company Meridian of Polish seamen at wages far below those paid to French seamen. In fact it is a quarrel over high wages, restrictive practices and union bullying between the French seamen and the cross-Channel ferry companies. British travellers and British companies are the victims of this dispute.

And the French appear to be in no hurry to uphold the rule of law.

Secondary picketing was outlawed in this country years ago. Attempts to block not only the French ports but also the Channel Tunnel would not be allowed in Britain, even if the strike were legal and preceded by a proper ballot. Even under the commitments given by France to its European partners on free competition, the attempt to enforce a commercial monopoly by the seamen would be illegal. A complaint over French behaviour has already been made to Neil Kinnock, the Transport Commissioner. If the dispute continues he should demand tough action from France to uphold the 1986 regulation granting all shipowners the freedom to operate throughout the EU — the kind of action against strikers he was reluctant to countenance as Labour leader.

French seamen are among the highest paid in the world. They are loath to lose their privileges, and clearly see Meridian as the

thin end of a wedge that will be used by their employers to force down their own wages. The French have a thin pretext for their protests. The Poles, coming from outside the EU, do not have work permits for either Britain or France, and therefore are never allowed to come ashore; speaking Polish, they may not understand shouted orders, and this could allegedly be dangerous, although most of the world's ships are today manned by polyglot crews.

Probably the real reason for the French anger is the realisation that the Channel Tunnel threatens to break the power of the seamen's unions. Ferry companies will have to cut costs and improve services. British seamen, who earn only about half as much as their French counterparts, appear to have understood this and are bracing themselves for the retrenchments essential if the ferries are to survive.

The French reaction is a crude, old-fashioned resort to union power and violence. Unfortunately, past experience has shown that in France such bullying often works. Time and again the French Government has attempted to curb public expense, only to retreat in the face of determined, and often violent, opposition: the perennial farm riots, the students' revolt and the confrontation over the restructuring of Air France are telling examples.

The Balladur Government has shown a consistent reluctance to resist militant opposition, turning a blind eye to the breaking of the law by rioting students and farmers blockading motorways. The spectacle of French police initially standing by and allowing the Channel ports to be taken over by violent seamen is ample proof not only of M. Balladur's policy of appeasement but of his nervousness that an election victory may be slipping from his grasp. Britain and Europe have the right to demand a French Government made of sterner stuff.

## APPEALING PROPOSALS

The new criminal cases review body is welcome

Michael Howard's announcement yesterday of legislation to establish a new Criminal Cases Review Commission won support across the political spectrum and was warmly welcomed by the Lord Chief Justice. The need for an independent body to investigate miscarriages of justice was widely acknowledged long before the recommendations of the Royal Commission on Criminal Justice in July 1993. The damage done to public confidence by the cases of the Birmingham Six and Guildford Four still needs to be repaired. The new proposals should begin the process.

How allegations of miscarriages should be examined after appeal rights have been exhausted has been a perennial question for lawyers and constitutionalists. Since the Criminal Appeal Act of 1968, the Home Secretary has had the power to refer cases to the Court of Appeal where he feels a conviction is unsafe. This right has been used very restrictively. Between 1989 and 1992, for instance, only 28 cases involving 49 appellants were so referred, in spite of the fact that the Home Office receives between 700 and 800 applications a year. As Lord Runciman's Royal Commission observed, the power to refer has been used restrictively and reactively. The Home Office has sometimes appeared sluggish in its response to issues of great public and private concern.

It is also constitutionally unhealthy for the Home Secretary to exercise this quasi-judicial function. The separation of powers is not absolute in this country. Judges have considerable powers to quash executive decisions; the Home Secretary determines the length of sentence which many prisoners will serve. Yet the power to refer cases which have exhausted the appeal system back to the courts is a particularly sensitive one. The

Home Secretary is always exposed to the accusation that his decisions concerning such applications are politically motivated. The criminal justice system will benefit from the transfer of this power to a body that is publicly acknowledged to be independent.

The main area of controversy remains the manner in which the new commission should carry out investigations into cases which come before it. The Runciman commission recommended cautiously that "the direction of inquiries and their evaluation once completed would benefit from the employment on the staff of the authority of people with relevant investigative experience". The proposed body will consist of at least 11 members and employ up to 60 staff, with an annual budget of more than £4 million. But Mr Howard has stopped short of creating a special team of officers to carry out investigations. Instead, the body will be able to call on police officers for help as the need arises.

For this the Home Secretary was roundly criticised yesterday by Chris Mullin, the MP who campaigned successfully on behalf of the Birmingham Six. The failure to set up an investigative team completely independent of the police was, he argued, "an absolutely fatal flaw". This is an overreaction. It is insulting and false to suggest that no policeman can be trusted to carry out such work. The nature and scale of the investigations carried out by the commission will also vary enormously. Better for it to employ officers from different parts of the country and when they are needed than to maintain an expensive standing army of investigators. In its first few years, the body will probably face an overwhelming rush of applications. It will need all the flexibility the Government is willing to grant it.

## HOMO LOQUENS

"The whole earth was of one language, and of one speech"

There is an old Gã proverb from Ghana which chimes that "language changes every twenty miles". There is also, alas, a more recent and gloomy calculation. According to a research paper read earlier in the week to the American Association for the Advancement of Science, nearly 3,000 languages could become extinct over the next century. If Gã-speakers so wished, their proverb could now be altered to "600 languages die every twenty years".

There are almost as many languages in the world today as there are varieties of fruits or moths. Of these, a mere 169 are regarded by the CIA as "critical", in the sense that knowledge of them would promote security interests or scientific research. Others, such as Aakwo, Bella Coola, Grawa, dungalung, I, Kukuiku, Marraawarree, Ngea, Northern Pomo, Ok, Santa, Tootzil, U, Yangman and Zyrian — to select but a mouthful of examples from David Crystal's *Cambridge Encyclopedia of Language* — are likely to be with us merely as dimming sparkles which will soon lose their light.

Northern Pomo has, in fact, ceased to exist since the last edition of Crystal's book was published: the last speaker died a month ago, in her eighties, in California. Languages will continue to be threatened, just as fragile butterflies are. But if the Rajah Brooke's Birdwing butterfly is worth saving — and no one has suggested that it is not —

then so is Odul (a Paleosiberian tongue, better known as Yukaghir).

It has been suggested, and not just by paranoid Frenchmen, that the funeral rites of other tongues are conducted in English. Yet while it is true that language is a Darwinian business — and that English is the most sinewy *langue* of all — many more tongues have died with the death of the traditional ways of life of their speakers than from some great anglophone onslaught. French does not merit special protection, as its speakers must learn to compete in the free market of language. But we are duty-bound to rig the market in favour of — or to give "scaffolding" to — those little-known languages which wilt in the rude and modern glare from which there is now no escape. They should, wherever possible, be documented by our faculties of linguistics and philology, their spoken passages recorded on tape, and their last practitioners filmed for future generations. Technology can here come to the aid of teetering tradition.

We must burrow out in haste the few remaining speakers of the Khoisan family of languages, for example, of which only Kwadi and Sandawe number more than 10,000; or of the Ge-Pano-Carib strain, perhaps the most endangered of all. In embalmings these languages at their moment of death, we will at least be keeping alive our own spirit of inquiry.

## How to care for an ageing population

From Dr Julian Oram and Professor P. H. Millard

Sir, We are glad to congratulate Madame Joanne Calment of Arles on her 120th birthday today (report, February 20; leading article, February 21). We were also pleased to note your brief report of February 7 that there are now over 4,000 centenarians in Britain compared with 300 forty years ago. In 1991, 807,000 people were aged over 85, and there will be 1.5 million of this age by 2015.

All this is good news. Unfortunately, however, increasing age brings more likelihood of dependency and disability from illnesses such as arthritis, stroke, dementia, and circulatory and respiratory disorders. There is an 8 per cent disability profile for 65-75 year olds and 40 per cent for the over-85 age group.

Our experience in Wandsworth is relevant. A decade ago we tackled the problem of a long waiting list for admission and blocked hospital beds by introducing active therapeutic policies. We took over a small acute hospital on Wandsworth Common (the Bolingbroke) and transformed it into an active treatment centre with a demonstration long-term care unit and, by working with the borough, we established a community hospital that won a Sunday Times award in 1991.

In 1981 the Government decided that Britain could not afford the necessary expansion in geriatric medicine to cope with an increasingly ageing population. It subsequently entered into a policy of integration of acute care and private enterprise, with mixed results. Within the decade, public expenditure on private and voluntary residential and nursing care rose from £8 million a year to £2.4 billion, as the number of income-supported recipients of institutional care rose from 11,000 in December 1979 to 253,300 in November 1991.

In 1993, in an attempt to control expenditure, the Government introduced the Community Care Act which shifted responsibility to local authorities. New social workers have to decide the degree of nursing care that clients need. Many local authorities are struggling to meet the costs of care, whether it be in the community or a long-term residential setting, and economic reality means that those who can afford it will have in future to make an increasing financial contribution, as will the public purse.

A dramatic change has occurred in long-term care, moving from open wards and multi-occupancy rooms with flimsy curtains for privacy to single room units with their own sanitation and washing facilities. Much of this has been achieved by entering into contract with voluntary and private organisations.

Specialists in geriatric medicine however are having almost no input into these facilities, and this is an area where we have great expertise. It is heartening to know that the Government is considering new guidelines, so that all those who enter long-term care are first screened by specialists in geriatric medicine and that these specialists will also be involved in the continuum of their care.

Yours etc,  
JULIAN ORAM,  
PETER H. MILLARD,  
St George's Hospital Medical School,  
Division of Geriatric Medicine,  
Cranmer Terrace, SW17,  
February 21.

## Measure for measure

From Mr Peter R. Milner

Sir, Award time for the creative arts is with us again and I would like to nominate the Government, in the form of the Central Statistical Office, for the award for creative accounting.

From March the CSO will publish a measure of inflation which will exclude both mortgage payments and indirect taxation (report, February 16) and will release only "on request" its measure of tax and price inflation. This will allow the Government to continue with its policy of replacing direct with indirect taxation, to the detriment of poorer sections of the community, and at the same time claim continued success in reducing headline inflation, upon which it expects the country to settle its pay awards.

Perhaps the Government would explain to those of us who pay mortgages and indirect taxes how we, too, can remove these from our own monthly calculations.

Yours faithfully,  
PETER R. MILNER,  
Old Orchard House, Avon Dassett,  
Leamington Spa, Warwickshire.

## Livestock disease

From Mr Peter Curtis

Sir, Since the free market in British livestock was introduced in 1993, with its "open frontier" practices, several disease problems have been apparently imported into the UK, including equine viral arteritis, warbled cattle, foot-and-mouth disease, brucellosis of cattle. The problems may have been contained for the present, but they will undoubtedly recur.

Many other serious livestock diseases are also present in Europe. Given the 1994 report by the House of Commons agriculture committee, which questioned whether the Community's veterinary fund was adequate for its eradication responsibility,

## Getting into jail can also be difficult

From Miss Nemone Lethbridge

Sir, Last week I attempted to visit a client in custody. I had visited him in November, at the same prison, without problem. On this occasion a letter of introduction had been written, an appointment made and identification tendered (season ticket bearing photograph and signature, credit cards, professional card).

I was refused admittance. So was my instructing solicitor. An unqualified clerk, learning the law, was admitted, because he had on his person a driver's licence. He conducted the conference with my client.

While the clerk was wrestling with problems of criminal responsibility inside, my instructing solicitor and I

sat outside the custody area, watching the steady stream of wives and sweethearts (who obviously had their driver's licences about them) coming and going. Some of them seemed far from well. We thought that some were probably under the influence of drugs. We wondered which were buying and which were selling.

We also wondered whether in future the DVLC would issue its licences bearing the following words: "You are licensed to drive the following vehicles ... and to enter Her Majesty's Prison Belmarsh."

I am, Sir, your obedient servant,  
NEMONE LETHBRIDGE,  
116-118 Chancery Lane, WC2,  
February 17.

## Cambodia's day for 'worst killer'

From the Deputy Director of Oxfam

Sir, Tomorrow, Friday, will be a special day in Cambodia, but there will be no celebrations as it will be Mines Awareness Day. Thousands of amputees, doctors, surgeons, bereaved mothers, fathers, sons and daughters will march through Phnom Penh calling for a ban on the production and use of these indiscriminate and long-lasting weapons. The day will also be a memorial for all those who have lost their lives to what has been called "the world's worst serial killer".

Statistics on landmines in Cambodia are staggering. An estimated 7 million mines litter the country, nearly one lethal mine for every man, woman and child. Landmines have given Cambodia the unenviable honour of having the highest per capita amputee rate in the world.

Long after the war is over and the soldiers have gone home, landmines — "silent soldiers" — remain in the ground awaiting the random fallout of an innocent civilian. Throughout the world, in countries such as Angola, Afghanistan, Mozambique and the former Yugoslavia, landmines are wreaking havoc. Yet the produc-

tion, export and use of these weapons continues unabated.

Cambodia, along with many other countries including Italy, Sweden, Belgium and Ireland, is calling for a worldwide ban on the production, transfer, stockpiling and use of landmines. Whilst the British Government's recent ratification of the 1981 UN protocol restricting the use of landmines is welcome (report, February 22) the Government must now go the extra mile and call for a worldwide ban on a weapon which is just as indiscriminate and evil as chemical and biological weapons.

The UK and Irish members of the NGO Forum on Cambodia, on whose behalf I write, urge the Government to increase the level of humanitarian aid for the victims of mines and of mine clearance and mine awareness programmes. Failure to act now, to join the move to end the threat of these repulsive weapons, will mean the continued destruction of innocent lives during and long after the ravages of war.

Yours etc,  
STEWART WALLIS  
Deputy Director, Oxfam,  
274 Banbury Road, Oxford.

## Prescription charges

From Professor David Silverman

Sir, You report today that the Government defended the latest increase in prescription charges by arguing "that those who could afford to do so should make a small contribution towards the increased spending on the NHS". Exactly so. But isn't that why we pay income tax, levied according to ability to pay? Why tax the sick? Unless, perish the thought, the Government wants to use inequitable tax increases of this kind to pave the way for yet another pre-election tax "cut".

Yours sincerely,  
DAVID SILVERMAN,  
Goldsmiths' College,  
Sociology Department,  
Lewisham Way, SE14,  
February 23.

## 'Lay' Communion

From the Bishop of Maidstone

Sir, On February 18 you carried a report which presented me as someone "declaring ... support for lay celebration of the Holy Communion". What it did not make clear is that I see no need for such unusual action at present.

I introduced the thought in a talk which reflected on the challenges and dilemmas facing the Church of England if it wishes to remain a Church that is "there" for all the communities of our country.

Within fifteen years I believe we shall be trying to serve the country with significantly fewer clergy. In the

rural areas particularly this may have to call for very radical developments. My idea for "provisional lay celebration" was discussed in that context. The idea is nothing new. It is based on the thought of a famous dissertation on ministry written by Bishop J. B. Lightfoot in 1868.

I was making no dramatic call to the rest of the Church. The House of Bishops group that is thinking on these matters already knows my thoughts. We need to face the looming crisis with vision. That is what I actually talked about.

Yours sincerely,  
ICAVIN MAIDSTONE,  
Bishop's House, Pett Lane,  
Charing, Ashford, Kent.  
February 23.

## Federal Europe

From Mr Antony Moore

Sir, Mr Lamont fearfully foresees a Britain within a federal Europe with a status like that of the State of Delaware within the United States of America (report, February 18).

He, and we, should ask ourselves what today would be the international standing, and what the economic wealth, of a sovereign, independent State of Delaware whose forefathers had decided to stand aside from the development of the United States of America, and consequently to have no influence over its nature or its policies.

Fortunately, after 150 years of constant fighting, first with the native

Indians and then among themselves, the Swedish, Dutch and English colonists in Delaware had acquired a wider vision, and a truer understanding of their own best interests, and at the Annapolis Convention of 1797 were the first representatives of the five attending states to ratify the Federal constitution.

I understand that the citizens of the State of Delaware today see no reason to regret this decision and that their present life is by no means disagreeable.

Yours faithfully,  
ANTONY MOORE,  
Touchbridge, Boarstall,  
Aylesbury, Buckinghamshire,  
February 18.

proposals to improve import control. Yet the Government, it seems, is intent on reducing its state veterinary service activities and does not wish to accept responsibility for new diseases found in UK livestock.

Uncontrolled re-imported disease of which sheep scab is a present example, may cause untold animal suffering in future years. Given our island state, our livestock deserve more protection from avoidable disease. We need a more forward-looking philosophy of disease reduction.

Yours sincerely,  
PETER CURTIS,  
The University of Liverpool,  
Department of Veterinary Clinical Science and Animal Husbandry,  
Leahurst, Neston, South Wirral,  
February 20.

## Honouring the Spitfire's creator

From Sir Charles J. Jessel

Sir, Although Reginald Mitchell's son was informed that his father could not be given a posthumous award for creating the Spitfire (report, February 21) because such honours can only be given for gallantry, there seems to be no reason why his widow or son should not have been granted a title.

In the same issue you reported that the widow of John Smith, Labour Leader of the Opposition, has taken the title of Baroness Smith of Gilmorehill, her honour presumably being awarded in recognition of her late husband's services to the nation.

This is an example of a widow receiving the recognition due to her spouse. But the honour could be given to a son. This was the case in my own family. My great grandfather, a Master of the Rolls, died too young to be created a baronet. The title was granted to his son in 1883.

Is it too late to rectify this seeming lack of gratitude to one who contributed so greatly to the winning of the Battle of Britain, and thus eventually to victory in World War II? Surely something special should be done in this year of VE-Day celebrations to honour such an important man?

Yours etc,  
CHARLES JESSEL,  
South Hill Farm,  
Hastingleigh, nr Ashford, Kent,  
February 21.

From Group Captain David Green,  
Chairman of the Spitfire Society

Sir, As a teenage fighter pilot in 1942, and, many years later, the founder of this society, I have known throughout my years in aviation that I owe my life to the matchless design skill of R. J. Mitchell. I share with his son, Dr Gordon Mitchell, sadness that "RJ" did not survive to see how his genius and dedication made all the difference between freedom and tyranny.

Yours sincerely,  
DAVID GREEN,  
Chairman, The Spitfire Society,  
141 Albert Road,  
Southampton, Hampshire,  
February 21.

From Mr I. R. Lyon

Sir, Every ageing schoolboy reading *The Times* today would have been quite horrified by your caption to Mitchell's Spitfire. They would all know that K5054 was not just "one of the first"; it was the first, and a quite exceptional and unique aeroplane.

Yours faithfully,  
IAN LYON,  
Eastone Grey,  
Allenhayes Road, Salcombe, Devon,  
February 21.

## What the blazers!

From the President of the Oxford Union Society

Sir, How nice to read (Diary, February 21) that the Cambridge Union are finally following the Oxford Union's lead, and buying themselves blazers. We noted Cambridge's jealous looks at our debaters' jackets as we cruised past them in the recent world championships in Princeton.

Apparently Cambridge plan only to provide for the men; strange, as their best debater is a woman. Our ladies are happy with blazers, but perhaps Cambridge can persuade the Queen's dressmaker to run up an evening gown.

Congratulations must go to Sir Hardy Amies, however, for having already picked out a shade of Oxford Blue. How sensible: duck-egg never was very fetching.

Yours,  
ROBERT PALMER,  
President, Oxford Union Society,  
Prewin Court, Oxford.

## Episcopal abuse?

From the Archdeacon of Aston

Sir, Did a retired bishop really use obscene language in a letter to the Archdeacon of York? That's what Julia Llewellyn Smith (interview, "I believe in God, not in getting on", February 10) said happened after a "Thought for the Day" broadcast.

I call upon the archdeacon to substantiate the claim or else deny the report. If he does neither, his own credibility will be suspect.

Yours faithfully,  
JOHN BARTON,  
26 George Road,  
Edgbaston, Birmingham,  
February 11.

## Move along, there

From Mrs Alan Robson

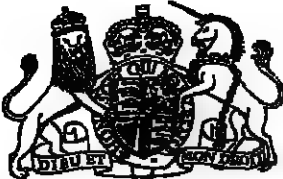
Sir, Yesterday morning I saw a lorry equipped with a large hoist and bearing the inscription "Community recycling".

Is this some new diabolical government scheme for relocating citizens?

Yours truly,  
LIZ ROBSON,  
The Rectory,  
Wrotham, Kent,  
February 21.

Letters for publication should carry contact telephone numbers. We regret that we cannot accept letters by telephone but they may be sent by fax to 0171-782 5046.





## COURT CIRCULAR

**BUCKINGHAM PALACE**  
February 23: His Excellency Professor Cyril Foray and Mrs Foray were received in audience by the Queen and took leave upon His Excellency relinquishing his appointment as High Commissioner for the Republic of Sierra Leone in London.

His Excellency Mr Jan Herman van Rijen was received in audience by Her Majesty and presented the Letters of Recall of his predecessor and his own Letters of Credence as Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary from the Kingdom of the Netherlands to the Court of St James.

His Excellency was accompanied by the following members of the Embassy: Mr Ronald Louden (Minister Plenipotentiary), Mr Adrian Quyn (Minister Plenipotentiary, Economic Affairs), Mr Hinkius Nijenhuis (Political Counselor, Consul General), Mr Roelof van der Kraak (First Secretary, Economic Affairs), Captain Jakobus Blok (Military Attaché), Colonel Hubertus Bunsel (Military Attaché), Mr Harmen de Boer (Counselor, Agriculture) and Mr Hubertus Tubbers (Counselor, Industrial Affairs).

Mrs van Rijen was also received by the Queen.

Dr Klaus Hain (President of the European Parliament) was received by Her Majesty.

The Queen, Colonel-in-Chief, The Royal Green Jackets, received General Edward Jones, retiring his appointment as United Kingdom Military Representative at NATO and as Representative Colonel Commander, The Royal Green Jackets, and Major General Christopher Wallace upon assuming the appointment as Representative Colonel Commander, The Royal Green Jackets.

The Queen, Patron, and the Duke of Edinburgh this afternoon visited the Royal Institute of International Affairs, Chatham House, London, SW1, to mark the Seventy-Fifth Anniversary of the Institute and were received by the Honorary President (the Lord of Hibernia) and the Chairman (the Lord of Hibernia).

Her Majesty and His Royal Highness viewed an exhibition before touring the Institute, escorted respectively by Professor Sir Laurence

Martin (Director) and the Lord Tugendhat.

The Countess of Airlie, Sir Kenneth Scott and Major James Patrick were in attendance.

The Duke of Edinburgh, President, the Guinea Pig Club, this morning opened the Melrose Burns Centre, Queen Victoria Hospital, East Grinstead, and was received by Colonel Sir Brian Bartlett, B (Vice Lord-Lieutenant of West Sussex).

Sir Brian McGrath was in attendance.

February 23: The Prince Edward, President, this afternoon attended a performance of "Penguin" given by the National Youth Music Theatre at the Edinburgh Festival Theatre, Edinburgh.

Leutenant Colonel Sean O'Dwyer was in attendance.

**YORK HOUSE**  
February 23: The Duke of Kent, Patron, Trinity College of Music, this evening attended a concert, Westminster Central Hall, London SW1.

Mr Nicolas Adamson was in attendance.

The Duke of Kent, President, this afternoon presented the Engineering Council's President Award, York House, St James's Palace, London SW1.

The Duchess of Kent, Patron, the Anthony Nolan Bone Marrow Trust, this evening attended a reception, the Honorary Artillery Company, Armoury House, City Road, London EC1.

Mrs Peter Troughton was in attendance.

**THATCHED HOUSE LODGE**  
February 23: Princess Alexandra, Patron, this afternoon received the Right Hon Sir Peter Lloyd, MP upon his appointment as Chairman of the New Forest National Park.

Her Royal Highness, Colonel-in-Chief of the King's Own Royal Border Regiment, subsequently received Major General R.J. Hodges, Colonel of the Regiment, Lieutenant Colonel S.J. Flanagan upon relinquishing command of the 4th Volunteer Battalion, London.

Her Royal Highness, Vice Patron of the Royal Overseas League, this evening attended a Musical Evening to inaugurate the Audrey Strange Memorial Trust at St James's Palace, London SW1.

Mrs Peter Alfa was in attendance.

## School news

**Edgely School, Bedford, Devon**

The Governors are pleased to announce the following Exhibitions and Exhibitions for September 1995:

1. Exhibitions: Charlotte Butler, Kim, Moira Johns.

11. Exhibitions: Caroline Bzerny, Kate Neal.

11. Exhibitions: Sophie Barker, James Brown, Hayley Park.

11. Exhibitions: Caroline Bzerny, Kim, Moira Johns.

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Billy Strachan from Jamaica, who became an RAF Lancaster pilot, standing by a Lancaster fuselage in the museum

## The Empire's forgotten heroes are recalled

By JOHN YOUNG

VICTOR Ubuogi, a try-scoring hero in Britain's rugby victory against Wales last Saturday, yesterday joined a number of other black and Asian celebrities at the Imperial War Museum for the launch of a campaign to highlight the contribution of Asian, African and Caribbean men and women in the Second World War.

The museum described its educational pack as an attempt to redress the imbalance of material at present available. "While it is known that the former Empire made a valuable contribution to Britain's war effort, there seems to be considerable ignorance about its extent and nature," a spokesman said.

Some 372,000 Africans fought for Britain mainly in the King's African Rifles, based in Kenya, and the Royal West African Frontier Force centred on Nigeria; around 119,000 served in South-East Asia and 47,500 in the Middle East. Of the 2,500,000 members of the

Indian Army, only 100,000 were from Britain. Indian regiments served in Eritrea, Abyssinia, the Middle East, North Africa, Burma, Malaya, Italy and Greece. A total of 8 million people served in the defence services, including war industries and the railways.

Some 6,000 West Indians volunteered for the RAF and thousands more served in the Merchant Navy and in civilian war work. 700 British Hindus worked as labourers in Scotland.

Billy Strachan, 74, now a barrister, journalist and management consultant in Wembley, came to Britain from Jamaica in March 1940 at the age of 18. Within 12 weeks he had been promoted to sergeant wireless operator and air gunner flying in Wellington bombers.

After 29 missions he could have retired but asked to train as a pilot, became an acting squadron leader and continued flying Lancasters until April 1945. "I didn't come here as a West Indian, I came to England and joined as an Englishman," he said yesterday. "I never

encountered any racism but my fellow officers thought I was mad to have volunteered. They said they would have got the boat going the other way if they had known what was in store."

Colonel Mohammed Ismail Khan, of the Indian Army, was taken prisoner in Singapore in February 1942 and spent the rest of the war in a Japanese camp. "It was certainly no picnic," he said yesterday.

Since partition in 1947 there had been moves to disband veterans' associations. But both Indians and Pakistanis had resisted strongly. "We said to hell with that, we'll go on till the last of us is dead, then they can scrap them," Colonel Khan said.

Diane Abbott, Labour MP for Hackney North, whose family came from Jamaica, said that, as a child, she had been told by relatives how many West Indians had volunteered. "They didn't have to come," she said. "They were proud to be British and glad to have the chance to fight for their country."

## Today's royal engagements

The Duke of Edinburgh will visit the

Hoddes School and Arts Centre, St Helena, Merseyside, at 9.30 on Tuesday.

He will visit the Royal National Institute for Deaf People's Twentieth Unit, Liverpool, at 3.15.

The Prince of Wales, as Patron of the National Trust, will visit

Styke Country Park, Wiltshire, on Tuesday, at 10.30.

He will visit Quarry Bank Mill, Wiltshire, at noon.

As Patron of the National Trust, the Prince will also visit

Disley, Stockport, at 2.25.

The Duchess of Gloucester, as Patron of the London College of Music, will attend a concert in aid of

Winged Fellowship and Crusade at St John's Smith Square at 7.25.

The London Institute

The Chairman of The London Institute, Mr Julian R. Markham, and the

Receptor of the London Institute, Professor John McKelvey, were the

hosts at a reception held on Tuesday

and Wednesday, February 21 and 22,

in the Institute's Gallery at 65 Davies Street, London, W1 to launch the

Institute's Annual Report and to mark the achievements of the

Institute's First Class Honorary Students in design.

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## Dinners

The Hon Douglas Hurd, Secretary of State for Foreign and

Commonwealth Affairs, was the host at a

luncheon given by Her Majesty's

Government yesterday at Carlton

Gardens, in honour of Dr Klaus

Hain, President of the European

Parliament.

Australia, New Zealand and

Papua New Guinea Chambers

of Commerce

Mr Ken Crompton, Agent General

for Victoria, was the guest of

honour and speaker at a luncheon

of the Australia, New Zealand and

Papua New Guinea Chambers of

Commerce held yesterday at the

Hyatt Carlton Tower Hotel. Mr

Michael Whalley, Chairman of the

Australian British Chamber of

Commerce, received the guests

who included the High Commis-

sioner and Deputy High Commis-

sioner for Australia, the High

Commissioner for New Zealand and

the Agents General for South

and Western Australia.

Institute of Physics

Dr C.A.P. Foxell, Immediate Past

President of the Institute of Phys-

ics, presided at a luncheon given

by the Institute at the Goring Hotel

yesterday for representatives of the

Institute's corporate affiliate com-

panies. Professor Sir John

Cadogan, Director-General of Re-

search Council, was the speaker.

National Sporting Club

Mr Brian Clough was the guest of

honour and speaker at a luncheon

of the National Sporting Club held

yesterday at the Café Royal. Mr

Bob Willis, chairman, presided.

The Park Tower Luncheon Club

The Park Tower Luncheon Club

The Park Tower Luncheon Club

## Anniversaries

BIRTHS: Charles Le Brun,

painter, Paris, 1619; Catherine L.

Express of Russia 1725-27, Dor-

pat, Estonia, 1694; James Quin,

actor, London, 1695; Samuel Wes-

ley, musician, Bristol, 1766;

William Grimm, historian and

folklore collector, Hanau,

Germany, 1786; Samuel Love,

novelist, songwriter and painter,

Dublin, 1797; Winslow Homer,

painter, Boston, Massachusetts,

1836; George Moore, novelist,

Ballyglass, Co Mayo, 1852; Arnold

Dolmetsch, musician, Le Mans,

1858; Sir Arthur Pearson, news-

paper proprietor, Woolley, Som-

erset, 1866.

DEATHS: Henry Cavendish,

physicist and chemist, London,

1810; Robert Fulton, steamboat

pioneer, New York, 1815; Thomas

Bowler, self-appointed Shakes-

pearean editor, Swansea, 1825;

Edmund Armstrong, poet, King-

sdown, Ireland, 1865.

The Flying Scotsman went into

service, 1923.

Juan Perón was elected President

of Argentina, 1946.

Mr Louis Heren

A memorial service for Louis

Heren, a former deputy editor of

The Times, will be held at St

Brice's, Fleet Street, on Tuesday,

March 28, at 11.30.

IN MEMORIAM -

WAR

OLIVER - In memory of Oliver

Oliver, who died on 22nd Feb-

ruary 1945, aged 79 years. De-

parted by his wife, Mrs. Olive

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Oliver, who died on 22nd Feb-

ruary 1945, aged 79 years. De-

parted by







## NEWS

## Major gambles on rebel MPs

John Major has decided to put his authority on the line in a knife-edge vote on Europe next week in which the Government's fate might be decided by its nine whipless rebels.

In a move that surprised his supporters and opponents the Prime Minister opted to spearhead the Government's defence against a Labour motion attacking its policy on Europe. Defeat could lead to the fall of the Government. Page 1

## Middle classes desert the Tories

The middle classes have become increasingly gloomy about the economic outlook and are deserting the Tories on a record scale. Labour support has risen two percentage points to 58 per cent since the end of January, while the Tory rating has slipped three points to 24 per cent after the exposure of splits in the Cabinet over Europe. Page 1

## Graham's £425,000

George Graham, who was sacked as manager of Arsenal, received £425,000 commission for the transfer of two Scandinavian footballers. Page 1

## Herriot dies

James Herriot, the world's most famous vet, died at the age of 78 in his home at Thirsk, in North Yorkshire, the town that was the model for Darrowby in *All Creatures Great and Small*. Page 1

## Ferries blocked

Striking French seamen held up thousands of holidaymakers with a violent blockade of Calais which forced ferries to divert to Zeebrugge. Page 1

## Unionists criticised

Ulster businessmen said that Unionist politicians who condemned the Anglo-Irish framework document have lost touch with grassroots opinion. Page 2

## Fry 'in France'

Stephen Fry, the actor who vanished in "emotional turmoil" after quitting his West End show, was seen on a ferry to France by two passengers on Monday. Page 3

## Court clash

A senior judge and a former Bar Council chairman were involved in a personal clash in the Court of Appeal after the judge refused to adjourn a case so that the QC could arrange his father's funeral. Page 5

## £300,000 tag on 'worthless' pictures

A banker whose collection of 19th-century watercolours a London auction house regarded as worthless ten years ago has been told they could now fetch up to £300,000. The BBC's *Antiques Road Show* stumbled across the book of 25 paintings by the Filipino artist José Honorato Lozano during filming in Brussels this week. Page 9

## Huskies die

A fatal illness has struck the last surviving British huskies after they were taken from Antarctica to Inukjuak on the edge of Hudson Bay. Page 7

## Justice body

The Government is proposing to set up an independent organisation to investigate alleged miscarriages of justice. Page 8

## Boy, 14, cleared

A 14-year-old Pakistani Christian who faced execution for blasphemy was cleared and ordered to be immediately freed by Lahore High Court. But Salamat Masih faces almost certain death if he returns home. Page 12

## No free lunch

Almost nothing in the Republicans' Contract With America has caused such a furore as the attempt to scrap the Government's school-lunch programme and to send lump sums to the states to feed children. Page 13

## CIA controversy

Controversy over the French decision to ask five alleged CIA agents to leave Paris was moving to the centre of the country's election campaign. Page 14

## Belgian scandal

A slow-burning but devastating political scandal is wreaking havoc inside the Belgian political class and seems sure to dominate a general election. Page 15



Tony Blair, who claims that Labour now speaks for middle-income Britain, leaving Waterloo for Bournemouth yesterday. MORI, page 1

## BUSINESS

**Power struggle:** Northern Electric predicted that it would retain its independence after Trafalgar House raised its bid to £1.1 a share, somewhat short of the expected "knock-out" price. Page 23

**Executive pay:** Two-thirds of British managers believe that company directors' earnings should be restricted. Page 23

**ICI:** The chemicals group, disappointed investors by leaving its final dividend unchanged even though it reported sharply higher earnings and much lower debts. Page 23

**Markets:** The FT-SE 100 rose 29.8 to 3049.3. Sterling's index rose from 87.1 to 87.4 after a rise from \$1.5885 to \$1.5920 and from DM2.3314 to DM2.3442. Page 26

## SPORT

**Rugby union:** Ireland have dropped Keith Wood, their highly rated hooker, in one of three changes for the match against France, who have themselves made six changes. Page 44

**Golf:** Robert Karlsson, the tallest player on the PGA European Tour, took the first-round lead in the Turespina Open Mediterranean with a course record 64. Page 42

**Rugby league:** David Myers, the Bradford Northern wing, has been banned for the rest of the domestic season and fined £250 for running into the back of a referee. Page 41

**Motor racing:** The Pacific team, a regular non-qualifier last season but now linked with Lotus, launched its new Formula One car in London. Page 42

## ARTS

**Classic force:** Michael Frayn's *Noises Off*, now in Birmingham, is an ingeniously engineered, scrupulously timed, door-slamming, prop-juggling, and escalatingly absurd comedy. Page 33

**All Greek to me:** The triennial Cambridge Greek play is still ebulliently alive after 110 years. The cast clearly do not think Aristophanes a boring old fart. Page 33

**Liberal lovers:** It has taken English National Ballet eight years to revive Nureyev's *Romeo and Juliet*, a production that interprets Shakespeare far too literally. Page 34

**Pop on Friday:** In America, the complaining grunge bands have been overtaken by a new wave of groups whose music is brash, breezy and anxiety-free. Page 35

## FEATURES

**Lesson in determination:** Valerie Grove meets the aggrieved school principal who set the balliffs on to Harrods. Page 17

**Exit right:** Stephen Fry's fans will be happy to welcome him back when he's good and ready. Libby Purves writes. Page 17

**Roman candle:** John Phillips talks about *maschilismo* with Irene Pivetti, the youngest Speaker of the Italian Parliament. Page 16

**Shocking success:** Julia Llewellyn Smith investigates the birth of *Killer Joe*, a gory but praise-spattered play by actor Tracy Letts. Page 16

## INFOTECH

**Window on China:** As part of a promotions drive, Microsoft is to train 2,500 Chinese to become software experts. Page 37

**Virtual study:** You can now use a personal computer to "attend" lectures for an MBA course. Page 36

## THE PAPERS

We welcome news that modern techniques in biology have brought a growing consensus that the concept of race has little basis in science. — *Los Angeles Times*

The framework document represents a rare chance to let go of old hatreds. All over the world — from Cambodia to El Salvador to the Middle East — old enemies are struggling in this direction. The citizens of Northern Ireland deserve no less. — *The New York Times*

## TOMORROW

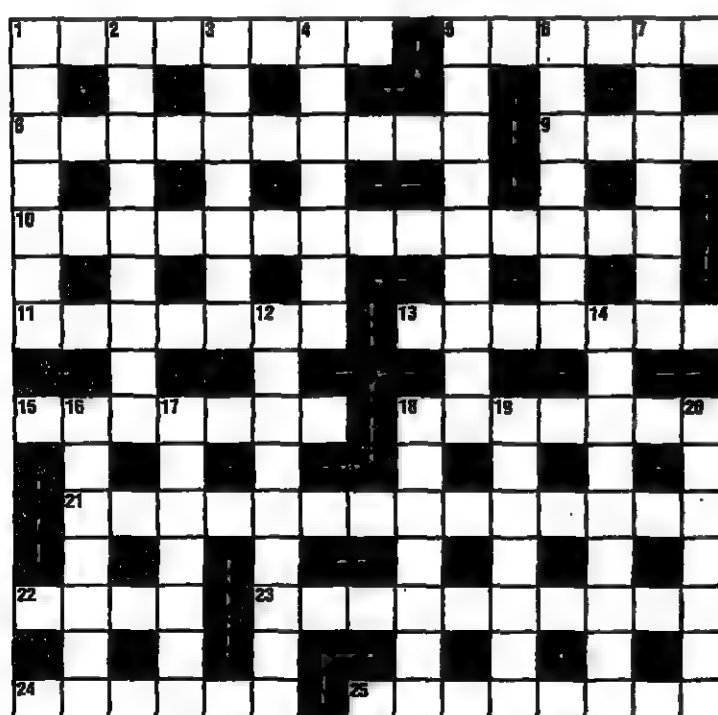
## IN THE TIMES

**TECHNO CHIC**  
Iain R. Webb on designer experiments in the science of style

**REVIEWS**  
Jonathan Meades on another Marco protégé; Marcel Berlins on *The Advocate's Devil*



## THE TIMES CROSSWORD NO 19,787



## ACROSS

- 1 Late pupil has import modified (8).
- 5 Stoop to pick up second object (6).
- 8 Double number round scene of fighting (4,6).
- 9 A couple of seconds for religious work (4).
- 10 Soldier attached to army unit for this enterprise (7,7).
- 11 Cunning isn't commonly included in such qualities (7).
- 13 German city's Irish quarter (7).
- 15 Dance around a baker's first cake (3,4).
- 18 Stand for displaying nondescript article (7).
- 21 Test audience's conclusion on revolutionary music (14).
- 22 A princess in opera — or opera (4).
- 23 Extremely urgent mood (10).
- 24 Turn to examine inside tree or shrub (6).

## DOWN

- 25 Mixed one a pure white (8).
- 1 Work about Edward I, a tragic king (7).
- 2 Revolutionary lists main Communist principles (9).
- 3 Chap holding rod getting agitated — trout finally biting (7).
- 4 Treatments given here to hide strain girl's in (7).
- 5 Trap set under missile in naval base (9).
- 6 Deep, deep singer's part of catch (3,4).
- 7 Praise hard worker audibly? Good heavens! (5,2).
- 12 Dissolute Wooster endlessly getting into row (9).
- 14 In torment, as a talent is misdirected (9).
- 16 In public service, lack of effectiveness gets head dismissed (7).
- 17 Two pieces that a minor player plays (3,4).
- 18 Painter gets engineer a drink in France (7).
- 19 Fruit in a little case taken to a party (7).
- 20 The means of control in that situation (7).

The solution of The Eliminator Puzzle, No 19,786, will appear on Thursday, March 2, 1995

Times Two Crossword, page 44

## TIMES WEATHERCALL

For the latest region by region forecast, 24 hours a day, dial 0891 500 followed by the appropriate code:

Greater London	701	West/Surrey/Sussex	703
East Angles	702	Devon & Cornwall	704
East Midlands	705	Wiltshire/Dorset/Somerset	706
East of England	707	North/South Wales	708
East of Scotland	709	North/South Wales	709
East of Scotland	710	North/South Wales	710
East of Scotland	711	North/South Wales	711
East of Scotland	712	North/South Wales	712
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East of Scotland	719	North/South Wales	719
East of Scotland	720	North/South Wales	720
East of Scotland	721	North/South Wales	721
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East of Scotland	723	North/South Wales	723
East of Scotland	724	North/South Wales	724
East of Scotland	725	North/South Wales	725
East of Scotland	726	North/South Wales	726
East of Scotland	727	North/South Wales	727

Weathercall is charged at 30p per minute (cheap rate) and 40p per minute at all other times.

## AA ROADWATCH

For the latest AA traffic/roadworks information, 24 hours a day, dial 0336 401 followed by the appropriate code:

London & SE traffic, roadworks	731
Area within M25	732
East/Herts/Beds/Bucks/Barns/Chon	733
West/Surrey/Sussex/Hants	734
M25 London Orbital only	735
National traffic and roadworks	736
National motorways	737
West Country	738
Wales	739
Midlands	740
East Angles	741
North-west England	742
North-east England	743
Scotland	744
Northern Ireland	745
AA Roadwatch is charged at 30p per minute (cheap rate) and 40p per minute at all other times.	

## HIGHEST &amp; LOWEST

Yesterday: Highest day temp: Dorking, North Yorkshire, 12°C (54°F); lowest day temp: Loch Glacach and Avenmore, Highland, 3°C (37°F); highest rainfall: Spookstown, Cumbria, 1.00in; highest sunshine: Margate, Kent, 5.4hr.

## FORECAST

**General:** much of southeast England, Wales and the Midlands will be cloudy with outbreaks of generally light rain. Southwest England will turn brighter but windy with showers for a time and further rain later. Northeast counties will have broken cloud and will stay largely dry.

Northern Ireland and Scotland will start cloudy with outbreaks of rain, falling as sleet or snow in the north and over higher ground. Some showers will be heavy, perhaps with hail and thunder. Winds will be light for a time, though it will be cold.

**London, SE England, Central S England, E Midlands:** cloudy with outbreaks of rain. Wind westerly light to moderate. Max 8°C (46°F).

**E Angles, E England, NE England:** clear spells, rain for a time. Wind westerly light to moderate. Max 7°C (45°F).

**W Midlands, Channel Isles, SW England, S Wales, N Wales:** cloudy with rain, drier for a time. Wind westerly moderate. Max 9°C (48°F).

**NW England, Lake District, Isle of Man, Central N, SW Scotland, Glasgow, Argyll, N Ireland:** cloudy with rain, sleet or snow on the higher ground. Wind northwesterly to west, mainly moderate. Max 7°C (45°F).

**Borders, Edinburgh & Dundee, Aberdeen, Moray Firth:** mainly dry, clear spells. Wind westerly, moderate becoming light. Max 6°C (43°F).

**Central Highlands, NE Scotland, NW Scotland, Orkney, Shetland:** showers, some heavy and possibly with hail or thunder. Snow over hills. Winds northwesterly moderate to fresh. Max 5°C (41°F).

**Outlook:** further rain spreading from the west into southern parts, with showers in the north.

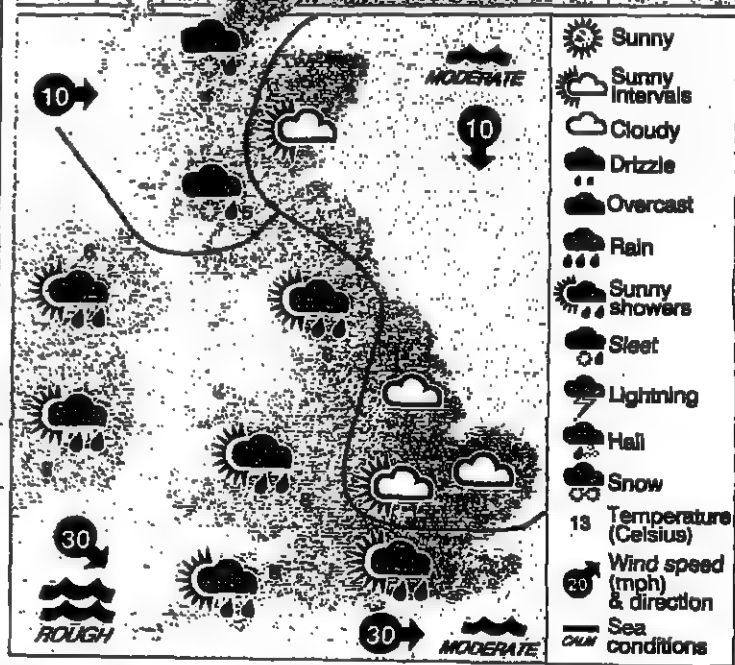
## AROUND BRITAIN

24 hrs to 5 pm: b=bright; c=cloud; d=dry; dr=dry; st=storm; du=duke; f=fair; lg=light; g=gale; h=halt; r=rain; sh=showers; sl=sleet; t=thunder; w=wind; x=other; y=other; z=other.

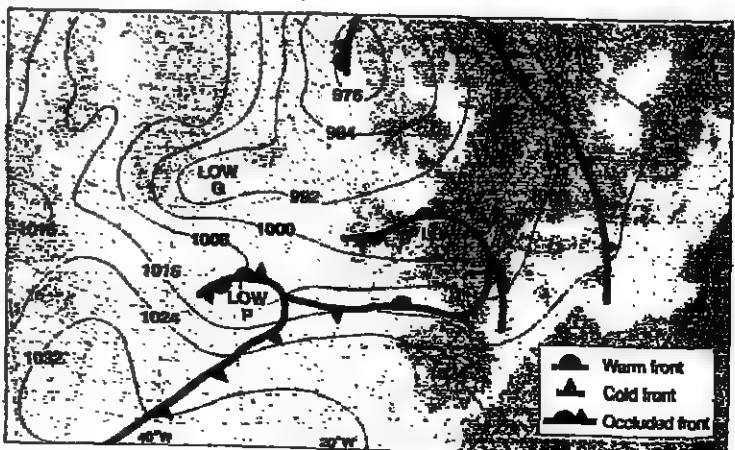
Area	Temp	Wind	Cloud	Temp	Wind	Cloud	Temp	Wind	Cloud
Aberdeen	1.7	0.03	6	43	c	10	50	1	1
Aberdeen	1.7	0.03	6	43	c	10	50	1	1
Aberdeen	1.7	0.03	6	43	c	10	50	1	1
Aberdeen	1.7	0.03	6	43	c	10	50	1	1
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Aberdeen	1.7	0.03	6	43	c	10	50	1	1

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Aberdeen	1.7	0.03	6	43	c	10	50	1	1
Aberdeen	1.7	0.03	6	43	c	10	50	1	1
Aberdeen	1.7	0.03	6	43	c	10	50	1	1
Aberdeen	1.7	0.03	6	43	c	10	50	1	1

## NOON TODAY



Changes to chart below from noon: low O will move E and fill slightly; low P will move E and deepen, then move into Continent and fill; low G will drift E with little change.



## HIGH TIDES

Area	Temp	Wind	Cloud	Temp	Wind	Cloud	Temp	Wind	Cloud
Aberdeen	1.7	0.03	6	43	c	10	50	1	1
Aberdeen	1.7	0.03	6	43	c	10	50	1	1
Aberdeen	1.7	0.03	6	43	c	10	50	1	1
Aberdeen	1.7	0.03	6	43	c	10	50	1	1
Aberdeen	1.7	0.03	6	43	c	10	50	1	1
Aberdeen	1.7	0.03	6	43	c	10	50	1	1
Aberdeen	1.7	0.03	6	43	c	10	50	1	1
Aberdeen	1.7	0.03	6	43	c	10	50	1	1
Aberdeen	1.7	0.03	6	43	c	10	50	1	1
Aberdeen	1.7	0.03	6	43	c	10	50	1	1

## HOURS OF DARKNESS

Area	Temp	Wind	Cloud	Temp	Wind	Cloud	Temp	Wind	Cloud
Aberdeen	1.7	0.03	6	43	c	10	50	1	1
Aberdeen	1.7	0.03	6	43	c	10	50	1	1
Aberdeen	1.7	0.03	6	43	c	10	50	1	1
Aberdeen	1.7	0.03	6	43	c	10	50	1	1
Aberdeen	1.7	0.03	6	43	c	10	50	1	1
Aberdeen	1.7	0.03	6	43	c	10	50	1	1
Aberdeen	1.7	0.03	6	43	c	10	50	1	1
Aberdeen	1.7	0.03	6	43	c	10	50	1	1
Aberdeen	1.7	0.03	6	43	c	10	50	1	1
Aberdeen	1.7	0.03	6	43	c	10	50	1	1

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**ARTS 33-35**  
Polly Harvey, an English rose more thorn than petal



**INFOTECH 36, 37**  
Will American culture dominate the superhighway?



**SPORT 38-44**  
Paula Thomas: Running at a loss for Britain

**TELEVISION AND RADIO**  
Pages 42, 43

# THE TIMES

BUSINESS EDITOR Lindsay Cook

FRIDAY FEBRUARY 24 1995

## Trafalgar lifts Northern bid to £11 a share

By ERIC REGULY

NORTHERN Electric predicted yesterday that it would retain its independence after Trafalgar House raised its bid to £11 a share, short of the "knock-out" price the City expected.

At the same time, Trafalgar admitted it would slump into loss during the first half and have disappointing results for the year to end-September after paying compensation to passengers on the QE2, following its disastrous reef.

Trafalgar's new bid is 52p higher than its opening cash offer of £10.48 per share. The £11 price, which expires on March 10, adds another £60 million to the £1.2 billion value of the offer and is final unless a competing bid is launched.

Northern shares fell by 75p to £10.53.

Northern and many investors had expected a bid as high as £12: the shares had traded above £11 on Wednesday. One Northern insider said Northern "would have been dead" if Trafalgar had offered £12.

Northern recommended shareholders to reject the offer.

David Morris, chairman, said: "This offer is woefully inadequate and is destined to fail. In our view, the Tyne Bridge was a bridge too far for Trafalgar House."

Trafalgar still remained confident, noting that £11 represented a premium of more than 40 per cent to the current trading value of the other regional electricity companies and more than 20 per cent to the price of Northern shares in mid-December.

Rodney Leach, a non-executive director of Trafalgar, said the directors considered not raising the bid at all during a late-night planning session on Wednesday. He said: "We raised it because we're slaves to fashion. You're supposed to increase the bid in takeovers."

The City predicts that Trafalgar has a fairly good chance of succeeding even though its bid fell short of expectations.

Adam Forsyth, an analyst at NatWest Securities, said: "It's not an automatic win but I think, at the end of the day, it'll go."

Analysts said that institutions, which own 82 per cent of the equity, will be busy balancing the certainty of the £11 in cash over the benefits of Northern's defence package, which Northern claimed was worth £5.07 a share. It includes a special dividend of £1.50 per share, new prefer-

ence shares worth £1 per share and a promise that the company's 6.5 per cent holding in the National Grid will be handed directly to shareholders.

The package will boost balance sheet gearing from zero now to 25 per cent in 1996. Mr Forsyth said that institutions will have to judge, for example, what risks the extra gearing will create, such as reduced dividend cover.

Separately, it emerged yesterday that Swiss Bank Corporation, Trafalgar's adviser, had sold all its Northern shares, which were held by the bank's market makers, over the past ten days. At one point, they owned almost 6 million shares, or 5.33 per cent of the company. Some of the sales went through at prices slightly above £11.

A Northern official said £11-plus sales had irked some of its institutional shareholders. He said: "The institutions said 'If Swiss Bank is selling at more than £11 a share, why should we take only £11?'"

Northern said it would discuss the market-maker's sales with the Takeover Panel.

Trafalgar's profit warning comes in the wake of the high costs associated with the disastrous Christmas cruises of the QE2, owned by the company's Cunard division. Last month, Trafalgar said it had put aside £7.5 million to cover expenses such as fare refunds.

Trafalgar said Cunard will show an operating loss in the first half of the year. It said: "This, together with the lower earnings from engineering... is likely to result in the group producing a half-year loss and disappointing full-year results."

Permington, page 25

## Gas in control with £1.24bn

JAMES MORGAN

By ROSS TIEMAN  
INDUSTRIAL CORRESPONDENT



Cedric Brown, British Gas chief executive, said operating costs had fallen after more than 15,000 employees left the company. But he said a further 15,000 still have to leave

BRITISH GAS achieved a strong recovery in profits to £1.24 billion during the year to end-December, as the company started to see the first fruits of cost-cutting and restructuring.

Profits would have been £144 million higher still, but an exceptionally mild winter reduced gas consumption.

The result marked a sharp turnaround from 1993, when the company recorded a £215 million loss before tax, after setting aside £1.65 billion to reorganise its business in preparation for the progressive opening of the household gas market to competition.

In spite of a £678 million fall in sales, to £9.7 billion, British Gas achieved a substantial improvement in underlying profitability. Operating costs fell £466 million as 15,637 employees left the company.

Cedric Brown, chief executive, said 15,000 more employees still have to leave under a plan to shed 25,000 from the core business by April 1996. Most are expected to leave in the current year.

Although rivals now have more than 60 per cent of the market over 2,500 thermes, where competition is allowed, supplying and distributing gas in Britain remains at the heart of the company's profitability, generating operating profit of £1.075 billion last year.

But the proportion of profits generated by exploration and production has risen from 16 per cent to 20 per cent, or £296 million, as investments begin to mature. UK marketing activities, including the troubled gas showrooms, made £71 million.

As investment in both distribution and production tailed off, investment fell by £465 million to £1.363 billion.

In spite of the strength of the balance sheet, British Gas is holding the year-end dividend at 8.1p making 14.5p, unchanged on 1993 despite being 3.4 times covered.

Permington, page 25

## Key pair quit Signet in run-up to talks

By SUSAN GILCHRIST

SIGNET, the jewellery group formerly known as Rainers, has lost two key directors only months before it is due to renegotiate its banking facilities.

Gary O'Brien, finance director for four years, is leaving at the end of next month. Nathan Light, head of Signet's US operations, has also resigned.

The City saw the departures as a setback. One retail analyst said: "To lose a finance director and a strong manager like Nathan at this stage cannot be good news."

Some observers felt that it could trigger a capital reconstruction of the group, which is burdened by £360 million of debt and owes preference shareholders £90 million in dividends.

Julian Treger, the South African financier whose UK Active Value Fund holds 24 per cent of the preference shares, said: "This brings the day of reckoning much closer."

Mr O'Brien is leaving to become chief operating officer of Salisbury Stores. The company is headed by Stephen Hinchliffe, the Sheffield entrepreneur, and was created when he bought the Salisbury luggage and handbag chain from Signet last August.

Mr O'Brien will be succeeded by Walker Boyd, the finance director of the UK jewellery operations.

Analysts believe there was a personality clash between Mr Light and James McAdam, Signet's chairman. Mr Light is also understood to have been interested in buying out the US operations. Although he was on a five-year rolling contract and was paid a £1 million last year, he will receive compensation of £750,000.

## Stronger ICI pegs dividend

By ERIC REGULY

ICI, the global chemicals group, disappointed investors yesterday by leaving its final dividend unchanged even though it reported sharply higher earnings and much lower indebtedness.

The company had given no hint that the 1994 dividend, which remains at 27.5p, might be raised, but shareholders nonetheless were optimistic.

Jeremy Chantry, an analyst with Kleinwort Benson, said: "There was an outside chance of a rise with the balance sheet so incredibly strong."

ICI shares fell by 7p to 715p, after the release of the annual results.

Continued cost-cutting and strong economic growth helped to boost ICI's pre-tax earnings by 84 per cent, to

£514 million, while earnings per share rose 90 per cent, to 37.3p. Turnover, at £9.2 billion, was up 9 per cent.

ICI chose not to increase its dividend because it wants to boost its dividend cover from its current level of 1.4 times earnings to two times. Trading profits increased substantially in four of the company's main divisions — paints, ma-

terials, industrial chemicals and regional businesses. Industrial chemicals, whose profits increased by £162 million to £265 million, showed the biggest rise.

The fifth, and smallest, division, explosives, was the one loser, its trading profit declining by 12 per cent to £45 million.

Sir Ronald Hampel, the chief executive, said: "The results are clearly unsatisfactory and underline the need for a major restructuring of the business."

ICI called the restructuring of the business — which has 13,000 employees and annual turnover of £786 million — radical. It will cease making nitroglycerine and dissolve its American aerospace business.

Mr Chantry said he is lifting his pre-tax earnings forecast for 1995 to about £720 million from £700 million, in spite of the company's warnings that growth in America and Britain will not be as strong this year.



ICI's Charles Miller Smith, Sir Denys Henderson, Sir Ronald Hampel and Allan Spall

Tempos, page 26

## Managers say pay cap fits directors

By PHILIP BASSETT  
INDUSTRIAL EDITOR

TWO THIRDS of British managers believe that company directors' earnings should be restricted, a survey of management views on top corporate pay suggested yesterday.

Although management leaders insisted that the results of the snapshot survey were indicative rather than definitive, the findings will further fuel widespread public criticism of top company pay.

The survey by the Institute of Management, which was published as further controversy arose over the pay of senior British Gas officials after its announcement of a £1.25 billion profit,

suggests strong dissatisfaction with directors' pay and benefits, including pensions and share options.

The study, carried out among a random sample of 250 of the institute's management membership, had a high response rate, of 51 per cent, and showed that 66 per cent of respondents thought that the total earnings of company directors ought to be restricted. While this figure rose to 70 per cent among managers, 58 per cent of directors were in favour of some form of pay restriction.

Well over half — almost two thirds among directors themselves — thought that an organisation's average earnings should be used as the basis for "determining and, if necessary, cap-

ping" executive pay.

Leaders of the institute intend to submit the findings of the survey, together with further evidence, to the Greenbury committee on executive pay set up by the Confederation of British Industry at the request of the Prime Minister.

The institute wrote yesterday to the Greenbury committee urging it to take full account of managers' views.

The institute is to make a larger study of its members' opinions on pay, but it claimed yesterday that the sample showed genuine concern about boardroom salaries and a clear desire to restrict them on the grounds of fairness and equity. Overall, 85 per cent of respondents thought that non-

executive company directors ought to have fixed-term contracts, with a higher proportion among managers.

Roger Young, Director-General of the institute, said: "The idea of fairness and equity kept on coming through the survey." He added that managers, and especially those who had to carry out boardroom decisions, felt that they had been "wrong-footed and let down" by the row over directors' pay.

Two thirds of directors thought that their pay should be determined by individual performance, with only 6 per cent across the whole sample believing that a company's share price ought to be the principal means of determining boardroom remuneration.

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# CBI finds many firms intend to raise prices

By Philip Bassett, Industrial Editor

MANUFACTURERS' intentions to increase their prices are rising sharply, according to a survey by the Confederation of British Industry, which also today forecasts higher inflation and interest rates as a direct result of price pressures.

The latest CBI monthly industrial trends survey of more than 1,500 manufacturing companies shows 40 per cent expecting to increase their prices over the next four months, although one in two companies believe their price levels will remain stable. It also reports record exports and strong demand.

Taking into account the 9 per cent who believe their prices will fall, the resulting balance of 31 per cent of companies intending to raise their prices is sharply up on the balance of 22 per cent in the CBI's last monthly survey, in December, although it is broadly in line with the 33 per cent figure in the confederation's not-directly comparable

quarterly trends survey last month. However, it is also markedly higher than price expectations a year ago, when a balance of only 3 per cent of manufacturers intended to put up their prices.

Companies of all sizes expect to raise prices, and the largest increases are expected by those employing between 200 and 499 workers and those making intermediate goods, which face higher raw material costs.

CBI leaders emphasise that it is unclear whether intended price rises would stick, since competitive pressures in home and export markets remain strong.

The survey shows that export orders are running at their highest level since April 1977, while overall demand is also strong, leading manufacturers to expect output to increase at the fastest rate since March 1988.

Sudhir Junankar, CBI associate economic director, says: "The strength of demand and projected increase in output are very welcome indeed. British manufacturers continue to do well in overseas markets and this should support continued export-led growth over the next few months."

The CBI acknowledges that potential inflationary pressures, including rising raw material costs and the threat of a tightening labour market driving earnings growth upwards, are pushing up its forecasts on inflation and interest rates.

It has notched up its inflation forecast for the end of 1995 from 3.4 to 3.8 per cent, although it expects it to fall back to 3.4 per cent by the end of 1996. The CBI accepts that the outlook for inflation has worsened, and it suggests that base rates will peak at 7.5 per cent in the fourth quarter of this year, stabilising in 1996.



Andrew Longhurst is backing his challenge with the offer of a bottle of champagne

## Longhurst election challenge angers MPs

By Robert Muller

MPs from both sides of the House last night attacked the Cheltenham & Gloucester Building Society for comparing the voting hurdles it has to clear in the proposed £1.8 billion merger with Lloyds Bank and those of MPs standing for election to Parliament.

The C&G said that if the 1986 Building Societies Act had applied at the last general election, John Major would not have been elected an MP, nor would any of his Cabinet, and neither would Tony Blair, the Labour leader, nor his Shadow team.

Andrew Longhurst, chief executive of the C&G, said: "I'll offer a bottle of champagne to any MP who can prove to me that the vote which elected him, or her, as an MP would satisfy the investors' voting requirements for C&G to join Lloyds Bank." Douglas French, Conservative MP for Gloucester, whose Private Member's Bill to help widows excluded from the C&G payout is due for a second reading in the Lords on Monday, called Mr Longhurst's challenge inappropriate.

He added that Mr Longhurst stood to be granted an options package worth £1.4 million if the Lloyds deal went through. He said: "That money would be enough to employ 40 headteachers, 30 police constables or 50 MPs."

Alister Darling, Labour's City affairs spokesman, whose personal intervention with backbenchers helped to ensure that Mr French's Bill passed through the Commons unopposed, said: "C&G's comparisons with the parliamentary voting process are completely inappropriate and offensive. The building society voting requirements are safeguards to ensure that society members think long and hard before embarking on an irreversible course of action. In any case, MPs don't go round offering voters £500 to vote for them."

Anthony Nelson, Economic Secretary to the Treasury, will today unveil the final version of his review of the 1986 Building Societies Act. He is expected to recommend changes to the present system, which has excluded thousands of society members from a share in bonus payouts when societies merge or are taken over.

## Private investment call by Sims

By Martin Barrow, City News Editor

THE head of one of Britain's largest construction companies has called on pension funds to invest in the new wave of private finance infrastructure projects.

Neville Sims, chief executive of Tarmac, said yesterday that if the private finance initiative moved forward as planned, there was no doubt it would be "the win-win initiative of the 21st century from which all parties can expect to profit".

Speaking at the National Association of Pension Funds investment conference in Eastbourne, Mr Sims said: "The Government is demonstrably and necessarily committed to private finance. Pension funds and like institutions should finance infrastructure projects because all of us in the private sector must now rise to meet the challenges of the private finance initiative and ensure that the opportunities that

have been identified are converted."

Mr Sims said the initiative would spawn a new group of operating businesses with requirements for long-term funding which, inevitably, would benefit from institutional support. "I see the financial institutions as potential providers of equity, of subordinated debt and possibly of the long maturities of the basic project debt," he said.

## Dow makes its 4,000 debut

By Janet Bush, Economics Correspondent

GROWING hope that the US Federal Reserve is near to the end of its monetary tightening powered Wall Street's Dow Jones industrial average past 4,000 for the first time yesterday.

In late morning trading in New York, the Dow was up 40.71 points at 4,013.76. The rally boosted British shares, sending the FT-SE 100 index 29.3 points higher to 3,049.3.

The root of this renewed optimism has been the two-day Humphrey-Hawkins testimony to both chambers of Congress by Alan Greenspan, chairman of the Fed. On Wednesday, he told the Senate that US growth was slowing. He even mentioned the possibility of cutting interest rates if growth decelerated sufficiently, even if there were still adverse price pressures.

Yesterday, Mr Greenspan testified to the House. In spite of the fact that the dollar had come under pressure after his comments on Wednesday, he said nothing to dispel the impression that US interest

rates are close to stabilising. Mr Greenspan was hopeful that the Fed had contained an outbreak of inflationary pressures by raising rates. The Fed had a responsibility to ensure a stable currency, he said. The dollar, however, fell.

The Deutschmark remained strong in spite of the impending strike by German engineering workers and figures showing a 5.3 per cent contraction in M3 money supply in January compared with the fourth quarter. The decline should make the argument for higher German rates weaker.

Although the Bundesbank said this week that price pressures were returning, Helmut Hesse, a Bundesbank council member, said yesterday that the recession had weakened inflation decisively and that the bank may be justified in keeping rates where they are for now.

The strong mark pushed the yen to a record low, but sterling clawed back, some ground to close at DM2.3442 (DM2.3314, Thursday).

## SEC files municipal fraud complaint

FROM AP IN WASHINGTON

THE US Securities and Exchange Commission has filed charges of civil fraud against four men, alleging that they took part in a kickback scheme to influence New Jersey's municipal bond business.

The four named in the case filed in the US District Court in Manhattan, are Nicholas Rudi, former administrator of Camden County, New Jersey; Joseph Salema, the former chief of staff of James Florio, former Governor of New Jersey; Alexander Williams; and George Tuttle, two former executives of the First Fidelity Bank of Newark, New Jersey.

Richard Walker, the SEC's New York regional director, said that all but Mr Rudi had settled civil charges with the SEC and agreed to surrender a total of \$348,000 acquired

improperly in the New Jersey bond scheme in 1990.

The SEC civil case alleges violations of federal anti-fraud, books and records and municipal securities laws. Also named in the SEC case was Public Capital Advisors Inc., a financial advisory firm formerly known as Consolidated Financial Management Inc. The firm had been owned by Mr Salema and Mr Rudi.

The latest SEC case describes "an elaborate kickback scheme" in which payments were allegedly funnelled through First Fidelity to Mr Rudi and Mr Salema to obtain the state's underwriting business, Mr Walker said.

The case is part of an enquiry into improper influence in the municipal bond market.

## BUSINESS ROUND

### Sharp rise in US jobless figures

THE number of Americans filing initial claims for state unemployment benefits rose sharply last week to the highest level since the start of the year. The Labor Department said new first-time claims for unemployment pay shot up to 349,000 in the week ended February 18, from a revised 347,000 the prior week. It was the highest level since 354,000 in the week ended January 7.

The report was the latest suggesting that the economy is slowing and that it is beginning to show up in the nation's labour market, economists said. "These are noisy numbers and you have to look at that. But this rise can no longer be explained as a turn of the year aberration," said Chris Rude, economist with Swiss Bank Corporation. "I think this is another sign that, indeed, the economy is slowing and labour market conditions are easing," he said. Other economists warned, however, against reading too much into the report.

### Seita oversubscribed

SOME 79 per cent of Seita employees signed up for shares in the French tobacco monopoly, the latest privatisation stock, the Economy Ministry said. Edmond Alphandery, Economy Minister, said: "The offer to Seita employees has met with huge success." Employees were offered the stock at a 20 per cent discount to the Fr129 public offer price, provided they agreed to keep the stock for two to five years. A million small investors applied for shares in Seita, oversubscribing their allotment of the issue by 3.9 times.

### Skipton cuts debt fund

SKIPTON BUILDING SOCIETY lifted profits to £17.4 million before tax, from £10.5 million, in the year to December 31, helped by a decline in provisions for bad and doubtful debts to £23.8 million, from £33.5 million. Net interest receivable and other income declined to £78.56 million, from £80.4 million. The building society said that the number of repossession was reduced by 23 per cent, while the total number of borrowers in arrears fell by 40 per cent. The solvency ratio rose to 12.17 per cent, from 10.57 per cent.

### Chain's smoking ban

DUNKIN DONUTS, the coffee and doughnut shop chain owned by Allied Domecq, said it was imposing a no-smoking policy at its 3,600 outlets around the world. The company said the decision followed "enthusiastic customer feedback" after trials at 60 per cent of its shops. Jack Shafer, company president, said: "We are taking this step because we believe a smoke-free environment is in the best interests of everyone." He said research showed that most customers see smoking as a deterrent to visiting shops.

### USAir sells 11 aircraft

USAir Group, the troubled American airline in which British Airways has a near-25 per cent interest, is selling 11 Boeing 737-300 aircraft to General Electric Capital Corp as part of its effort to reduce costs. Terms of the sale were not disclosed. The planes will be delivered to GE Capital starting next month and continuing into November. Seth Schofield, chairman of USAir, said that the sale was part of a plan to cut costs by \$1 billion a year, removing the aircraft from the USAir fleet.

### Forfeiting holds payout

LONDON FORFEITING COMPANY, the provider of finance for international trade, is maintaining the annual dividend after pre-tax profits fell to £16.05 million in the year to end-December (£21.48 million). The final dividend is held at 6.1p a share, making an unchanged total of 9.3p. Earnings fell to 11.51p a share from 16.15p. The shares, however, rose 6p to 145p. The company said the decline in the value of emerging market bonds and higher interest rates had an adverse impact on the results.

### US groups spend more

BUSINESSES plan to raise spending on bigger plants and new equipment this year, the US Commerce Department said yesterday, but not as robustly as last year. Spending to increase production this year is expected to grow 6.6 per cent to \$592.9 billion, according to a survey of about 21,000 companies. New investment spending grew 13.7 per cent last year. The survey showed that manufacturing industries plan to raise investment strongly, but other sectors, such as mining and utilities, intend to trim investment modestly.

### Yorkshire profits up

YORKSHIRE Building Society, Britain's twelfth largest, today unveils an 18 per cent increase in profits to £78.9 million but warns that "there seems little sign of recovery in the core business areas" in 1995. In the year to December 31 the building society almost halved its bad debt provisions to £9.9 million and reduced its management expenses from £106.7 million to £99.36 million. Mortgage lending for the year was £819 million while net inflows were £130 million. The society's assets grew by 9.1 per cent to £5.83 billion.



The "Shell" Transport and Trading Company, Public Limited Company

### Final dividend 1994

Notice is hereby given that a balance of the Register will be struck on 13th April, 1995 for the preparation of warrants for a Final dividend for the year 1994 of 15.9p per 25p Ordinary Share. If approved at the Annual General Meeting to be held on 18th May, 1995 the dividend will be paid on 23rd May, 1995.

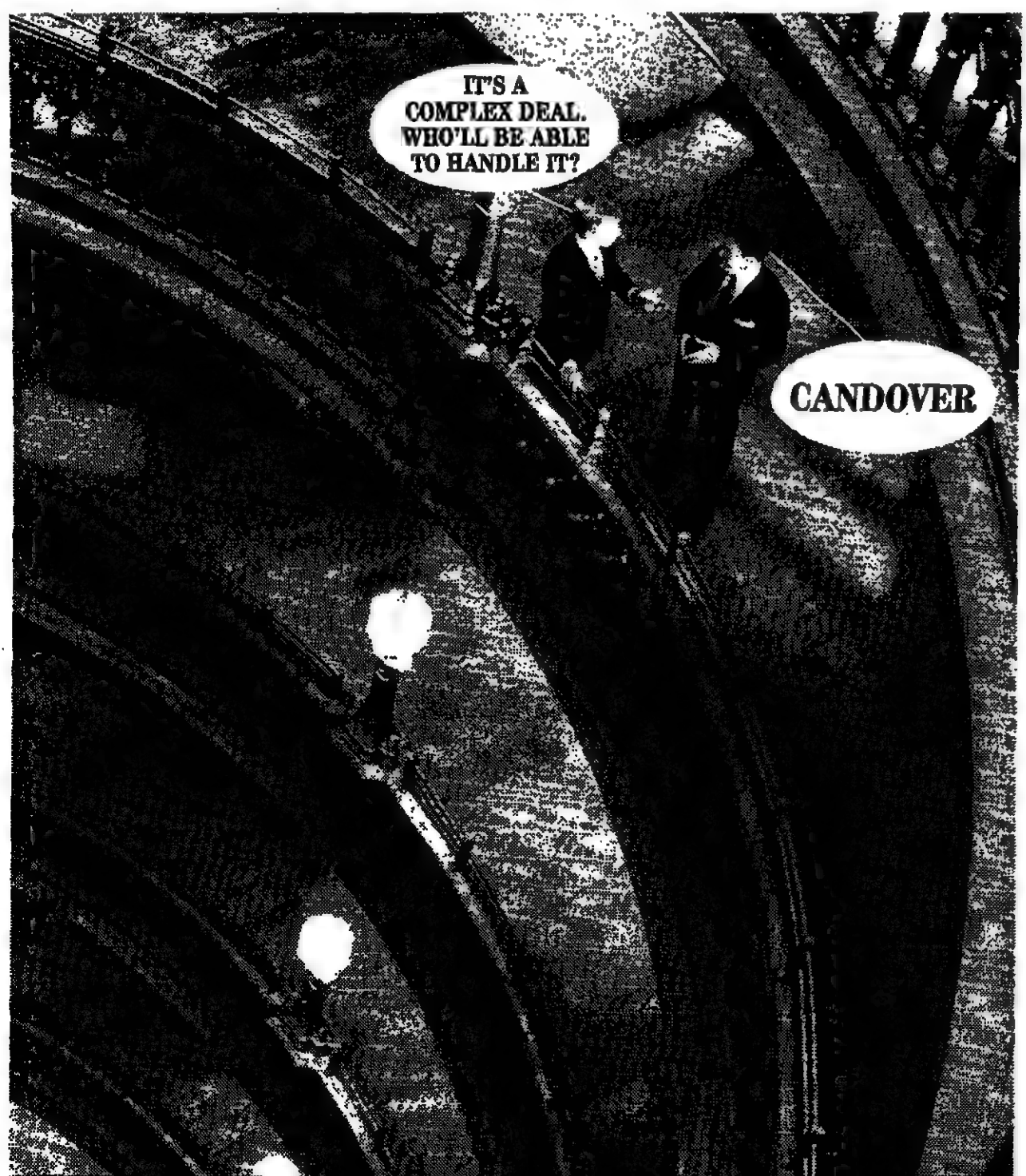
For transferees to receive this dividend, their transfers must be lodged with the Company's Registrar, Lloyds Bank Registrars, The Causeway, Worthing, West Sussex BN99 6DA, not later than 3pm on 13th April, 1995.

### SHARE WARRANTS TO BEARER

The Coupon to be presented for the above dividend will be No. 193 which must be deposited at Lloyds Bank, Registrar's Department, Issues Section, Ground Floor, P.O. Box 1000, Anthon House, 71 Queen Street, London EC4N 1SL (not later than 13th April, 1995, to receive payment on 23rd May 1995) or may be surrendered through Messieurs Lazard Frères et Cie, 121 boulevard Haussmann, 75382, Paris Cedex 08.

BY ORDER OF THE BOARD  
Miss J. E. Munsiff  
Secretary

Shell Centre,  
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□ British Gas must mend its damaged image □ Shock tactics pay off for power chiefs □ Derailing the gravy train

## Testing the gasman

□ BRIAN WILSON, the Shadow Industry Minister, yesterday condemned British Gas for its "dash for cash" and charged that "a company which was, until recently, held in high public esteem is now synonymous with corporate greed and ruthlessness". A clever soundbite is no substitute for a policy. Yet shorn of its political spin, the analysis is half right.

Last year, British Gas launched into a breakneck restructuring. The goal: to prepare for the progressive spread of competition in domestic gas supply. This will begin with a pilot area of half a million homes next April, and spread nationwide from April 1998.

British Gas will retain ownership of the monopoly transmission system, which will be closely regulated in a new subsidiary, TransCo. A second subsidiary, Public Gas Supply, will compete with independent rivals for the business of householders, paying TransCo to deliver the fuel for them.

British Gas has slashed at its flab even before the detailed rules are known. Last year, 10,000 employees, a sixth of the workforce, signed up for redundancy. But the company aims to cut 15,000 more by the end of 1996. Most of them will leave this year. The entire programme is intended to cut the company's

UK operating costs by £600 million a year. Action is certainly needed. During 1994, British Gas saw its share of the gas market over 2,500 therms — the business market where competition is already allowed — shrink from 50 to 40 per cent.

In the industrial market over 25,000 therms, where British Gas was first forced to cede market share, it now has only 9 per cent. In the market from 2,500 to 25,000 therms, opened only two years ago, its share had fallen to just 47 per cent by the year end. Independents have even entered the interruptible supply sector — once considered the test of attaining a truly competitive market.

Yet British Gas profits, at £1.25 billion, remain robust. British Gas revenues from its monopoly transmission business will continue to rise in a competitive regime: the total volume of gas sales rose by 8.4 per cent.

Sales by British Gas are a different matter. Independents have promised to cut bills by a tenth. British Gas believes it must achieve savings that will enable it to do the same, or risk

losing much of its gas sales business. It must do all in its power to enhance customer satisfaction, to dissuade consumers from taking their business elsewhere.

Yet in its haste, British Gas has alienated its customers. Showroom closures, stretched staff and pay rises for directors have helped push complaints to record levels. This is more dangerous, in terms of both profits and politics, than price competition. During 1995, British Gas should put the customer first, or shareholders should question whether Richard Giordano is the right man to lead the company.

### Northern lights dim for Trafalgar

□ EXPECTATIONS seem to be going awry in the battle for Northern Electric. Disappointment in the City at Trafalgar House's second and final offer was tangible. The tumble in Northern shares, now 4.3 per cent below the cash offer, is big enough to suggest that many think Trafalgar's heart was not



really in it and the bid could well fail. But with that discount, arbitrageurs could do the bidder's work. Trafalgar's own misfortunes have hit the value of its convertible preference shares, so that the cash alternative is higher than the main offer. That is often an ominous sign.

Northern has surely surprised Trafalgar by demonstrating that the management of a sleepy regional utility can run a business for cash as ruthlessly as any international conglomerate. Its programme of cash handouts, worth about half the bid price for a pension fund, has understandably raised eyebrows. Most of all, it has probably queered the pitch for other utilities, which have constantly told their regu-

lators that they could not possibly face the financial markets with the sort of gearing that Northern plans to impose on itself. The markets will probably wear it, given the positive cash flow. The high and progressive dividend rises Northern has promised on the rump holding therefore make Trafalgar's offer look niggardly.

Whatever the outcome, other regional electricity companies will have to follow Northern's lead. That should be good for shareholders in the pre-election twilight but, *vide* British Gas, not so good for customers.

The behaviour of Swiss Bank Corporation, Trafalgar's adviser, will also surely require regulatory changes. SBC's market-makers, as always at arms length from the corporate financiers, built unjustifiably high stakes in electricity companies. And they were selling Northern shares at more than £11 before the new final terms were announced. In a world of integrated investment banks, there is no longer much reason to divorce their market-making arms from the banks' obligations under the

Takeover Code. Nor should they be allowed to hide share stakes that other investors must disclose.

### The only option is no options

□ AN avalanche of words on the fine now threatens to halt the boardroom gravy train. The Labour Party, which seized on directors' pay at utilities as a stick to beat the Government, must be astonished at the response. The CBI, the Institute of Directors, the Mytens committee and now the Institute of Management, have queued to query the excesses of their own kind.

No board can claim it was not warned. Sir Adrian Cadbury wagged a finger. Sir Owen Green advised that high pay should not be compounded by options, bonuses, excessive pensions and rolling contracts. But the remuneration consultants, armed with tax-saving schemes and tales of what others were doing, proved too persuasive. The generation of top company directors that took advantage

could be the last for a while. Share options, once thought the most cost-effective and harmless incentive, now look most vulnerable to the new puritanism. Even setters of accounting standards on both sides of the Atlantic have them in their sights. If a company performs only averagely, option holders can easily earn a fortune on the back of profits ploughed back into the business by shareholders. If things go wrong, there is no cost.

More sophisticated option packages impose performance targets that benefit shareholders before options can be cashed. But they are still a one-way bet. The clearer targets are set or thresholds imposed, the easier it will become for the numbers to be used to value, and tax, options at the time they are granted.

As the Mytens committee pointed out, option schemes have done little to boost the actual shareholding of executive directors in 20 years. In too many cases they have become just another form of cash. Incentives will always be needed, not least to help able managers build up the capital they forgo by running someone else's business. But the option will surely fade in the next few years in favour of schemes that actually involve directors committing themselves to shares that can go down as well as up.



John Jennings hopes in the coming weeks to finalise ways of trimming Royal Dutch/Shell's twin head office costs

## Shell reviews £600m HQ costs

By GEORGE SIVELL, ASSISTANT BUSINESS EDITOR

ROYAL Dutch/Shell, the oil group, is close to deciding on how to save money on its £600 million a year headquarters operations in London and The Hague which employ 5,000 workers.

John Jennings, the chairman of Shell Transport and Trading, said yesterday that a review meeting would start today and run over the weekend. Mr Jennings was hopeful that a conclusion would be reached in March but said it could be several more months before the restructuring took effect.

In London, Shell occupies two enormous concrete blocks,

the Upstream and Downstream Buildings, on the South Bank of the Thames, where about 2,500 people work.

Shell revealed last year that it had hired McKinsey, the management consultancy, to review its management structure to improve performance and reduce costs by cutting out layers of bureaucracy. Shell's present complex management structure was devised with McKinsey in the 1950s.

Royal Dutch/Shell yesterday reported record annual profits for 1994 up 36 per cent to £4.07 billion. The total

sterling dividend for the year from Shell Transport will rise 12.9 per cent from 24p to 27.1p. Mr Jennings said the rise in the UK dividend was largely to compensate for depreciation of the pound against the Dutch guilder after sterling's exit from the European exchange-rate mechanism.

Shell revealed yesterday that it had shed 11,000 jobs during 1994, largely through divestments, and now employed 106,000 staff. Mr Jennings said: "This trend has not yet passed", but he refused to be drawn on a prediction of job cuts for this year. Shell's recent bout of disposals is

now largely complete. In the fourth quarter, Shell raised net income by 145 per cent to £1.65 billion. Over the year, exploration and production profits were £1.54 billion (£2 billion) on a 3 per cent rise in oil production and a 1 per cent rise in gas production.

Profits over the year from the manufacturing and marketing business, which includes petrol sales, rose 18 per cent to £2.01 billion on volume sales of oil products up 5 per cent. Chemicals converted a £409 million loss to a £340 million profit over the year.

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## Drug firms going through turmoil, says SB chief

By SARAH BAGNALL

THE pharmaceutical industry is going through "unprecedented turmoil", creating an environment in which earnings growth can be achieved only through volume gain, and not by margin gain, Jan Leschly, chief executive of SmithKline Beecham, the British drugs company, said yesterday.

Mr Leschly's remarks came as he announced an 8 per cent rise in sales from continuing operations, to £6.1 billion, in the year to December 31. The increase was entirely due to volume growth as lower prices knocked 1 per cent off sales. "As you can see, it's a whole new world," he said.

Profits before tax and exceptional items rose by 9 per cent, to £1.27 billion, exceeding ana-

lyst forecasts of between £1.23 billion and £1.26 billion. Pre-exceptional trading profits grew by 15 per cent, to £1.2 billion. The A shares rose by 18p, to 497p.

Excluding exchange-rate effects, sales rose by 10 per cent and trading profits by 5 per cent.

Sales were affected by last May's expiry of the US patent of Tagamet, the company's key ulcer treatment. Sales fell by more than a quarter, to £484 million, but the decline was more than offset by a 74 per cent jump in sales of new drugs, to £810 million. Sales of Seronax/Paxil, the anti-depressant, achieved the biggest advance — rising by 124 per cent, to £333 million — while sales of Havrix, the group's hepatitis A

vaccine, grew by 72 per cent to £72 million.

The buoyant new drug sales helped the pharmaceutical division to lift sales by 5 per cent, to £3.6 billion. Excluding Tagamet, sales rose by 11 per cent.

Consumer healthcare sales rose by 10 per cent, to £1.4 billion, and trading profits advanced by 15 per cent, to £199 million. These results excluded Sterling Healthcare, acquired last October for £1.9 billion.

Mr Leschly said: "Sterling Healthcare will really influence our consumer healthcare division in years to come." He said that integration of Sterling would enable margins, currently 13.8 per cent, to rise much closer to 20 per cent over the next three to five years.

Mr Leschly said that the

clinical laboratories division last year suffered its toughest year ever. Trading profits fell 2 per cent, to £99 million, on sales up 4 per cent, to £834 million. The sales growth was due to a 14 per cent rise in volume, partly offset by price cuts of 10 per cent.

The 1994 profits were hit by a £580 million restructuring charge, announced last year. The company expects the cost of the charge to be paid back over the next three and half years.

A final quarterly dividend of 3.9p, due on April 18, makes a year's total of 12.9p, up from 10.9p last time. The dividend is from pre-exceptional earnings of 32.3p a share, up 11 per cent.

Tempus, page 26

## City relieved that Black is to buy back Telegraph

By SUSAN GILCHRIST

THE CITY reacted with some surprise but little sentimentality to the news that The Telegraph is to be reabsorbed into Conrad Black's worldwide newspaper empire after just three years as a public company.

On Wednesday night, Hollinger, Mr Black's Canadian-based master company which owns 53 per cent of The Telegraph, said that it would bid for the whole company through its quoted subsidiary, American Publishing. Terms were not disclosed.

Yesterday analysts greeted the news with thinly-disguised relief. One media analyst said that he would not be sorry to see the company leave the London stock market. Another said Mr Black's relationship with the City had become increasingly strained and there was little mutual trust.

The hostility erupted last summer after Hollinger sold 12.5 million shares in The Telegraph at 587p only a



Black: tense relationship

month before slashing the cover price of the flagship newspaper.

Stephen Grabner, managing director of The Telegraph, first heard about Hollinger's proposals on Wednesday morning. He insisted that they would have little impact on the way the business was run. No discussions were taking place on the price of any buy-back although he expected talks to

start in two to three weeks. Analysts believe Hollinger will have to offer at least 450p to buy out the remaining shares. The group already has an option to increase its stake by a further 5 per cent at 450p and would therefore have to offer at least this amount to minority shareholders if it exercised the option.

Mr Grabner dismissed suggestions that the buy-back heralded the end of the newspaper price wars. "We have no plans for a change in the price of The Daily Telegraph until The Times changes its price," he said.

The Telegraph also announced a 10 per cent drop in pre-tax profits, down to £45 million from £53.7 million in the year to December 31. Operating profits from the British newspapers more than halved to £20.1 million (£42.9 million). An unchanged final dividend of 7.5p maintains the total payout at 13p. Shareholders will be paid on May 4.

The Telegraph's share price jumped 54p to 434p.

## Chemring to buy Ronstan

CHEMRING, the protective clothing manufacturer, is buying Ronstan, an Australian manufacturer of yacht rigging and deck hardware products, for A\$10.2 million (£4.8 million) in cash.

The group said the business will complement its civil marine product range. It added that the acquisition will not dilute earnings in the current year.

Ronstan had sales of A\$14.8 million in the year to June 30, 1994, and reported a pre-tax profit of A\$81,000. The company has net assets of A\$4.4 million.

Philip Billington, Chemring chairman, said: "Ronstan's established distribution network in North America and Europe strengthens our presence in the leisure marine market. Chemring's annual sales in Australia and New Zealand are now approximately £12 million, indicating our increasing commitment to the Australasian market, and our total annual marine sales worldwide are over £25 million."



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THE TIMES



CITY DIARY

## Accounting for mountains

WHAT is it about accountants and mountains? Five years ago, Neville Shulman, so-called "accountant to the stars", set out to climb Mont Blanc for charity. He raised £55,000 and was so hooked that he went on to climb Africa's two highest mountains, 19,340ft Mount Kilimanjaro and 17,058ft Mount Kenya, back to back, over Christmas, 1991. And all this by someone who had previously never climbed anything higher than a ladder. His African adventures have now found their way into print — *On Top of Africa*, all royalties from which are being donated to charity. Back on the ground, Shulman has just been made a director of the soon to be revamped Shepperton Studios near Chertsey, Surrey.

## Bungie running

BROKERS seeking a change from jumping out of windows are invited to run along the ground instead, and all in a good cause. Today at the Liverpool Street entrance of the Broadgate Centre, City teams are taking part in a bungee run in a warm-up for Comic Relief Day on March 17. Teams from UBS, Lehman Brothers, BZW and Johnson Fry have already chalked their hands for today's bungee run (which is just like bungee jumping, but horizontal) but more teams are needed. A £25 entry "fee" per team, please.



## Dressing down

IF YOU see colleagues at their desks today in their down and out clothes, they are (possibly) taking part in "Dressing Down Day", a charity event in aid of Save the Children's Children in Cities appeal. Employees from James Capel, Royal Bank of Canada, the International Petroleum Exchange and American Express Bank, among others, have paid for the privilege of coming to work in their casuals. But there are some firms that absolutely withheld permission. Boo!

## Spelling it out

AND more spell-check names: Sir Roland Hampel — Rondo Hampel; Eddie George — Ed-dies Geophysics; Sir Paul Girolami — Paucity Gigo-lo; Richard Branson — Rich Bravos; Richard Giordano — Rich Girding; Andrew Longhurst — Ang-er Longhorn.

## Fire and water

BRUCE FARMER, managing director of Morgan Crucible, must be thinking the gods are against him. In September, 1994, the group's speciality chemicals factory at Vireux, northern France, which was insured, was all but destroyed by fire. Now the same factory, which is still insured, has been ravaged by floods. A spokesperson says: "Yes, we do have cover for theft, but trust we won't have cause to claim on it."

MORE collective nouns: A sight of ophthalmologists. A venality of MPs.

COLIN CAMPBELL



Service has improved most visibly among supermarkets in the retailing sector where loyalty cards and home delivery are replacing price wars

## Service takes over from price as new retail battleground

Customer service desks, baby changing facilities and crèches have moved up to the front line. Susan Gilchrist reports

THE battleground in retailing used to be price. Many retailers believed that cynical, recession-weary customers just wanted the best deal going and were prepared to shop around to get it.

It was a good theory. The trouble was that it never quite worked in practice. If a retailer gained from a particular price reduction, the competition simply matched it. Any advantage was lost.

So retailers have started to hunt around for new ways to differentiate themselves and the battleground has shifted towards service. Suddenly the leading chains are promising not just value for money but shorter queues, home delivery, special in-store events, loyalty cards and a host of similar offers. The message to rivals is "Anything you can do, I can do better."

Patrick Moylan, a principal with Kurt Salmon Associates, the management consultants, believes service is a better way for retailers to differentiate themselves from their rivals than price. "Service is capable of doing more than price ever can," he says. "Any price advantage is short-lived, but you can make a real difference by offering service levels that your competitors can't match."

Retailers have always talked about customer service, but now they are taking action. The most visible activity is in the food retailing sector where the major supermarket chains, after two years of price wars, are now trying to outdo each other in the standards of service they provide. Coffee shops, dry cleaners and post offices have been established features of out-of-town supermarkets for some time — after all, they generate money — but now non-profit services such as crèches, baby-changing facilities and customer service desks are becoming *de rigueur*.

Last November, J Sainsbury and Tesco both launched initiatives promising customers shorter queues. Tesco's "One in Front" campaign went as far

as to pledge that no more than one customer would be kept waiting at a checkout queue at any one time.

Terry Leahy, Tesco's deputy managing director, says the idea came from customer research. "It wasn't targeted against any specific operator. It was intended to make the shopping trip more competitive with what else was out there."

He says customer reaction to the scheme has been positive. "It has entered the customers' vocabulary, which means it is having an effect." Assessing the financial impact is more difficult. Although the campaign is costly to run, Mr Leahy believes it was a contributory factor of the group's strong trading over Christmas. As a result, it has now become a permanent feature in Tesco stores.

The group has a host of other initiatives up its sleeve. "Offering better service is an easier way to differentiate ourselves and a more defensible advantage," says Mr Leahy. "Cutting price alone is a zero-sum game."

Schemes such as "One in Front" inevitably involve changes to the way stores are staffed as Mr Moylan explains. "In the past, stores have failed to match staff numbers with customer demand. Customers are increasingly shopping at lunchtimes and weekends, yet most of the staff are working a full day. The result is that the staff are under-occupied for much of the day and have gone off to lunch just when the customers are there."

Scheduling staff has always been important, but it has risen up the agenda now that Sunday trading and

extended hours have become a permanent feature. Store opening hours used to equate with one person's job, but now that shops are open for at least ten hours a day, seven days a week, it is no longer that simple.

One way of tackling this is to use more part-time staff who are scheduled to work only at the peak periods. Many retailers now have part-timers who come in between 10am and 2pm while another batch work from noon to 4pm. "The great advantage for the employers," says Mr Moylan, "is that these part-time employees don't need a lunch hour — and they don't meet the National Insurance threshold."

However, there are disadvantages to employing a large proportion of part-timers. They are often untrained and less motivated than their full-time colleagues and their product knowledge is inferior. Archie Norman, chief executive of Asda, aims to reduce not increase the number of part-time employees in the business, believing that ultimately they are more costly.

THE WH Smith retail chain has found another way to transform the service in its stores.

Last year, layers of store management were taken out and more sales-led roles introduced. The positions of deputy and department manager have gone, and the role of customer service manager introduced.

Laurence James, retail sales director, says the structure was too hierarchical and the standard of service to customers too low. "We wanted to get more people serving customers on the shop

floor rather than doing administrative tasks behind the scenes." One benefit was lower costs as some 600 managers were taken out of the system.

Nevertheless, the overall objective, he says, is not to cut costs but to change the perception of the chain through better service. "Our new structure can help us to do that," he says. All the new customer service managers have been sent on training courses and workshops to instil in them a more service-led culture.

It is not just about being nice to customers, says Mr James. "Ten years ago, many retailers went through a sheep-dipping exercise of going on a service programme where they were taught how to smile, be friendly and count change properly. But service nowadays goes much deeper than that." Mr James accepts that the full benefits of the restructuring will take time to come through, but believes that the investment will prove worthwhile.

More immediately quantifiable are the benefits from the additional services WH Smith has introduced. One of its biggest success stories has been its "Bookfinder" computer system, which lists every book in print and can guarantee 48-hour delivery of any book it stocks at its central warehouse.

The number of customers now ordering books has doubled since the service was introduced last year. "That is a lot of extra business," says Mr James. The chain now plans to extend the scheme to other product categories such as videos and CDs. Crucially, it is a service that few of its competitors, who have inferior systems, can replicate.

Mr Moylan agrees that enhanced service can reap substantial rewards. "It can reduce costs but more importantly it should increase sales. How many times have you walked out of a shop because they couldn't service you? And do you go back? It may not just be a lost sale, it may be a lost customer."

## Power shopper with an eye for a bargain

Eric Reguly assesses Clive Vlotman's risk in buying 71 electrical outlets

CLIVE Vlotman, the South African businessman who is buying 71 of the 130 Homepower stores owned by Yorkshire Electricity and East Midlands Electricity, appears to be taking an enormous risk. Electrical retailing has been a catastrophe in recent years. It was described as a "mayhem market" by Sir Colin Southgate, the chairman of Thorn EM1, which recently announced the closure of its Rumbelows chain.

Few of the major electrical retailers are carrying their weight. Southern Electric, for example, said in December that its Powerhouse Retail division is losing more than £5 million a year. The electricity industry is thought to have lost about £250 million on retailing since 1990, when the downturn began.

The fall from grace was the result of the recession and, more important, the trend to out-of-town shopping. The small, high street shops, with their limited range of goods and expensive overheads, turned into echo chambers. Homepower's high street shops were among them. A Yorkshire spokesman said: "These were stores where people went in only to pay their electrical bills; they weren't buying a thing." So what does Mr Vlotman know that no one else knows? Nothing really, he said. "We see today's level as the normal level." But there is one big advantage. PowerStore (Trading) Limited, the Vlotman-controlled company that is making the purchase for about £7 million, was allowed the cherry pick. He is leaving 59 non-performing shops with Yorkshire and East Midlands, which has the responsibility of closing them and putting 500 employees out of work.

Each of the 71 Homepower stores he is buying is making operating profits. He expects them to report pre-tax earnings, before depreciation and non-recurring costs, of about £3 million this year. Mr Vlotman hopes to boost their

profitability by changing their product mix. His Homepower outlets, 46 of them out-of-town "superstores," have enough space to sell non-traditional items such as mobile phones and branded computers. He will also put their 1,300 employees on an incentive programme. Acquisitions are the other part of Mr Vlotman's strategy. He will spread overheads over more stores. "We can accommodate a group about double our size," he said, implying a prospective expansion to 150 to 200 outlets.

There are certainly enough candidates. Southern Electric is one that would love to get out. Mr Vlotman will not comment on any talks he has held with Southern about buying its 36 per cent interest in the Powerhouse chain. He also brings considerable experience to the game. Born in Cape Town 44 years ago, he has spent most of his career in managerial positions in the retail industry. He was group merchandise manager of Marks & Spencer, a large South African electrical goods and furniture chain, before he and his family came to England in 1986. His next five years were spent at Dixons Group, where his positions included marketing director of Currys Superstores and white goods market-

ing manager. In 1991, he was hired to run the retailing arm of London Electricity and bought its 16 loss-making PowerStores two years later for £7 million, the same price he is paying for the 71 Homepower outlets.

Mr Vlotman refuses to discuss the source of his wealth. It appears, however, that he has more than a little spending money. Retailing is not his main business. A year ago, through Harakas, his main holding company, he bought a motor care service business with turnover of about £60 million, operating car repair schemes for insurance companies. He also has a sales promotion company that, among other things, got Cadbury to sponsor a Wet. Wet. Wet concert last summer.



Vlotman: the pick

## BUSINESS LETTERS

## Domestic economy the cause of concern for the pound

From Mr Nick Parsons

Sir, Mr Anatole Kaletsky argues convincingly and elegantly ("Economic View," February 16) that, "the rise in inflation reported yesterday was entirely a statistical artefact" and suggests that changes in annual inflation rates are caused more by what happened a year ago than what happens today.

But in arguing also that exports are soaring whilst retail sales are weakening somewhat, he makes the error of looking at the annual per-

centage changes of a three-month average and presents his charts in this form.

Following his own logic, we should look at more contemporaneous measures of sales and exports. Far from soaring, export growth is actually steady on a three-month basis whilst retail sales have plunged dramatically.

The pound has been sold not merely because of politics but because the market perceives a dramatic slowing of the domestic economy in sectors which directly affect the vast

majority of UK voters. The steadily growing export sector is voteless. Mortgage payers, shoppers and homeowners are still enfranchised.

Political worries, Sir, are directly related to an economic policy which appears based on making the weak parts of the UK economy even weaker. In these circumstances, it is little surprise that the pound is falling and it can be expected to fall further.

Yours faithfully,  
NICK PARSONS,  
Head of Treasury Advisory Group,  
Cottons Centre,  
Cottons Lane, SE1.

## Sum assured in 1899 unchanged by 1995

From Dr S. J. A. Rogers

Sir, A few months after my father was born in 1899, my grandmother started an insurance policy with the Liverpool Victoria Friendly Society in his name. This became fully paid up in 1935 with a value of £515 shillings. My grandmother started her own policy in 1916 with an amount assured of £4 4 shillings. Following my father's recent death, we have sought to encash both policies. The sum paid out on my father's is the decimal equivalent of the fully paid up value in 1935: £5.75; my grandmother's added an extra £1.55 in the intervening 79 years.

I know not what the ravages

of inflation have been since 1935, or indeed from 1899: what I do know is that the payments of the premiums weekly must have been a real sacrifice when my grandmother was widowed in 1904 and had three children to bring up. These policies were intended to pay for one's burial. They were not a good buy. Together, these two policies produced less than 1 per cent of what it cost to bury my father this year. I hope your predecessor did not recommend them in 1899 as a means of saving.

Yours faithfully,  
S. J. A. ROGERS,  
26 Barrack Lane,  
The Park, Nottingham.

From Mr Adrian Cosker  
Sir, Surely the element of political risk that may be tending to weaken sterling is not the still rather remote possibility of a Labour landslide (as Mr Kaletsky asserted in his column), but rather the much more imminent risk of the substantial income tax cuts the present Government may feel forced to introduce in its attempts to avert just such a landslide.

Yours faithfully,  
ADRIAN COSKER,  
Head of Economics,  
The Knights Templar School,  
Park Street,  
Baldock,  
Herts.

## Offer real car value

From Mr Michael Mulloy

Sir, Kevin Eason reported that the motor industry was suffering a lack of private purchasers for their products (February 8). He attributed this to fear of rising interest rates on mortgage payments.

I submit that that is only part of the reason. The volume manufacturers have courted the fleet market and so we, who

buy our own cars, have sought recognition and lower depreciation elsewhere. Now we are realising just how durable our purchases are and what poor value a new car represents.

What American would even contemplate paying over \$20,000 for an Escort AND a further \$600 for its delivery? Who is tempted by Nicole and her Papa, street lamps that contort into hears or Sinatra singing "Something Stupid"

when buying a car? Only a fool.

If the trade wants us to buy its products, they must sell the benefits and offer real, rather than comparative, value for money. Why doesn't one of them try saying "Its reliable, fully equipped, goes like a rocket and doesn't cost a bomb".

Yours faithfully  
MICHAEL MULLOY,  
Coxhill House,  
West Hougham, Dover

## Share options at Seaboard

From the Chairman,  
Seaboard

Sir, In *The Times* of February 13, under the headline "Electricity chiefs get £72m in share deals", your reporter stated that a study had shown that "senior directors at Seaboard, one of the smallest regional electricity companies, had options valued at £7.7m". This report is a serious misrepresentation of the true facts. The total value of share options actually covers some 200 managers and staff, and not simply the company's executive directors. Of the options outstanding at March, 1994, only approximately one fifth related to executive directors, averaging just over 100,000 shares each.

At Seaboard, we believe in the value of share ownership for all employees. Our staff have taken up options over some nine million shares under a savings related share option scheme and, in addition, we have made further opportunities available to staff to buy shares through a "matching offer" scheme.

I should also emphasise that all matters relating to share options are dealt with by the company's remuneration committee, which consists entirely of non-executive directors. I am myself a non-executive, and as such take no part in share option schemes.

Yours faithfully,  
SIR KEITH STUART,  
Chairman,  
Seaboard plc,  
Forest Gate,  
Brighton Road,  
Crawley, West Sussex.

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# Royal Insurance profit soars to record £401m

By SARAH BAGNALL, INSURANCE CORRESPONDENT

ROYAL Insurance, the composite insurer, yesterday announced record profits of £401 million for 1994 — more than double the previous year's result of £151 million.

The profit for the year to December 31 was at the top end of market expectations while the final dividend of 8p matched City forecasts. The shares rose 2p to 274p.

Total premium income fell from £5.1 billion to £4.8 billion and investment income dropped from £511 million to £481 million. Richard Gamble, chief executive, said: "The achievement of a record profit is a welcome start to 1995."

The sharp improvement in pre-tax profits reflected a £236 million advance in worldwide general insurance profits to £412 million. At the group underwriting level, the insurer failed to return to the black, although losses were cut from £364 million to £91 million.

Mr Gamble said the UK ge-

neral insurance operations achieved an outstanding performance with a £224 million improvement in the profit to £321 million. Lower claims frequency and more favourable weather conditions aided the recovery and the insurer made an UK underwriting profit of £115 million, compared with a £122 million loss last time.

All the insurer's major lines made underwriting profits, while domestic mortgage indemnity losses fell to £63 million, liability losses fell to £40 million and reinsurance losses to £19 million.

UK life profits rose £2 million to £54 million and Mr Gamble said appropriate provisions had been made to cover any possible compensation payable to pension holders as a result of the Securities and Investment Board's proposals. He said: "Royal had only a very small share of the personal pensions market."

In the UK, the blot on

Royal's copybook was the estate agency chain which lost £21 million, up £5 million. This loss, made against a background of no recovery in the residential housing market, was due to branch closures and refurbishment costs.

In the US, profits fell from £28 million to £6 million, reflecting reduced general insurance and life profits. The general result suffered from increased weather-related losses, and profits dropped from £15 million to £9 million. The US life operations broke even compared with £15 million profit last time.

Mr Gamble said: "In the recent past, our US result has underperformed industry averages. It is now beginning to show some improvement."

The final dividend, payable on May 5, makes a total of 12p, up from 7.5p. The dividend is being paid out of earnings of 52.7p a share, up from 23p.



Richard Gamble, chief executive, said the figures were a welcome start to 1995

## Consumer credit group sees size of loans increase

By MARTIN BARROW, CITY NEWS EDITOR

PROVIDENT FINANCIAL, the consumer credit group that specialises in weekly collected loans, says the size of its average loans is rising and more customers are repaying on time.

In the year to December 31, the company increased taxable profits to £81.1 million from £62.5 million on turnover up to £445.3 million from £399.85 million. Strong revenue and profits growth was accompanied by reduced central costs due to a simplified group structure.

In the home collected credit division, profits advanced 28 per cent to £74.6 million. Credit issued rose 10 per cent, compared with 7 per cent in 1993, as a result of a 4.5 per cent increase in the number of "good" customers and a small increase in the size of the average loan.

Loan quality has improved, with collections up 10 per cent and the bad-debt charge rising to £31.1 million from £29.7 million, an increase of 4.7 per cent. Overheads were contained in spite of the growth in

revenues, with further cost savings expected as the next stage of rationalisation gets underway.

Pre-tax profits of the insurance division increased by £300,000 to £11.1 million, with contrasting performances by the underwriting and broking companies. Underwriting profits increased to £12.9 million from £11.9 million. Written premiums rose to £165.4 million from £139.4 million and the number of motor policyholders climbed to 800,000 from 618,000.

Losses of £700,000 at Colonnade Insurance Brokers reflected development costs of the new telephone broking operation, Colonnade Direct, established in February 1994. The high street branch network has been reduced to 97 branches from a peak of 122 and a provision of £1.1 million has been made for further restructuring.

With earnings of 40.64p a share, rising from 31.43p, there is a final dividend of 14p a share (11.25p) making a total of 20.5p (16p).

## O'Reilly to seek bigger Argus stake

By OUR CITY STAFF

INDEPENDENT Newspapers, the media company based in Dublin and whose chairman is Tony O'Reilly, proposes to increase its shareholding in South Africa's Argus Newspapers from 34.98 per cent to 60 per cent. The company is offering investors 13 rand a share for up to 70 per cent of the outstanding equity, implying a maximum investment of £270 million (£54 million).

Shareholders may elect to sell all their shares to Independent Newspapers, which will place any shares acquired over 60 per cent of the issued equity to selected black institutions. These institutions will be offered a maximum of 20 per cent.

The move comes a year after Independent acquired an initial 31 per cent of Argus from JCI and Anglo American. This stake was subsequently increased to 34.98 per cent through market purchases. The value of Independent's holding in Argus will rise to more than £300 million after its proposed buying and the placing with institutions.

Independent said that it had no intention of delisting Argus shares from the Johannesburg Stock Exchange, and that it would ensure that the spread of shareholders required by the exchange is maintained.

## AEA to shed 400 workers

By ROSS TIEMAN, INDUSTRIAL CORRESPONDENT

FOUR hundred workers are to lose their jobs at AEA Technology as preparations for privatisation gather pace within the commercial arm of United Kingdom Atomic Energy Authority.

Most of the reductions, from a workforce of 4,100 spread across six sites nationwide, will fall upon those in support functions, leaving the core of scientists unscathed, the group said.

The streamlining has been initiated by Sir Anthony Cleaver, former chief of IBM UK, who has been brought in to oversee the sale. Sir Anthony is campaigning for a flotation this autumn, which could raise around £250 million for the Treasury, rather than a break-up or trade sale.

AEA Technology, which concentrates on providing technical assistance to the nuclear and process plant industries, leases its sites from the AEA Government Division. This ramp, which has around 2,000 staff, and liabilities of £3-£5 billion for restoration of its contaminated nuclear sites, is to remain in the public sector.

The Government is expected to give an indication of its preferred method of sale next month, when the Bill to enable the sale of the business will receive its second reading.

## BRITISH GAS PLC 1994 ANNUAL RESULTS

### Chairman's Statement: Results

British Gas had a challenging year in 1994. The current cost operating profit from continuing operations for the year, before exceptional charges, was £1 063 million for 1994 compared with £1 196 million for 1993. The profit for the financial year before exceptional charges was £600 million compared with £649 million for 1993.

Our financial performance was affected by a number of significant factors. The weather in the UK during 1994 was significantly warmer than the average over the past 50 years, which affected our profit materially. The weather benefit in the first nine months of the year was sharply reversed in the fourth quarter resulting in a reduction in operating profit for the year of £135 million compared with 1993.

In the UK gas business, we continued to lose more market share in the industrial and commercial markets for gas, principally as a result of regulatory restraints on British Gas's ability to compete in those markets. There were no price increases in the domestic gas market during the year and therefore, in real terms, prices continued to fall.

Net interest costs fell sharply as a result of the reduction in net borrowings from £4 449 million at 31 December 1993 to £2 013 million, reflecting the disposal of Consumers Gas and Bow Valley, coupled with tight control over expenditure. Historical cost gearing fell from 37% to 21%. Total capital expenditure for 1994 was £1 363 million, compared with £1 828 million for 1993.

We have decided to make some additional exceptional provisions amounting to £195 million which will be charged to 1994's earnings. They relate primarily to the need for additional funds to clean contaminated gas manufacturing sites in the UK and the cost of vacating properties in the London area as we move most of our employees to lower cost sites elsewhere.

There were also a number of accounting policy changes (detailed in the results).

Taking into account the factors in 1994 referred to above, and recognising that the major savings from our restructuring programme will begin in 1995, the financial performance for 1994 is satisfactory.

### Business Highlights

Our restructuring programme for the UK Gas Business is moving at a fast pace. The major overhaul of all of our business systems and practices supported by new software, the relocation and consolidation of our newly formed business units, the transfer and retraining of many of our employees and a host of other initiatives are all under way. The scale and complexity of this undertaking are immense. In 1994, almost 10 000 of our employees chose voluntary redundancy which substantially exceeded our expectations at this stage.

British Gas is facing declining market share in the upper tariff market, and we can expect intense competition in the domestic market in the next two years. Meanwhile, we continue to face tough regulation. To succeed we must become more efficient. We are re-engineering our activities to drive out costs and at the same time provide the best level of service to our customers.

Our Exploration & Production division has had a good year and past investments are now beginning to bear fruit. A rigorous cost reduction programme will bring benefits in the future. We had a particularly encouraging year in terms of international exploration success. Our North Morecambe field came on stream in 1994 along with the first full year of production from the Everest and Lomond fields. The Miskar field in Tunisia, our largest international development, is due to come into production this year. Operating profit from this division continues to grow as a percentage of British Gas's total underlying operating profit (excluding exceptional and discontinued activities). By the end of 1994, E & P's contribution had risen to 28%.

Highlights from our Global and Power Generation operations include increasing our stake in Natural Gas Clearinghouse in the US to 39%, the start of construction of a large power station in Malaysia by Genting Sanyen Power, the disposal of our stake in Consumers Gas, and our involvement in many infrastructure projects in South America.

### Regulatory Developments

The consultative process about pricing proposals for TransCo was completed during the year and, while the price formula is tough, we are getting on with the task of delivering an acceptable rate of return to shareholders while maintaining a safe and viable pipeline system. We welcome Ofgas's removal, albeit temporarily, of the requirement for us to publish price schedules in the firm contract market and now look forward to the early removal of other constraints in this market.

The Government's intention to go forward with legislation enabling the introduction of competition in the domestic gas market was announced in the Queen's speech in November. We believe that the Government will enshrine a number of principles in the legislation to ensure that obligations will be equally shared by all competitors, and that appropriate safeguards are adopted to protect both customers and shareholders. We fully support legislation based on these principles and hope for its speedy enactment.

### Outlook

We are committed to carrying out the major restructuring of the UK Gas Business and to achieve annual cost reductions in excess of £600 million a year.

These savings will begin to impact from 1995 onwards and will provide us with stable earnings and cash flow from this important part of our business. Improvements in profits and cash flow from our Exploration & Production business should then enable us to meet our dividend aspirations. The exploitation of our skills downstream and the development of opportunities will begin to build the platform for the longer term.

### Dividend

The Board has decided to maintain the dividend for the year at 14.5p (1993 14.5p) and accordingly is recommending a final dividend of 8.1p (1993 8.1p).

RV Jordan

RICHARD V. JORDAN, CHAIRMAN  
22 FEBRUARY 1995

	THE RESULTS AT A GLANCE			
	Year ended 31 December		Historical cost	
	1994	1993	1994	1993
	£m (in rounded £)			
Turnover	5 088	10 276	5 088	10 276
Operating costs excluding exceptional charges	(3 918)	(1 018)	(3 135)	(8 801)
Restructuring costs	(108)	(1 690)	(108)	(1 650)
Environmental costs	(89)	(33)	(89)	(33)
Total operating costs	(4 115)	(2 741)	(3 332)	(10 484)
Operating profit/loss (a)	973	(465)	1 756	92
Profit/loss on ordinary activities before taxation	816	(585)	1 543	(215)
Profit/loss for the financial period	810	(534)	737	(180)
Earnings/loss per ordinary share	9.5p	(12.3p)	17.8p	(4.2p)
Interim dividend per ordinary share	6.4p	6.4p	6.4p	6.4p
Proposed final dividend per ordinary share	8.1p	8.1p	8.1p	8.1p
Total dividend per ordinary share	14.5p	14.5p	14.5p	14.5p

(a) Three accounting policy changes, in respect of the replacement of stores, capitalisation of interest and service contract income, together with minor changes in valuation methods and a reduction of certain asset bases have been incorporated into these accounts. The impact of the accounting policy changes increased historical cost earnings per ordinary share by 1.4p in 1994 and by 2.4p in 1993. The impact upon current cost earnings per ordinary share is immaterial. The impact of the accounting policy changes in respect of a number of asset bases has been to reduce historical cost earnings per ordinary share by 0.2p and increase current cost earnings per ordinary share by 0.7p. There is no impact upon 1993 earnings.

(b) Operating profit/loss includes results in respect of discontinued operations.

(c) Adjusted earnings per ordinary share have been calculated excluding the exceptional restructuring and environmental charges (£205 million, 1993 £1 653 million) and the associated taxation impact (£25 million, 1993 £201 million).

Copies of the 1994 Fourth Quarter and Full Year Results are available from: Head of Investor Relations, British Gas plc, Riverhill House, 152 Grosvenor Road, London SW1V 3JL. Telephone 071 611 2085.

**British Gas**  
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## THE TIMES Win a £6,000 PEP



A Personal Equity Plan (PEP) is a way of investing money over the reach of the tax man and The Times, in association with TSB Bank, is offering you the chance to win a £6,000 PEP.

Answer the questions below, collect four of the six PEP tokens which are appearing each day, and you could win an investment in your choice of three TSB unit trusts.

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These three funds, which were launched in November 1994, have all ranked in the top quartile of their particular unit trust sectors over the past three months.

Because of the regulations governing PEPs, winners will receive a holding in the unit trust of their choice. Provided they are eligible, they will be able to convert this to a PEP at no cost either immediately or, if they have already taken out a PEP this year, after the end of the current financial year.

A PEP investment is an excellent home for long-term savings, with all income and capital growth exempt from both income tax and capital gains tax. Readers can obtain full details of TSB PEPs at their nearest TSB Bank branch.

**How to enter**  
Collect four of the six tokens which are appearing this week and send them on a postcard with your answers plus the tie-breaker by March 1, 1995 to: The Times Win a PEP Competition, Week 1, 16 Whitefriars Street, EC8N 2NG. The winner will be selected from all correct entries received by the closing date.

\* Sources: Micropal offer-to-offer, income not reinvested.

**The questions**  
1) What is the current slogan of TSB Bank's commercial and advertising? 2) Which Chancellor of the Exchequer introduced the concept of the Personal Equity Plan? Tie-breaker: in no more than 15 words, explain why you would like to win a £6,000 TSB Personal Equity Plan.

**THE TIMES**  
**PEP**  
Token 6  
**TSB**



FROM REUTER  
IN PARIS

The NEC of Japan, which has a 4.4 per cent stake in Bull, has said it is willing to raise that to possibly more than 10 per cent. Other candidates reported to have put in offers include Motorola. Sequent of America, IPC of Singapore, a consortium led by Dassault Electronique, and IBM, which already owns around 2 per cent.

The French Government said it wanted to reduce its ownership to under 50 per cent when it set sealed offers for Bull in December including France Telecom's stake, its holding is about 93 per cent. Government officials had no comment on the AT&T-Quadral announcement.



**By NEIL BENNETT, DEPUTY BUSINESS EDITOR**

The ban comes a week after talks between Lucas and the Defence Department over compensation for the deficient gearboxes collapsed. The Navy is thought to be demanding up to £30 million more in compensation than Lucas is prepared to offer. Last October, Lucas set aside £87.6 million to cover the cost of settlement and reorganisation.

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PANGALOS

with dealings due on March 16. JO Hambro Magan is sponsor and financial adviser. Smith New Court is broker and underwriter to the issue.

Shares in Colleagues Group, the consumer direct marketing services company, will be priced at 115p, capitalising it at £26 million when it

Lucas had been hoping to win a contract to supply the AMADs on the US Navy's new generation of F/A-18 fighters. The group said yesterday that it hopes to clear itself before the orders are placed. The Defence Department said that the ban would only be lifted when Lucasas could demonstrate that "they have the responsibility, honesty and integrity required of a government contractor".

**By A CORRESPONDENT**

"Instead of pursuing non-payment of tax, the Government imposed VAT on domestic fuel which would not have been necessary had these monies been collected," she said.

**SIDLAW GROUP**, the oil services and packaging company, has severed links with its origins in the jute industry in Scotland with the disposal of Sidlaw Textiles to J&F Spinners, a new consortium, for about £2.5 million. The business being sold comprises jute and flax spinning and textile trading, with attributable assets of £5.24 million and profits of £157,000 before tax in the last financial year. Assets relating to the face yarn business of Sidlaw Textiles has been transferred into a new wholly owned subsidiary, which will trade as New South Mills.

**By PHILIP PANGALOS**

## Ford drives into Vietnam

**ives into  
market**



**FROM AP IN HANOI**

Thomas Cook, Ford's director of international business development, said: "We have successfully completed a joint feasibility study with Song Cong. We are optimistic that the government will approve our application." Mr Cook declined to give details after the private signing ceremony.

plant near Ho Chi Minh City. Suzuki of Japan plans to break ground for a similar facility in March, while Toyota, the biggest Japanese carmaker, wants to invest in an assembly plant of its own.

Chrysler, one of Ford's biggest rivals, has also expressed strong interest in assembling cars in Vietnam.

**0171-782 7344**

## LEGAL NOTICES

CHARITY COMMISSION

The Commissioners proposed a Scheme for this copy of the draft Scheme seen at the COURT BREEDING COURT, STEV WEST SUSSEX BN44 3 obtained by sending a self-addressed envelope to Wof House, Tangle, Tauxton, orl. TA1 4BL quoting ref JIM 208283A/3-CD/TI prints or representations made within one month today

COLIN PHILIP BOOTH  
BASCHARTTV

**TAKE NOTICE THAT I,**  
John Mason of Morton Hill  
& Co. Torrington House  
Mortyn Hill, St Albans,  
AL1 1ED, was appointed T.  
of Colin Phillips Moore on 18th  
February 1995 by an order  
of the Court.  
**DATED this 30th day of**  
**April 1995**  
**D J MASON . TRUSTEE**

## LEGAL NOTICES

**ACRE SURVEYS LIMITED**  
TRAVERS MORGAN INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS LTD  
TRAVERS MORGAN GCS SERVICES LIMITED  
SAVOY COMPUTING LIMITED  
**NOTICE IS HEREBY**  
given to Shareholders of Acre Surveys Limited (the Company) by the Creditors of the Company that they will meet at 1 Street Street London SW1A 1AA on 1 March 1998 at 10.40 am and 10.50 am.

ing of the creditors of the named company will be in the office of Leonard C.

Co. situated at 30 Eastbourne Terrace 12nd Floor, London W2 6LF on 10th March 1996 for the purpose of the above company's affairs. A list of names and addresses of the above company's officers can be inspected at the office of Leonard Curtis & Co. PE 553, 30 Eastbourne Terrace, London W2 6LF, between the hours of 10 O'clock to 4 O'clock on the two business days preceding the Meeting of Creditors DATED THIS 21st February 1996.

IN	Dataviva Desktop Eclipse in desktop view
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PROMOTIONS	NOTICE OF
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OF 598 MEETING OF  
DIRECTORS

**TRADING ADDRESS (LAWYER)**  
**15, THE SQUARE, LONDON, EC4A 3AS**  
**Trading Address: St. se, 10-33 Minorities.**  
**se, 10-33**  
**Number: 036695**  
**SE HEREDY GIVEN,**  
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 1.9.1995  
**OF THE SQUARE**  
**Mechanical Services**  
**Number 1300087**  
 the above-mentioned  
 is Limited.  
 of Business  
 continue.

**TO PLACE NOTICES FOR THIS**  
**PLEASE TELEPHONE**

071-782 7344

071-782 7344  
OR

**FAX: 071-782 782**

Notices are subject to confirmation and received by 2.30pm two days prior to



**TRADING PERIOD:** Settlement takes place ten business days after the day of trade. Changes are calculated on the previous day's close, but adjustments are made when a stock is ex-dividend. Changes, yields and price/earnings ratios are based on middle prices.

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[illegible]

Source: Frost



Source: Firstat  
 \* Yield expressed as CAR (Compound Annual Return);  
 † Ex dividend; ‡ Middle price; ... No significant data  
 § Periodic Charge deducted from capital; ⊕ Est  
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## Pressure group has no direct interest

**Regina v Broadcasting Complaints Commission, Ex parte British Broadcasting Corporation**

Before Mr Justice Brooke  
[Judgment February 22]

The Broadcasting Complaints Commission had no jurisdiction to entertain a complaint from the National Council for One Parent Families about the Panorama programme *Babies on Benefit* shown on BBC television on September 20, 1993.

The council was not capable of being a person with a direct interest in the parts of the programme in which the complaints commission found the BBC had treated 1.3 million lone parents unfairly.

Mr Justice Brooke held in the Queen's Bench Division granting the British Broadcasting Corporation a declaration to that effect on their application for judicial review of the Broadcasting Complaints Commission's jurisdiction on the programme.

Section 143 of the Broadcasting Act 1990 provides: "(1) ... the function of the Broadcasting Complaints Commission shall be to consider and adjudicate upon complaints of— (a) unjust or unfair treatment in programmes ..."

Section 144 provides: "(7) The Broadcasting Complaints Commission may refuse to entertain— (a) a complaint of unjust or unfair treatment if the person named as the person affected was not himself the subject of the treatment complained of ..."

Section 145 provides: "... the person affected— (a) in relation to any such unjust or unfair treatment as is mentioned in section 143(1), means a participant in the programme in question who was the subject of that treatment or a person who, whether as a participant or not, had a direct interest in the subject-matter of the treatment ..."

Mr Michael Beloff, QC and Miss Heather Rogers for the BBC; Mr David Pannick, QC and Mr Javan Herberg for the commission.

MR JUSTICE BROOKE said the programme dealt with single mothers under 25, the fastest growing group of lone parents. About 17 per cent of the families on the St Mellons housing estate outside Cardiff, were lone-parent families. One part of the programme contained a higher concentration of lone-parent families.

The Secretary of State for Wales, Mr John Redwood, had said after visiting that part of the estate: "I was told there aren't many fathers around here. In that community people had begun to accept that babies just happened and there was no presumption in favour of two adults creating a loving family background for their children."

The speech had sparked political debate, leading to a programme which the National Council for One Parent Families maintained had been used at the 1993 Conservative Party conference to justify government plans to deny public access to housing for lone parents.

The council had submitted a formal complaint to the Broadcasting Complaints Commission about the programme. Ms Sue Slipman, the council's director, said that had been done because the programme had built up a false picture of lone parents by using misleading and, in one instance, totally false, information.

In the council's view the programme's thesis was that women got pregnant in the expectation of state support, and its conclusion that if you treated the benefits the babies would not be born.

The council had complained because people in the government were at that time considering what to do about the growth in the numbers of lone parents and it felt the lone parent it represented would suffer materially if the council's complaint was not successful.

The constitution and functions of the complaints commission were set out in Part IV of Schedule 13 to the Broadcasting Act 1990. Its

function included considering and adjudicating upon complaints of unjust or unfair treatment in television programmes broadcast by the BBC.

It was common ground that the council was not a participant, so it only had locus standi to make a complaint if it could properly be said to be a person affected, in the sense that it had a direct interest in the subject-matter of the unjust or unfair treatment of which it complained.

The BBC had indicated that it took a full role in contesting the complaint on its merits while reserving the right to contend that the commission in any event had no jurisdiction to entertain it.

The complaint identified four matters which the council said were factually inaccurate and misleading and five other matters of complaint. The commission had dismissed the final complaint in the first category and the third complaint in the second category.

His Lordship set out the complaints in detail and reviewed the authorities on the proper meaning of the expression "direct interest" which indicated that the term had a personal, limited and specific nature.

He also took into account the terms of article 10 of the European Convention on Human Rights and the parliamentary and pre-parliamentary history of Part IV of the 1990 Act.

There was no evidence in that material that Parliament intended to give the commission a jurisdiction broad enough to encompass complaints by national bodies concerning the treatment of hundreds of thousands of people whom it purported to represent, or that the words "direct interest" should be interpreted to have such a wide effect.

Mr Pannick had relied heavily on two cases, *R v Broadcasting Complaints Commission, Ex parte Granada Television Ltd* (The Times December 16, 1994) and *R v Broadcasting Complaints Commission, Ex parte Channel Four Television Corporation* (The Times January 4, 1995).

The first case helpfully illuminated the wide discretion which

Parliament intended the commission to possess when determining questions which lay within its jurisdiction.

In the *Channel Four* case Mr Justice Schiemann had held that the concept of "direct interest" in section 150 of the 1990 Act was a broad one.

In the instant case, the commission had held, in effect as a matter of law, that the council was capable of being a person who had a direct interest in the parts of the Panorama programme in which the BBC was said to have treated 1.3 million lone parents unfairly. It had gone on to find as a matter of fact or mixed law and fact, that it was such a person.

In his Lordship's judgment, the commission had misdirected itself in law. The council's interest in the subject-matter of the allegedly unfair treatment was palpably an indirect interest.

It could, of course, have been expressly authorised by any of the lone parents represented on the programme to complain on their behalf, and, of course, they individually had the necessary direct interest to complain in their own right. But that was not the way the council had put itself forward and the court was not in law to entertain the complaint.

If Parliament wished to give interest groups locus standi to make complaints on behalf of identifiable individuals or groups of individuals in circumstances where their interest was only an indirect one, then in any amendment of the legislation it might of course provide for that in express terms.

But his Lordship found it hard to conceive that any parliamentary language could be interpreted as authorising such a broad jurisdiction under the European Convention on Human Rights, could embrace the legitimate bringing of complaints on behalf of over a million individuals who were unidentifiable save that they were one of the vast number of lone parents in the most exceptional circumstances, where a breach of the criminal law would also probably be involved.

His Lordship certainly did not consider that it was Parliament's intention to permit such com-

plaints to be brought when it enacted the statutory predecessor of the Part V of the 1990 Act.

The commission lacked jurisdiction to entertain the complaint. There was no evidence to indicate that the BBC had unequivocally accepted the commission's jurisdiction even if it was possible, which it was not, to confer statutory jurisdiction by consent.

Because his Lordship considered that Parliament did not intend the commission to inquire into whether a television programme treated 1.3 million people unfairly or unjustly, he could see no merit in attempting to determine whether on the alternative assumption that it did possess such jurisdiction it reached conclusions which were irrational in the *Wednesbury* sense: see *Associated Provincial Picture Houses Ltd v Wednesbury Corporation* (1948) 1 KB 223.

He had not heard full argument on the issue, but was impressed by the care and thoughtfulness with which the commission approached its virtually impossible task and it would have been very difficult to persuade him that its judgment was perverse.

The BBC had its own internal checks and balances in relation to matters such as those canvassed in the litigation.

The Governors of the BBC regarded themselves as trustees for the public interest, were committed by resolution to impartiality and had authorised the publication of producers' guidelines setting out what the BBC regarded as proper editorial practices which dealt extensively with matters of fairness, balance and impartiality. It was a requirement on all programme makers to observe the guidelines.

His Lordship did not wish the judgment to be understood as meaning that those who collectively, as opposed to individually, were aggrieved by what they regarded as biased, unbalanced representations of contemporary issues had no right of complaint at all.

Solicitors: Mr E. J. W. Stratford, Shepherd's Bush; Gregory Rowcliffe & Milners.

**Norweb plc v Dixon**

Before Lord Justice McCowan and Mr Justice Dyson  
[Judgment February 17]

A general agreement for the supply of electricity between a tariff customer and a public electricity supplier under the Electricity Act 1989 was not a contract.

The Queen's Bench Divisional Court so stated in a reserved judgment when allowing an appeal by Norweb plc by way of case stated from Manchester Justices who on April 10, 1994 had convicted the company of an offence under section 40(1) of the Administration of Justice Act 1970, as amended by sections 35, 38 and 46 of the Criminal Justice Act 1982, of unlawfully harassing a debtor, Mr David Dixon.

Mr Alistair Webster for Norweb; Mr Martha Cover for Mr Dixon.

MR JUSTICE DYSON dealt first with the general question of whether an agreement for the supply of electricity between a tariff customer and a public electricity supplier, that is, not a special agreement within the meaning of section 22 of the 1989 Act, was a contract.

His Lordship noted that there were many examples of cases where the law to some extent restricted the freedom of parties to enter into a relationship, but where the relationship that resulted was a contract.

A further example was that it was also unlawful to refuse a person employment "because he is, or is not, a member of a trade union": see section 1(1)(a) Employment Act 1980. In all those cases, the relationship which resulted from some degree of legal compulsion was nevertheless regarded as contractual, because the parties still had considerable freedom to regulate its incidents.

There were, however, other cases in which a relationship created by legal compulsion was clearly not contractual: see, for example, *Pfizer Corporation v Ministry of Health* (1965) AC 512 where the House of Lords held that a patient to whom medicines were supplied under the National Health Service did not make a contract to buy them from the chemist or the Minister of Health even if he paid a subscription charge. The transaction was sui generis, the creation of statute and not a sale pursuant to a contract.

The issue in the present case was on which side of the line the relationship between a tariff customer and a public electricity supplier fell. In his Lordship's judgment, the legal compulsion both as to the creation of the relationship and the fixing of its terms was inconsistent with the creation of a contract.

As regards the creation of the relationship, the supplier is obliged by section 16(1) of the Electricity Act 1989 to supply if requested to do so. The exceptions from the duty to supply provided in section 17 were very limited in scope.

His Lordship rejected the submission that section 17(2)(a) gave the supplier a discretion not to supply. A supplier was excused from supplying if, the burden

being on him, it was not reasonable in all the circumstances for him to be required to do so.

What was reasonable was a question of fact to be established objectively. Discretion did not come into play. Thus save in narrowly defined circumstances, if a customer requested the supply of electricity, the supplier was obliged to supply.

As for the terms of the supply, his Lordship rejected the submission that there was scope for bargaining. The tariff was fixed by the supplier (section 18). The supplier could require the consumer to defray any expenses reasonably incurred in supplying any electric line or plant (section 19), and to give reasonable security (section 20(1)). The supplier could also impose additional terms of supply (section 21).

The consumer had no bargaining power in relation to those matters. It seemed that the principal terms were imposed on the consumer by the supplier not as a result of any bargaining, but the supplier exercising the power conferred on it by the Act.

The words of section 22 of the Act provided further support for the view that there was no contract. That section referred to a special agreement "for the supply on such terms as may be specified in the agreement".

What was contemplated was a negotiated agreement to meet the particular requirements of a consumer. Section 22(3) stated that the rights and liabilities of the parties to the special agreement should be those arising under the agreement, and not those provided for by sections 16 to 21 of the Act.

Thus a clear distinction was drawn as to the source of the rights and liabilities between (i) supplies under special agreements which were governed by the terms of those agreements, and (ii) supplies to tariff customers which were governed by the Act.

That provided clear confirmation that the rights and liabilities as between tariff customers and their public electricity suppliers were governed by statute and not by contract.

In the present case, the justices were of the opinion that if there was no contract between the parties, there would be no basis in law for the supplier to recover debts owed to it.

In his Lordship's judgment they were mistaken. Paragraph 1(i) of Schedule 6 gave the supplier the power to recover any charges due to it. There was, therefore, no need to have recourse to contract. The case of *Willmore and Another v South Eastern Electricity Board* (1957) 2 Lloyd's Rep 375 was correctly decided.

While the statutory obligation to supply was different from in the present case, there were no provisions of the Electricity Act 1947 relied on in *Willmore* which were materially different from the 1989 Act.

As to the contention that Norweb's supply to Mr Dixon was subject to a special agreement, his Lordship noted that section 40(1) of the 1970 Act was concerned with "money claimed ... as a debt due under a contract".

In his Lordship's opinion, the

offence did not require proof of the existence and terms of a contract which had in fact been concluded between the consumer and supplier, any more than it required proof that the debt was in fact due.

What was required was proof that the supplier had made demands for payment of a debt which he claimed to be due under a contract which he claimed to exist. It could not have been intended that it should be an offence to claim a non-existent debt under a contract which in fact existed, but did not amount to a debt due under a fictitious contract.

It seemed, therefore, that what the justices should have considered was the contract that Norweb claimed to exist.

However, whether the contract in question was the actual contract made between Norweb and Mr Dixon or the contract claimed by Norweb to exist between them, the justices' findings simply did not support any special agreement within section 22 let alone a special agreement in the terms for which Mrs Cover contended.

Indeed, the justices were of the opinion that the contract arose simply because Norweb had provided Mr Dixon with the supply to return for which he had agreed to pay.

It followed that there was no contract between Norweb and Mr Dixon, nor was the debt claimed under a contract. That was because in the absence of any findings to support a special agreement, the relationship between Norweb and Mr Dixon, both actual and claimed, could only be that of a tariff customer/public electricity supplier which was not founded in contract.

The justices had construed "calculated" as meaning "intended" and found that the course of conduct embarked upon by Norweb was intentional. His Lordship held that the true meaning of "calculated" in section 40(1) of the 1970 Act was "likely to subject" and not "intended to subject".

There was no reason to attach a different meaning to the words "calculated to" from that attributed to them in *McDowell v Standard Oil Company (New Jersey)* (1927) AC 632. The draftsman of section 40(1) could easily have used the words "intended to".

It had to be assumed that, in choosing "calculated to", Parliament was aware of the meaning attributed to them over many years. The words were not ambiguous.

His Lordship could not agree that the mischief at which the provision was directed could be as Mr Webster contended. There was no reason to suppose that Parliament intended to restrict the offence to cases where the putative creditor intended to cause alarm, distress or humiliation, leaving transgressors from prosecution those whose conduct, although intended to do so, was likely to have such consequences.

The appeal would therefore be allowed.

Lord Justice McCowan agreed.

Solicitors: Mr Peter J. Rothwell, Manchester; Ms Angela Harding, Manchester.

## Wide discretion to award interim damages

**Crimpfil Ltd v Barclays Bank plc**

The discretion given to a judge by Order 29, rule 1 of the Rules of the Supreme Court to award a plaintiff interim damages was an extremely wide one and the range of possible circumstances in which it might fall to be considered was almost limitless.

The court took the view that there was a real danger of bias in this case. Accordingly, the appeal would be allowed, the conviction quashed and a retrial ordered.

Solicitors: CFS, Exeter.

an appeal by the defendants, Barclays Bank plc, from an award by Judge Horowitz, QC, sitting as a judge of the Queen's Bench Division in April 1994, of interim damages of £1.6 million to the plaintiffs, Crimpfil Ltd.

LORD JUSTICE WAITE said that the proceedings had arisen from a decision by Barclays Bank in 1990 to curtail substantial facilities which had been accorded to Crimpfil, a long-standing customer.

It was finally necessary to consider whether discrimination existed at procedural level in so far as the application of the adjustment and assessment procedures was available only to resident nationals and was withheld from non-resident Community nationals.

Article 48 required equal treatment at procedural level for non-resident Community nationals and resident nationals.

Non-residents were deprived of the possibility of relying, by means of the procedures, on certain items forming part of the basis of assessment, for example, certain expenses, which might give rise to a partial refund of the tax deducted at source.

They could thereby be placed in a less advantageous position than residents as the latter were taxed in principle in such a way that all items forming part of the basis of assessment were taken into account.

Moreover, since they did not have the benefit of the procedures, non-residents who in the course of the year left their employment could not obtain reimbursement of any overpaid tax.

Although German law contained certain provisions in mitigation of those disadvantages, they were of a discretionary or equitable nature and there was no obligation on the tax administration to remedy in all cases the discrimination in connection with the procedural provisions.

There was therefore unjustified discrimination by the refusal to grant the non-resident Community nationals the benefits of the procedures which were available to resident nationals.

On those grounds the European Court

shortly before the trial the bank had conceded liability for wrongful termination. The hearing to assess damages was due to take place in June.

There had been very little authority as to the basis for the exercise of the Order 29, rule 11 discretion.

But the case was one where the judge had exercised a wide discretion realistically and fairly, acting in complete accord with the rule.

1 As being capable of limiting the right of a member state to lay down conditions concerning the liability to taxation of a national of another member state and the manner in which taxes to be levied on the income received by him within its territory, since that article did not allow a member state, as regards the collection of direct taxes, to treat a national of another member state employed in the territory of the first state in the exercise of his freedom of movement less favourably than one of its own nationals in the same situation;

2 As precluding the application of rules of a member state under which a worker who was a national of, and resided in, another member state and was employed in the first state was taxed more heavily than a worker who resided in the first state and performed the same work there when, as in the present case, the national of the second state obtained his income entirely or almost exclusively from the work performed in the first state and did not receive in the second state sufficient income to be subject to taxation there in a manner enabling his personal and family circumstances to be taken into account;

3 As precluding a provision in the legislation of a member state on direct taxation under which the benefit of deductions at source in respect of wages tax and the assessment by the administration of the tax payable on remuneration from employment was available only to residents, thereby excluding national persons who had no permanent residence or usual abode on its territory but received income there from employment.

## Setting aside gift of property

**Langton v Langton and Another**

Before Mr A. W. H. Charles, QC  
[Judgment November 24]

The equitable doctrine relating to unconscionable bargains did not apply to gifts the validity of which should be decided by reference to the law on actual or presumed undue influence or equitable fraud other than "unconscionable bargain".

Mr A. W. H. Charles, sitting as a deputy High Court judge, so stated in a reserved judgment in the Chancery Division setting aside a transfer by way of gift of the plaintiff's property to his son and daughter in law.

His Lordship found that on the facts of the case the deed of gift was procured by the actual undue influence of the defendants, alternatively on the ground of presumed undue influence, and should be set aside.

It was therefore strictly unnecessary to consider a further ground for setting aside the transaction, namely, that it was an unconscionable bargain, that is, a purchase from a poor and ignorant vendor at a considerable undervalue, where the vendor acted without independent advice, unless the purchaser satisfied the court that the transaction was fair, just and reasonable.

The law as to the setting aside of transactions for undue influence also applied to gifts and other transactions: see *Snell's Principles of Equity* (26th edition (1990) p551).

Snell further stated (at p559) in

relation to the equitable doctrine of unconscionable bargains: "A fortiori, the jurisdiction must extend to the setting aside of gifts. With some diffidence, his Lordship disagreed."

If the doctrine applied to gifts it would mean that in the case of all gifts by poor and ignorant persons without independent legal advice the onus of proving that the gift was fair, just and reasonable would be placed upon the recipient.

In his Lordship's judgment, that would be a surprising result and one that did not fit readily with (i) the classification of undue influence in *Bareilly Bank v O'Brien* (1994) AC 180 which related to gifts and other transactions and (ii) *Alford v Skinner* (1887) 36 Ch D 145 in relation to gifts, cited with approval in *National Westminster Bank v Morgan* (1985) AC 666, 705-706.

Further, the description "fair, just and reasonable" was a phrase that obviously applied to bargains but not to gifts. In deciding whether a gift was unconscionable, equity would, as it did in the undue influence cases, look to whether the donor made it of his own free will and thus to whether the circumstances in which the gift was made rather than the gift itself, were fair just and reasonable.

In his Lordship's judgment, the rationale behind the development of the doctrine of unconscionable bargains did not apply to a gift which was a different type of disposition and one where the donor was by definition not seeking a return.

Solicitors: Griffin Smith, Brighton; Farrington & Whiting, Brighton.

## Prison officer's wife on jury

**Regina v Wilson**

Before Lord Justice Russell, Mr Justice Turner and Mr Justice Hooper  
[Judgment February 16]

Where the wife of a prison officer employed at the prison where the defendant was held on remand served on the jury at his trial there was a real danger of bias.

The Court of Appeal, Criminal Division, so held in allowing an appeal by Leonard Miller Wilson and David William Sprason against their convictions in May 1994 at Exeter Crown Court (Judge Neville and a jury of robbery for which they were sentenced to nine and eight years imprisonment respectively).

Mr Robert Jukes, assigned by the Registrar of Criminal Appeals, for Wilson; Mr Christopher Millington, assigned by the Registrar of Criminal Appeals, for Sprason; Mr Geoffrey Mercer for the Crown.

LORD JUSTICE RUSSELL, giving the judgment of the court, said that the appellants were arrested and held on remand at Exeter prison pending their trial.

Those facts did not come to light until the trial had concluded and the appellants had been convicted. On appeal it was submitted that there was a real danger arising from the relationship of Mr and Mrs Roberts that in carrying out the duties of a juror Mrs Roberts

might either consciously or unconsciously have been guilty of bias.

The court was referred to *R v Gough* (1993) AC 646, 670 where Lord Goff of Chieveley had said: "Finally, for the avoidance of doubt, I prefer to state the test in terms of a real danger rather than likelihood, to ensure that the court is thinking in terms of possibility rather than probability of bias."

Lord Woolf had said (at p672): "Whether it is a judge, a member of the jury ... who is alleged to be biased, the courts do not regard it as being desirable or useful to inquire into the individual's state of mind. It is not desirable because the courts have long recognised that bias operates in such an insidious manner that the person alleged to be biased may be quite unconscious of its effect."

"It is because the court in the majority of cases does not inquire whether actual bias exists that the maxim that justice must not only be done but seem to be done applies."

Those last observations of Lord Woolf appeared to their Lordships to apply to the situation in the appeal.

In the court's judgment it was a great pity that Mrs Roberts was not excused attendance for jury service because what happened here ought at least to have been within the contemplation of those at the crown court. Exeter was a comparatively small community and the chance that such a thing might happen was not a remote one. It was to be hoped that that situation would never occur again.

The court took the view that there was a real danger of bias in this case. Accordingly, the appeal would be allowed, the conviction quashed and a retrial ordered.

Solicitors: CFS, Exeter.

## Clause effective

**Mangistamunayag Oil Production Association v United World Trading Inc**

"Arbitration, if any, by ICC rules in London" constituted a valid, effective and binding agreement to arbitrate.

His Lordship said the commercial sense of an agreement of that kind, and the presumed intention of the parties, could best be effected either by treating the words "if any" as surplusage, or as being an abbreviation for the words "if any dispute arises".

also, the plaintiff and the defendant, a corporation incorporated under the laws of Colorado, USA, incorporated a valid, effective and binding agreement to arbitrate.

HIS LORDSHIP said the commercial sense of an agreement of that kind, and the presumed intention of the parties, could best be effected either by treating the words "if any" as surplusage, or as being an abbreviation for the words "if any dispute arises".

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## European Law Report

# Tax discrimination on non-resident EU employees unlawful

**Finanzamt Köln-Alstadt v Schumacker**



## ARTS

## DANCE page 34

Lovers return: English National Ballet brings back Nureyev's version of Romeo and Juliet

## POP page 35

Despair is passé, fame is fab among the new breed of rock bands

THEATRE: Michael Frayn revived in Birmingham; a one-woman comedy in London; Aristophanes in Cambridge

## Fiction ends in farce

Noises Off  
Alexandra,  
Birmingham

Michael Frayn's popular comedy makes a farce from a farce. That is to say that *Noises Off* is an ingeniously engineered, scrupulously timed, door-slaming, prop-juggling, escalating absurd comedy.

It follows the increasingly disastrous fictional tour of a second-rate sex romp entitled *Nothing On*: all tarts, trouser-dropping, bedroom-hopping and burglars in an English country home. At curtain up, we find ourselves privy to a flailing technical rehearsal. By the end we are two months on, watching a performance of pure chaos as private cast varfere spills on to the stage: slippery sardines on the stairs, sudden understudies and frantic ad-libbing.

In other words, Frayn's is a good farce about a bad farce. Or that is the idea anyway. *Noises Off*, though playing about with the idea of a play-in-a-play, hardly has a profound thought in its head. But its witty structure made it a West End hit in 1982, starring Patricia Routledge and Paul Eddington.

The problem with Peter Wilson's current Mobil Touring Theatre production, with Michael Cashman as the put-upon director Lloyd, is that you wonder if this cast is so much better than the one they are meant to be satirising.

Cashman seems to be acting out to the audience somewhat self-consciously: a dreadful old weekly rep habit the imaginably Ostiar company are, of course, hamming up for all their worth. Meanwhile Miranda Foster could be more naturalistic as Belinda, the not-so-nice luvvy cast as the stoney wife in *Nothing On*. So, too, Mark Curry seems almost as nervous as Freddie, the unhappy motivation-seeking company member he is embodying.

Maybe all this is deliberate: another teasing layer of self-reflexive art. However, you cannot laugh along with Frayn's play unless you can confidently discern the ham-draminess being sent up with det professionalism. This Mobil Tour has come perilously close to an Ostiar-style disaster. Foster was out of action through injury on the opening night. Millicent Martin then lost her voice, ironically playing Doty, the actress who misplaces everything.

Martin, now back on form, is a genuine pleasure, switch-



Millicent Martin: a genuine pleasure, in the role of Mrs Clackett the comedy char

ing neatly between Mrs Clackett the comedy char and the lovably scatty Doty, getting in a twist with the telephone and in a pickle with those sardines. Patrick Cargill is also bumblingly funny as the whisky-swilling Selsdon, a ridiculously unreliable burglar dressed like a mime artist

crossed with a garden gnome. Wilson's *Noises Off* does get better as *Nothing On* nosedives. In Act II we see a matinee from the rear of the set. As the show is heard over the tannoy going gradually to pieces, we watch the silent skirmishes of the emotionally entangled actors as they try to

and out of those doors. It is a slickly accelerating piece of silliness. Some spectators seemed to be in stitches seeing *Nothing On* Mark III. Personally, this farce the second time round was more than enough for me.

KATE BASSETT

THE Soho Theatre Company, based at the Cockpit, is in trouble, Kate Bassett writes. Artistic director Abigail Morris and her staff, who have dedicatedly nurtured new writing at their venue near Marylebone for several years, have learnt they were only temps after all. The company has to find a new space by the summer.

The current show — not an in-house production — is rather poor. Lisa Kotin's one-woman physical comedy from New York, in which she hams it up as a handful of secretaries and other office females, is featherweight entertainment. *Temporary Girl* has been extended to two hours since I saw it at Edinburgh a couple of years ago. More spoof silent-movie footage is projected between scenes and the second half now follows the labour force after they are fired at the Christmas party. But, despite the more devel-

## Grow up, you silly girl

Temporary Girl  
Cockpit, NW8

oped story line, there is still no real pathos or profundity.

Kotin is a character actress and her characters are not exactly sophisticated. As Pearl deCoco, the long-serving PA, Kotin hobbles about in bony-kneed granny mode, like Olive Oyl past her sell-by date. Flummoxed by touch-tone switchboards and flashed at by the newfangled photocopier (a plywood box with buttons), Pearl works her lips like an aged goldfish, jaws away with an Italian-American

drawl or jams another smoke in the corner of her mouth.

Playing the rich-bitch head of department Jill Hardwood, Kotin stamps around in chic stilettos, clicking her biro and sarcastically jabbing at her imagined underlings. For the main character, the perennially temping actress Jeanette, Kotin pulls on a comedy wig and scuttles around bow-legged in a scarlet suit and sneakers.

There is Jewish and female humour here. The evening also flips into the silly fantastical as Lisa — the bimbo whose boyfriend forces her to diet — is seen on screen snogging a 6ft bar of



Lisa Kotin: lacking pathos or profundity

Hershey's chocolate, or as Betty, a ballet dancer manque, dusts the office as if she is fluttering around *Swan Lake*. But Kotin is not a prima donna and her humour has not matured.

## Wonderfully chirpy on the cheap

The Birds  
Corn Exchange,  
Cambridge

Ill hair, a ratty red dressing gown, and a tendency to caw and squawk. But in the chorus I variously spotted a Kafka clerk, a tramp from Godot, a dishevelled waiter, a cabaret girl from 1930s Berlin, a silent movie comic and a bride in her wedding dress. They are a

bleak, tacky and not very feathery lot.

The choreography can be monotonous, too. There is a lot to the variety of tripping, jerking and hopping that cooing, clucking students can assay. But the commitment never flags, and fun is seldom far away. This Cloudcuckoo-land is intermittently invaded by the butts of Aristophanes's satire, among them a phoney soothsayer, a snarling shyster lawyer with a black plastic head and a succession of gods

irked by the birds' interception of their blood sacrifices. That means opportunities for the cast to double, treble, or more. Could the transformations be more inventive? Sometimes. But when the excellent Limbajee becomes a grumpy Hercules or a burly Iris in silver drag and lets Aristophanes's verse rip, you know for sure that Greek is not a dead language yet.

BENEDICT NIGHTINGALE

CONCERTS: Music of the 1940s from Sir Simon Rattle; jazz and jokes from a veteran guitarist

## Sounds of pure passion

However little Stravinsky's *Orpheus* ballet score has to do with the 1940s — it seems to have been written in super-Olympian detachment from anything to do with the real life of the decade in which it originated — it made a sublime start to another stage in the procession Towards the Millennium. Sopure in style as to make the same composer's *Oedipus Rex* sound like songs-from-the-shows and his *Apollo* like a ted-dance, it represents the height of neo-classical aspiration.

At the beginning of their concert in Symphony Hall, Stravinsky's *Orpheus* inspired in Sir Simon Rattle and the City of Birmingham Symphony Orchestra a performance of equivalent objectivity. Neo-classicism (or, more properly in this case, neo-baroque) does not preclude the emotional or even the sensational: it is a matter of proportion.

The two *Airs de Danse* — the first with a most elegantly played violin solo, the second with a lovely counterpoint of two voices — were peculiarly moving in their rufel beauty; the sudden and deathly silence in the interweaving pas de deux for Orpheus and Eurydice was shockingly dramatic.



Sir Simon Rattle: restrained intensity in Stravinsky

CBSO/Rattle  
Symphony Hall,  
Birmingham

the harp's simple echoes of Orpheus's lyre cut into the final fugue with disconcerting effect. To say that it was a restrained interpretation would be to underestimate its intensity, but there was no hint of exaggeration or special expressive effort.

It seemed unlikely that the concert would continue at that level of performance and, in fact, it did not. The score of Messiaen's *Trois Petites Liturgies de la Présence Divine* — written at the very end of the war, between his two greatest achievements, the *Quatuor pour la fin du Temps* and the *Turangalila Symphony* — presents a considerable problem in its mainly unison

writing for women's voices: particularly if they are not fluent in French, as the sopranos and altos of the CBSO Choir apparently are not, it is difficult to produce a clear and focused vocal line.

However idiomatically phrased the solo piano (Paul Crossley) and however discreetly coloured the ondes Martenot (Cynthia Miller), the vocal line carrying Messiaen's own devotional words is the very centre of the texture and the whole point of the piece.

Bartók's *Concerto for Orchestra* has its problems too. Simon Rattle's answer to the awkwardly extended construction of the last movement, was to race through it at high speed. Impressive as a demonstration of orchestral fluency, this was not a convincing conclusion to a performance which had promised much.

GERALD LARNER

## Cooking with gas

Marty Grosz  
Burgh House, NW3

HEARD the one about Edward Elgar going big picking in Smyrna? Or the one about a 12-year-old Paul Newman winning an essay competition run by the American Legion? Ever been offered a ready-cooked omelette as a reward for identifying the seldom heard introduction to *Ain't Misbehavin'*? If the answer to all these questions is no, then it is a fair bet you have never attended a concert by singer/guitarist Marty Grosz.

In many ways, the 64-year-old Berlin-born American is a brave, unashamed anachronism. In an age bristling with rapid-fire guitar solos, he plays solid — but surprisingly dextrous — rhythm guitar, picking out tasteful single-note lines only very occasionally. Instead of mumbling the odd graceless announcement, or ignoring the audience altogether, he makes it his first priority to involve them from the off, warming them up with a selection of jazz chestnuts — instructing an imaginary band: "Don't tune up, fellas, it'll sound like more men."

Grosz is at his most anachronistic, however, in the choice and delivery of his material. Taking as his premise the well worn — but nonetheless true — line, "they don't write 'em like that any more," he packs

his show with well-crafted songs from the 1930s and 1940s, written by the likes of Victor Young, Frank Loesser, Fats Waller, Sammy Fain and Walter Donaldson. And he delivers them humorously but respectfully, gently satirising jazz-song conventions in a manner reminiscent of London Wainwright III's affectionate send-ups of folk and country and western.

True, his task in this particular concert was made a little easier by the intimacy of the venue — about 70 locals in a relaxed Sunday mood cannot be the most difficult audience Grosz has ever had to win over — but there was no mistaking either his genuine enthusiasm for the lesser-known tunes in his Fats Waller medley or his unreserved and infectious admiration for the sheer cleverness of songs such as *I Wish I Were Twins* and *When I Take My Sugar to Tea*.

By the time he really got down to crowd pleasing, by singing *The English Blues* — a selection of the most celebrated earthy blues lines sung in the manner of a stereotypically inhibited Englishman — his audience, to a man and woman, were already as pleased as any performer has a right to expect.

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POP ON FRIDAY: Cheer up, it is fun to be famous . . . a beguiling side to Polly Harvey . . . the best of the Boss

## Out of the blue, into the noir

One must have some forebodings about the whereabouts of Manic Street Preachers guitarist Richey James, after the discovery of his abandoned car near the Severn Bridge ten days ago. Before that, the 28-year-old had disappeared from a London hotel. The worst scenario, perhaps, is that he is dead: the best that he has sought solitude in parts unknown. But whatever James's fate, both he and Kurt Cobain — who killed himself last year — are symbols of a bygone era. Like Cobain, James has never been comfortable with the trappings of fame. Over the years the pressures of the rock'n'roll lifestyle have taken a heavy toll. Far from enjoying his good fortune, he has in interviews frequently portrayed himself as a man plagued by demons.

Much the same was true of Cobain, who took the role of the reluctant rock star to its logical conclusion. His was the ultimate act of nihilism, and it brought the negative, self-destructive ethos which attached itself to the grunge generation grinding to a halt. Cobain's great rival, Eddie Vedder, the singer with Pearl Jam, has continued to peddle a fine line in melodramatic hand-wringing both in interviews and on his group's current *Vitalogy* album, while other misanthropes such as Adam Duritz of Counting Crows have likewise sold millions of records while continuing to insist that stardom is a curse and that life is basically a waste of effort.

But there are signs of a new, more upbeat mood in rock. In America, the old-fashioned, complaining grunge bands have been overtaken in recent

months by a new wave of pseudo-punk groups, including Green Day, Offspring and Weezer. Their music is brash, breezy, unfailingly energetic and, for the most part, anxiety-free. And for the first time in years some American radio stations have been showing interest in a handful of British acts, one of them being Oasis.

"I think American youth has



DAVID SINCLAIR

had enough of people telling them how crap their lives are, and I think that when they listen to our records we just tell them how good their lives could be," said guitarist and songwriter Noel Gallagher, interviewed on MTV's *News At Night* last week.

"People like Eddie Vedder... what's the point? Why's he in a band if he's so pissed off with it? Why doesn't he go and work in a car wash or McDonald's? Being famous is great. I love it. You get stopped walking down the street for an autograph, that's the best feeling in the world."

Here in Britain there was evidence of a sea change in rock at this week's Brit Awards, where Oasis won in the Best British Newcomer category and Blur took away four trophies — an unprecedented feat — thanks to their hugely successful album, *Pariahs*. Conveniently forgotten amid such euphoria was the disastrous performance of

Blur's previous album, *Modern Life Is Rubbish*. Released in May 1993, it stayed in the chart for a total of three weeks and did not even reach the Top Ten. Yet musically it was, if anything, a better album.

Despite the huge difference in the relative success of the two albums, the journey from *Modern Life* to *Pariahs* was effected by nothing more than a simple change of emphasis in the lyrics. *Modern Life* was a parable about an imaginary new town in Essex, where everything is unremittingly dour, dingy and depressing. *Pariahs* is a buoyant celebration of the richness and vitality of working-class culture.

Not everything in the new-look pop garden is sweetness and light. Much has been said and written in recent weeks about the new "movement" of pop-noir acts (well, there are three of them to be precise) from the Bristol area. With their extraordinary fusion of trance-like melodies and slow, hip-hop beats (hence "trip-hop"), Massive Attack, Portishead (another of the British bands that are picking up airplay in America) and now Tricky (see album review below) are making music that is as miserable and introverted as anything that the grunge era produced.

But nobody is asking us to believe that it is for real, or that any of these people is actually going through a living hell to make these albums. Quite the reverse. Portishead's videos are done in a grainy, cinematic style, and the performances of these musicians on their various records are no less of an act than if they were playing a part in a movie.

The Bristolians may make melancholy music, but the elegant sense of gloom that



Oasis love the limelight: "Being famous is great. You get stopped walking down the street for an autograph, that's the best feeling in the world"

they purvey is light years away from the violent urgency and we-mean-it-man philosophy which permeates the music of the old guard. The last Manic Street Preachers album, *The Holy Bible*, with its lyrics written by Nicky Wire and the errant Richey James, is a non-stop litany of despair, with at least one song, *Die In The Summertime*, that reads like a suicide note. "I wanna die," die in the summertime/The hole in my life even stains the soil/My heart shrinks to barely a pulse/A tiny animal curled into a quarter circle." Perhaps the saddest thing now is how

passé such an overload of angst now sounds.

So what of Richey James, a man with good looks, intelligence (three A levels and a history degree), a flourishing career as a musician and the words "Useless Generation" tattooed on his left arm? The fact is that he and his kind no longer fit in. New groups such as Gene, Marion and Menswear are fired up with self-belief, not self-loathing. The world has moved on. It may seem a harsh judgment to make, but whatever has become of him, his music and attitude are relics of an era in pop which is fading fast.

## Who's a pretty Polly?

NEW ALBUMS: P. J. Harvey is a thorny English rose. Springsteen is back and Tricky is, well, tricky



Polly Harvey: still as witchy as ever but more accessible

### P. J. HARVEY

*To Bring You My Love* (Island 524 085)

WITH her flowing, black hair, pale complexion and blood-red lips, Polly Jean Harvey could, fleetingly, be mistaken for an English rose. But if so, she is a rare variety indeed, and one whose music is more thorn than petal.

To *Bring You My Love*, her fourth album in just three years, sounds at times like the work of a soul cast into the outer darkness. "I've lain with the Devil/Cursed God above/Forsaken heaven/To bring you my love," she wails in a tone of increasing agitation on the spooky title track. Like most of the album, it is an unforgiving song, hung on a simple bluesy riff played by Harvey on guitar and organ.

At its most forbidding, as on the claustrophobic *I Think I'm A Mother* and the heavily distorted *Working For The Man*, Harvey's music recalls the compelling voodoo narratives that Nick Cave specialises in.

But whereas previous P. J. Harvey albums have accentuated her more acerbic qualities, here the production — by Flood, Harvey and John Parish — brings out a more beguiling performance. And a new side is revealed on *C'Mon Billy* and *Send His Love To Me*, both neat tunes driven by acoustic guitars.

Nothing can impinge on the witchy otherness that Harvey brings to her songs, but these, along with the single *Down By The Water*, are among the most accessible she has yet recorded. The signs are that her time has come.

### DEL AMITRI

*Twisted* (A&M 540 311)

TUNEFUL songwriters, dependable musicians and charming people, Del Amitri are Britain's most sensible rockers. *Twisted* is the latest in a series of tastefully crafted albums that have bypassed rock's fashion police and found their way directly into the homes and hearts of a surprisingly large and devoted following.

With songs that range from the lightweight, acoustic harmony pop of *Roll To Me* to the dramatic bashing of everything in sight during the extended climax of *Being Somebody Else*, it is an album of greater contrasts than in the past, although there is still a surplus of gentle, gracefully turned ballads, all hinging on the theme of loneliness.

Singer and chief songwriter Justin Currie has an eye for lyrical detail and an ear for a chorus, and while there is nothing remotely innovative in what they do, this is an album of thoughtful integrity and often poignant charm.

### TRICKY

*Maxinquaye* (Island 524 089)

GIVEN his geographical and musical connections with both Massive Attack and Portishead, it comes as no surprise to find young Bristolian rapper Tricky stepping straight into the full glare of the spotlight with the release of this strikingly original debut album.

### BRUCE SPRINGSTEEN

*Greatest Hits* (Columbia 478555)

BRUCE Springsteen's portfolio does not lend itself to a tidy Greatest Hits package, especially in this country, where many of his "greatest" songs were never hits at all. The opening track, *Born To Run* — recently judged by *The Times* and Radio One to be the best modern pop song ever — is a case in point. Its inclusion, along with other non-charting classics such as *Thunder Road*, and *Atlantic City*, means that several bona fide hits are notable by their absence, most obviously *Cover Me* and *Tougher Than The Rest*.

But, by and large, the album is a representative skim through a sprawling repertoire and includes such essential landmarks as *The River*, *Born In The USA* and *Streets Of Philadelphia*.

The bait for hardcore Springsteen buffs is four previously unreleased recordings featuring the E Street Band: *Secret Garden* a wistful, new ballad in the same vein as *Streets Of Philadelphia*; *Murder Incorporated*, a stomper of a riff, recorded in 1982; *Blood Brothers*, a rather hackneyed reverie on the theme of comradeship among musicians; and *This Hard Land*, a long-standing favourite from his live shows, finally recorded only last month.

DAVID SINCLAIR

### TOP TEN ALBUMS

- 1 The Colour Of My Love..... Celine Dion (Epic)
- 2 Parklife..... Blur (Food)
- 3 Crocodile Shoes..... Jimmy Nail (East West)
- 4 Maxinquaye..... Tricky (Island)
- 5 Carry On Up The Charts..... Beautiful South (Go! Discs)
- 6 Pen Pipe Moods..... Free The Spirit (PolyGram TV)
- 7 Smart..... Sleeper (Indolent)
- 8 Bizarre Fruit..... M People (Deconstruction)
- 9 Definitely Maybe..... Oasis (Creation)
- 10 Always & Forever..... Eternal (EMI)

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# An MBA via your PC

Students for an MBA course that starts next week will be logging on to it from a personal computer at home or in the office, and will be able to attend lectures by walking into a "virtual" classroom.

Organised by the Southampton Institute Business School, it will open up fresh opportunities for executives and others who have not been able to get an MBA because of the usual need to give up the security of a full-time job. Like a traditional MBA, the first intake of about 20 students will qualify by building up a series of credits or "units".

They can also add a specialism, or "pathway", to the general management elements of the course. Options include corporate management, human resource management and marketing, all of which accommodate an IT strand that teaches the student how to use technology as a tool within the business. In the coming year, more pathways will be added. Each course unit is supported by background reading, stored electronically on the institute's computer and available over the Internet.

Using a combination of computer conferencing techniques, electronic mail and groupware, students will also be able to interact

Anyone who cannot give up a full-time job to study can now attend lectures in a 'virtual' classroom, says Clive Couldwell

with tutors and other students, run business games, simulations and participate in discussions.

Southampton Institute has built its own database of information on the Internet through which students can access a variety of services by clicking buttons on a specially prepared electronic page. They will also be able to access information from other business centres, such as the Harvard Business School and the Sloan School of Management.

Most students are expected to complete the "electronic" MBA in two years. Each year has three, 15-week terms. Southampton Institute has made the timetable as flexible as possible to accommodate foreign students plugging in from around the globe who want to fast-track through the course in 18 months. Alternatively, those wishing to take the course part-time can take much longer.

As well as trying to appeal to individuals keen to use an MBA as a way to upgrade their business skills, the intention is also that it

will introduce potential business managers of the future to an electronic world of communications and commerce in which many of today's larger companies are beginning to operate.

Although in the past an MBA tag has been associated exclusively with fast-path careers and high salaries, the institute's course reflects the present wave of cultural and technical change now sweeping through most large companies.

Technology has helped to shrink the world; companies are now measured by the way they innovate and how they respond to customers. In turn, this has made the MBA more of a norm than the exception in some companies, because of the way it educates managers to adapt to this new trading environment.

"Any MBA programme in the Nineties that doesn't include the basic tools of business, such as the use of spreadsheets, basic IT and communications doesn't have the right to call itself an MBA," Professor Charles Jennings, the

technical brains behind the new course, says.

Conventional management education has prepared the present generation of executives to control from the top down. However, these management structures are expected to disappear as professionals work in flexible teams, linked by a variety of technologies which supply them with the information they need to run their business.

Rapid developments taking place in information and communication technologies, particularly the expected pivotal role of the information superhighway, could underpin the innovative delivery of goods and services to customers. Many companies are also starting to wake up to the fact that the business and electronic commerce side of the Internet could represent a huge, relatively untapped market.

These companies also know they cannot exploit the opportunities this electronic market will bring unless they operate in a different way, using managers with the appropriate technology skills in their business portfolio.

Further details of the MBA can be obtained from: Margaret Horner, Southampton Institute Business School, East Park Terrace, Southampton SO14 0YN (01703 39821; Fax: 01703 33630).



Professor Charles Jennings says "Any MBA programme in the Nineties should include basic IT"

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## INFOTECH

A summit on the superhighway starting today may discuss fears of Anglo-Saxon dominance, says Matthew May

# Will the world speak English?

It should all be sweetness and light in Brussels from today until Sunday, as ministers from the G7 countries try to seek broad agreement on how the development of information superhighways should proceed. That, at least, is the hope of Jacques Santer, President of the European Commission and host of the summit.

Bubbling not far from the surface, however, are a set of very different concerns by each of the countries attending. Britain wants a further liberalisation of the telecommunications market to match its own efforts, while Germany wants to put pressure on the United States to lift restrictions on foreign ownership in telecommunications and the media. Japan, on the other hand, wants to emphasise the importance of extending the benefits of an information society to the rest of Asia and developing countries.

And at the top of the American agenda is concern about market access to the EC for interactive telecommunications and other manifestations of the superhighway. This worry could be the basis of the biggest clash as France, backed by Canada, is chiefly concerned about ensuring "cultural diversity" in tomorrow's information-rich society.

It is not just American cultural dominance that the French fear. America's plan for what it calls a "global information infrastructure"

is, as Ron Brown, the US Commerce Secretary, says, "not just about new technologies, it is about connecting each to all, each person to all people, each nation to all nations".

With this comes a requirement for much of the information distributed to be in the same language. And that means, of course, that left to free-market forces the world will increasingly converse in English.

Television programmes and films can be dubbed into local languages

**'Connecting each to all, each person to all people'**

and a few satellite TV channels already transmit such things as sport and old films with several soundtracks available in different languages. But the same does not hold true for the world of computerised communication.

The closest thing to a global superhighway at the moment is the Internet, which has several different functions. Sending and receiving electronic mail will no doubt become as common as a telephone call. Just like any other one-to-one communi-

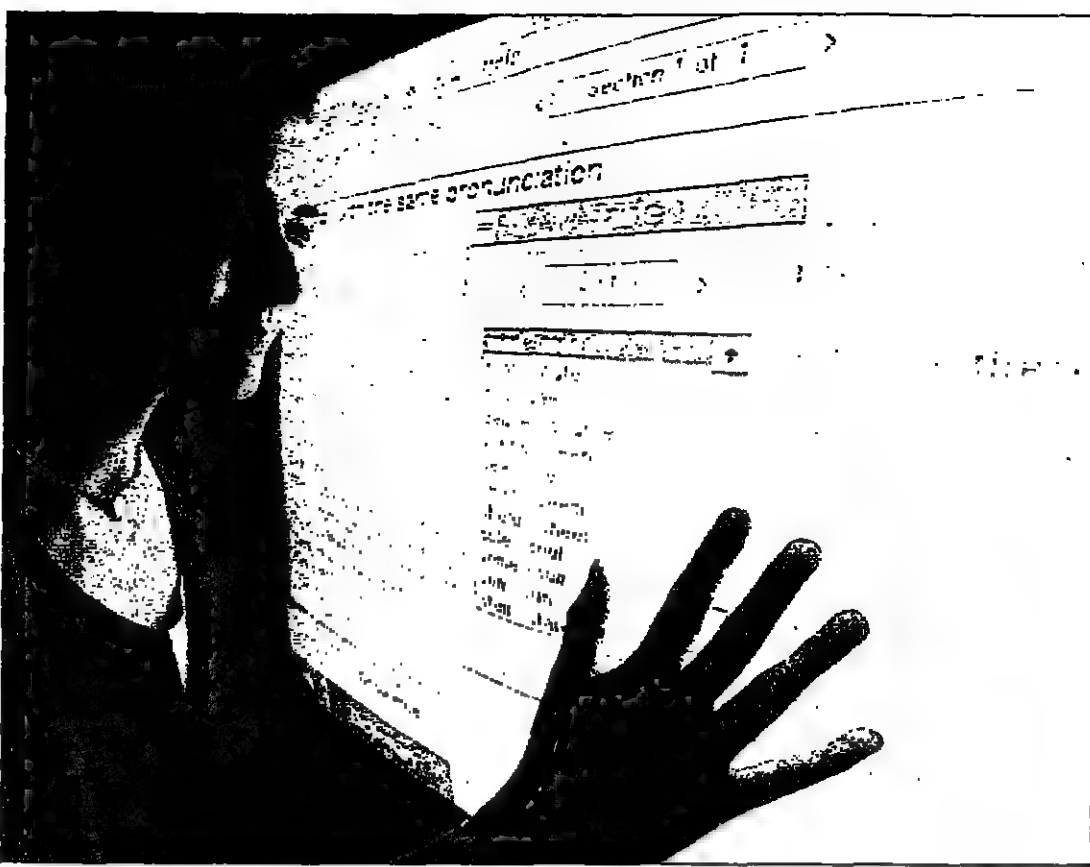
cation, e-mails can be sent in any language the sender and recipient agree on.

But one of the most interesting aspects of the Internet is the ability for one individual to display information to an audience of potentially millions. Those who can take advantage range from people "posting" messages in discussion groups to individuals or organisations wanting to distribute text, pictures, graphics or even computer programs for downloading. Either way, the Internet costs are minimal compared with any more traditional way of getting information in front of such a large audience.

In the area of discussion groups, an important attraction is the sharing of an interest with like-minded people all around the world. The users might be anything from scientists talking about about particle physics (sci.physics.particle) to a passion for racing bicycles (rec.bicycles.racing).

On other parts of the network students and researchers can rummage electronically through computer files on a chosen topic that may, for example, be held in a university's computer halfway across the planet.

In fact the whole secret of the Internet is that you pay only to link into a nearby computer. The international connections used when "surfing" around the world for information do not cost any more.



The language of information technology: an electronic dictionary known as the "Bank of English"

While discussion groups and other information on the Internet exist in several languages, the vast majority is in English (American, to be completely accurate).

Will other non-English speaking countries start backing France publicly when they realise how much their children will have to communicate in English if they want to stay on the superhighway? The Internet, after all, is in its infancy. Some people say that although it has

millions of users, its facilities are as crude in superhighway terms as the early black and white televisions of the 1930s. There are already plans to make some of the thousands of discussion groups and other Internet information available over cable and satellite television.

There is, perhaps, one technological hope for the French and others concerned about an information society that will run largely in English. By the next century text

written in English could be automatically and perfectly translated into other languages.

For the moment, such software is good enough only to prepare a "first draft", produced as an aid to speed the work of translators. And possibly the only thing more likely to upset the French than asking them to read information in English, is to translate it into bad French.

Leading article, page 19

## A Window on China

### Microsoft woos Peking

MICROSOFT plans to train 2,500 Chinese to become software experts, as it scrambles for people to promote its strategy in China, Matthew May writes.

The "Microsoft Certified Professional" programme, which is sanctioned by the Chinese electronics ministry and education commission at four of the country's big universities, aims to build a community of what the company calls "evangelists".

The joining of hands with the electronics ministry marks a remarkable reversal of fortune. A year ago, officials offended by what they saw as Microsoft's heavy-handed entry to China and keen to protect their own fledgling software houses, blocked markets to a Chinese version of Windows.

In a strategic about-face orchestrated last summer, Microsoft began wooing Chinese software firms to help refine Chinese Windows to Peking's satisfaction. Microsoft is spending more than £600,000 in the first year and has sent a group destined to be instructors to its American headquarters for certification.

## Never say enough

KEVIN MITNICK may have been the world's most wanted computer hacker but he was far from the best, according to the computer expert who helped to catch him last week. "I don't think he's particularly good at this. He does not have technical expertise," said Tsutomu Shimomura, of the San Diego Supercomputing Centre, who helped the FBI to track him down. "His chief quality is persistence."

### Screen music

VIDEO Jukebox, a music video service known to its viewers as The Box, wants to leap from the TV screen to the computer screen. The company plans to digitise its music delivery system so that computer users can call up a video on their PC screen, eventually going online through computer networks like the Internet.

### On the hop

TOAD, of Cambridge, has launched its Toad Tracking package, an £800 device designed to track and monitor the whereabouts of a vehicle seconds after it has been stolen. The system is triggered only if the thief manages to bypass an immobiliser built into the system. The owner is then contacted and,



THERE are a lot of decibels between a hushed whisper and a slamming door. A new digital hearing aid developed by Japan's industrial science and technology agency will be able to tell the difference between them and, having analysed the user's hearing problem, automatically adjust the volume. The aid can then be programmed to amplify specific ranges and kinds of sounds, depending on need. It is expected to go on sale next year after testing.

If a theft has occurred, details of the car's position are relayed to the police. Toad, which charges an annual fee of £117, is the third company to get a licence for such tracking devices.

### Moving facts

SENDING information by linking a portable computer with a mobile phone has never been simple. Now, with digital networks, the process should become much easier. Orange, the mobile

phone operator, is to start a data service this summer where customers will be able to send and receive electronic mail, faxes and data files. When used with a portable computer, it will run at a connection rate of 9,600 bits per second and will be compatible with software such as Lotus ccMail Mobile and Lotus Notes.

### Awake at work

MAINTAINING concentration levels while doing boring

tasks has always been a problem for both workers and employers. Mazda has developed an audio system and accompanying software which it says will perk up bored workers. The key, Mazda says, is the use of specific musical compositions that last 30 seconds and have 30-second intervals between them. The company also plans to introduce the system as an optional car stereo package, selling it as a way to reduce driver fatigue.

### Here is the news

SONY says that it will jointly develop a digital electronic news production system with Oracle, the software company, that will simplify and speed up the preparation of television news.

It says the system will combine video and audio clips with wire service text on a single edit workstation. A prototype will be shown in April.

### Ringing lines

IRIDIUM, the consortium planning to put satellite phones in the hands of globetrotting executives, has passed its most testing regulatory and financial hurdles. Iridium hopes its planned series of 66 low Earth-orbit satellites will attract 1.5 million customers within three years of the start of the service in 1998.

Infotech is edited by Matthew May. E-mail address: matt@timesdelphi.com

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## MASTERS

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## P6 makes history of the Pentium

Are you one of the many people thinking of buying a PC or portable computer but never sure when is the best time?

Buy a PC now and, sure enough, in six months or a year's time it will be available far cheaper, while something far better will be on offer for what you spent. Well, nothing has changed.

Intel has announced details of its latest computer chip, for now called P6, which will go on sale this winter and is destined to ensure that within a couple of years today's popular 486 PCs will start to look like examples of industrial archaeology.

Though the P6 is initially destined for powerful desktop computers used primarily by businesses, by the end of 1996 it will be available for cheaper PCs for the home and will improve their ability to handle video, stereo sound, animation and 3-D graphics.

The introduction follows hard on the heels of Intel's Pentium, introduced only two years ago and not yet at its expected peak. Intel, which has no choice but to step up the pace to keep ahead of growing competition, says the P6 will deliver about twice the performance of the Pentium and will be able to run more sophisti-



Extra power: the P6

cated software, including programs that recognise spoken commands.

Intel also says that testing of the P6 has been much more involved and lengthy than testing at a comparable stage for the Pentium. A flaw discovered in the high-powered Pentium chip turned into a public relations disaster and gave the company's consumer image a beating.

The good news, if you have not just bought one, is that more price cuts have started on 486 and Pentium PCs.

MATTHEW MAY

## HEAD OF INFORMATION SYSTEMS

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The heatwave of 1994, followed by a winter's rain, will influence fishing for years. In the first of two articles, **Brian Clarke** explores the probable legacy of extreme weather conditions.

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Police, protesters and participants drawn together by Waterloo Cup

## Battle lines remain despite groups' common ground

There is all manner of strange behaviour with which I empathise: headlines that recount the wrongdoings of vicars and Scoutmasters steadily make me feel that there but for the grace of God... though I am neither religious nor homosexual.

Politicians discovered to be no better than the rest of us, judges pronouncing that these men behaved like a pack of dogs, hoteliers nailed for profiteering use of Kennomeat, cause me to bang my head; given the circumstances and the opportunity, I might be as guilty as they are. But when I see on television news some poor woman who tried to kidnap another's child being packed into a police van and a dozen of my fellow citizens run behind it screaming abuse and banging the panels of the vehicle, I am bemused: what causes these interfering bodies to do this? What concern is it of theirs? Can they not trust a judge and jury?

I have spent the week reporting the Waterloo Cup, the blue ribbon of coursing. Thousands of aficionados braved foul weather, lined the sodden banks of The Withins at Alicar. More than a hundred people known as "antis", which is a loose alliance of the League Against Cruel Sports and various animal rights organisations, came to protest. The law of our land states that it is their right to do so, as much as it is the right of people to course.

Coursing concerns the breeding and training of greyhounds to enhance their natural speed and agility. Dogs chase hares, have done since time began, are likely to go on. It is a natural reaction and seems to me more natural than for people with loudspeakers to insult those who activate, support or condone this pursuit... but that is my personal view.

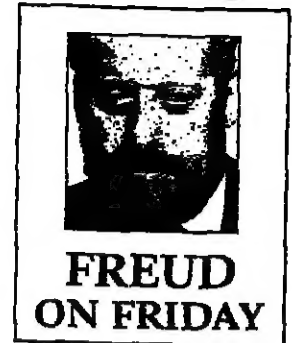
Having seen three days of it, I want to put this into some sort of perspective. Day one: I arrive at my Southport hotel and am confronted by a man and three women bearing anti-coursing placards.

"Are you going coursing?" "Yes, I am a journalist."

"You [expletive] scum."

I had intended going to a Chinese restaurant and ordering a portion of No 24 for dinner. I rang room service for an egg sandwich on granary bread instead. I watched *East-Enders* over the din of the protesters outside my window.

Day two: Coursing takes place in remote locations like a field four miles east of



FREUD ON FRIDAY

Formby. There are no signs. Approach roads, tracks really, have police patrols: I pass a dozen mounted police.

Half a mile from where I can see marquees and parked cars, I am stopped by stewards and questioned; then stopped again and waved on. "We just wanted to make sure..." Police walk around in pairs. I ask if they expect trouble. "Antis are coming at 11 o'clock."

At 10.45 on the horizon of the flat wetlands, I see a slow-moving straggle of humanity, like an army in retreat. There are led by three mounted policemen, followed by three more, and a dozen yellow-jacketed police walk by their sides.

An announcement on the public address system warns us that there may be an incendiary device planted

**'The law states that it is their right to protest, as much as it is others to course'**

among the crowd: be careful. We are careful. Soon after 11 o'clock, the antis, ringed by their police escort, are positioned on a bank facing the tented village where one can buy hats, horse brasses and prints of Fullerton winning the Waterloo Cup in 1890 (he also won in 1891 and 1892).

Coursing continues 150 yards to the east; there is a high wind and what they sing and shout is lost, carried back in the direction from which they came.

Now here is an interesting development: facing the bank with their backs to the British Field Sports Society tent stand three anti-antis: young, male, hard-looking men, and two mounted policemen acting as anti-anti-antis ride into them, order them to move on, grip one by the shoulders and carry him away. All sorts of curious

coursing supporters come from the tea tents and the beer tents and are told in no uncertain fashion to clear out, get back behind that line of cars or into the marquees.

One of the antis, a girl with rain-streaked hair and a shrill voice, has a loudspeaker and shouts at us: "I hope you rot in hell." Is part of her text, and frequently repeated.

I wonder whether there are alternatives when one gets to hell: can one choose rotting or needlework? Is this aggravated *schadenfreude* on the part of the girl? Am I being pedantic? At noon, the antis are marched away.

On my way back to Southport, I pass two women and a boy carrying animal rights posters and offer them a lift. No. I tell them I am a journalist, would like to hear their views; can we talk here or might they come to my hotel for a cup of tea? No.

Day three: Coursing takes place in Lidyate, which is even further from the beaten track than was yesterday's meet. The weather is foul. There is a goodish police presence but no antis; if an anti had made it through the wind and the rain and the fields, he would have got a huge cheer.

The ground is sodden, the hares are unsatisfactory; six are killed in the eight courses which are run. This is a greater disincentive to go coursing than being cursed by shrill-voiced women. Action is suspended and we return to the hotel. A furious-looking girl sees me and shouts: "Sigmund Freud coursing scum."

I go out to dinner; when I return, a police car with two officers waits in the hotel drive "just here in case the antis come back and make trouble". They don't.

Day four: There was some rain, a shower of hail, freezing wind, whisky and hot water if you went first to the barman then to the tea lady... and no antis. We who coursed had a good day and we who backed the winner an especially cheerful one. But traditionalists were saddened by the fact that for the first time in the 186-year history of the Waterloo Cup, there was no police escort for the two canine finalists.

The public address system urged us to help to frustrate the anti-field sports Bill on March 3.

Back at the hotel, two very well behaved men sit by their notice which expresses the official anti view: Coursing perverts Sport... exactly what an aunt of mine used to say about fishing, but then nearly four million people fish.



Animal rights campaigners make their point outside the hotel in Southport



The coursing action gets under way. Photographs: Barry Greenwood

## Benn adds punch at last

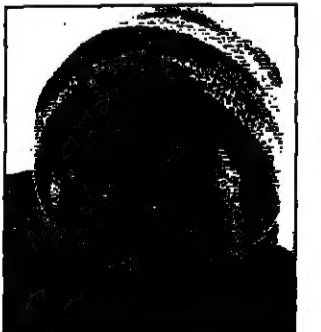
By SRIKUMAR SEN, BOXING CORRESPONDENT

WITH just three days to go to his World Boxing Council super-middleweight title defence against Gerald McClellan, Nigel Benn finally made an appearance at a press conference called by Frank Warren yesterday to publicise the show at the London Arena on Saturday.

Having finished giving evidence in the morning in the High Court in an action brought against him by his former trainer, Brian Lynch, Benn dashed from the law courts to Docklands to pile on the hype that Warren had been craving all week to nudge ticket sales to a sell-out. Benn had contracted to make three publicity appearances, two before the event and one after it.

After saying "talk is cheap", the champion, 31, who arrived in London on Wednesday after

six weeks of training in Lanzarote, made up for lost time and spoke for a good ten minutes. The court case, he maintained, had not affected his training nor his concentration. He promised to take the 27-year-old challenger from Detroit to school.



Benn: late arrival

"When I've got a fight lined up nothing can come between it, nothing," Benn said. "If a fight's going to get me going, this is the fight to do it. I'm looking for a good fight, if it goes one round or 12, it doesn't matter. The buzz he's given me is tremendous."

Benn said he did not rate McClellan higher than Watson or Eubank. "He's banged out a lot of people, but who?" Benn said. "Just the same way Michael Watson took me to school, I have to do that to him. I intend to. I hope his punch is going to be there after one or two rounds because, remember, I too can punch, harder."

McClellan said that he had never gone 12 rounds in his career and did not intend to now. He reiterated his intention to knock Benn out inside six rounds.

## Woodhall moves into big league

RICHIE WOODHALL, the European and Commonwealth middleweight champion, is in line for a world title challenge against the winner of the World Boxing Council (WBC) championship bout between Julian Jackson, of the

United States, and Agostino Cardamone, of Italy (Srikumar Sen writes). Woodhall became the leading WBC contender after his ninth-round victory over Silvio Branco, of Italy, in a European title bout at Telford on Wednesday. The contest was a WBC final eliminator.

Mickey Duff, who manages Woodhall, said he would be talking to Don King and Frank Warren, the promoters who have options on Jackson and Cardamone, but he believed that they would keep Woodhall waiting after seeing the emphatic way in which he beat Branco.

Duff believes Woodhall can win the world title because Jackson is not the force he once was and Cardamone

only narrowly beat Branco. Woodhall, despite being penalised one point for constantly losing his gunshield, was six rounds in front on the referee, Andre Ducrocq's, card at the time of the stoppage.

If Woodhall is kept waiting for his world title challenge, he will have two or three more bouts in the meantime, defending his Commonwealth and European titles and taking a ten-round warm-up. Woodhall, who is generally regarded as a boxer, showed he could fight under pressure as well.

I answered a few questions," he said. "I showed a lot of people I'm not just a fancy man and can punch and mix it. I'm up there with the best."

## Collision course punished by ban

DAVID MYERS, who plays for Bradford Northern, has been suspended for the rest of the rugby league season and fined £250 for deliberately running into the back of a referee. He is likely to appeal against the punishments.

Myers, 23, had been cited by the Rugby Football League board of directors after Greg McCallum, the controller of referees, had noticed the incident while watching a video recording of Bradford's game against Leeds in the Challenge Cup on February 12. The game was refereed by John Connolly.

Myers faces the prospect of another, potentially more damaging inquiry, also involving team-mate Dave Watson, after both refused to give samples for drug-testing after last Sunday's home victory against Hull.

"The panel took a very grave view of the incident with the referee," Neil Tunnicliffe, a Rugby League spokesman said announcing the decision.

"The game prides itself on its discipline in relation to match officials and the standard will not be allowed to slip under any circumstances."

Myers said his punishment was "grossly unfair. I've never been sent off before and I've only been sin-binned three times, two of which were for technical offences."

"I'm 14 stone and if I'd hit anybody deliberately, they would have known about it. I wasn't looking where I was going and was not aware of the referee."

## Fortune changes tack to aid French

FROM BARRY PICKTHALL IN SAN DIEGO

MARC PAJOT and his French America's Cup crew experienced a much-needed change of fortune at the end of the third round of the Louis Vuitton challenger trials here on Wednesday. After the keel fell off their trial yacht earlier this week, the French ended a run of defeats with an encouraging victory over the Japanese to keep hopes flickering that they may yet make the semi-finals.

This time it was Makoto Namba and his team who appeared to be the victims of a jinx. They won the start but then had to watch as France took advantage of a favourable windshift that propelled her into the lead. The Japanese then compounded their problems by hoisting one gennaker too many after rounding the weather mark. In a moment of uncharacteristic carelessness, the bowman, Sofuku Kazuhiko, hooked up two downwind sails together and, by the time he had recovered the situation, *Nippon 94* had slipped a further seven lengths astern of the French crew.

For Pajot, it was a vital break, with the French now within one race of overtaking the Japanese for fourth place when the next round of trials starts in a week.

New Zealand maintained its unbroken run with victory over *Sydney 95* and is now assured of a place in the semi-finals.

"We can't go on winning every race. At some point, a breakage or bad windshift will knock us down," New Zealand's designer, Doug Peterson, admitted yesterday. "The performance gap between us

and the other challengers is closing, particularly the new *oneAustralia* which is almost certainly as fast as us upwind but a little slower downwind."

John Bertrand and his *oneAustralia* team have secured second place in the trials after beating *Tag Heuer Challenge*, skippered by Chris Dickson, in the last race of the series.

Both *Sydney 95* and *Rioja de Espana*, which is skippered by Pedro Campos, have little left in their arsenals to lift their performances but the Japanese and French crews may both have a few cards still to play.

Namba and his crew are expected to bring out for the next round their new boat, *Nippon 95*, which, according to team sources, has proved consistently faster during trials against the older boat this week.

The French, on the other hand, are relying on a radical quadrilateral mainsail, which they were testing against France when she capsized, to propel them into the semi-finals.

Robin Davie, the British sole yachtsman who suffered a dismasting 2,000 miles west of Cape Horn earlier this week, has set up a jury rig on his 40ft yacht, *Cornwall*, and is continuing in the BOC Challenge round-the-world race. The leader, Christophe Auguin, is within 600 miles of the finish of the third leg from Sydney to Punta del Este, Uruguay, having built up a 430-mile lead over his fellow Frenchman, Jean Luc van den Heede.

Results, page 36

## Eyles in hospital after collapsing

RODNEY EYLES, from Australia, the world No 3 squash player, was under observation in the cardiac department of Kingston Hospital in Surrey yesterday after collapsing at Coletts Club while waiting to play for Lingfield in a Surrey Cup match on Wednesday (Colin McQuillan writes).

Eyles, 27, an athletic and inventive competitor, became the leading Australian challenger over the past year, winning the Tournament of Champions in New York and the Mahandra Challenge in Bombay, to challenge Jansher Khan, the world champion, and Peter Marshall, the British champion, in the world rankings.

His performances at first string for Lingfield in the Super Squash League since Christmas had, however, been disappointing against lower-ranked opposition, although he did defeat Derek Ryan, the Irish champion, on Monday evening. Hospital authorities said yesterday that Eyles was "comfortable and resting".

## England inspects

CRICKET: The England A selectors were yesterday forced to delay their choice for the final tour match, a three-day encounter with Bangladesh, in Dhaka, by a thunderstorm. The city was swamped by torrential rain, inducing the selectors to put their plans on hold until they inspect the pitch at the National Stadium before play starts today.

The England A captain, Alan Wells, the only man certain to play, explained: "We are not prepared to take any chances even now. We have developed the winning habit and want to keep it. That's why we will have a good look at the pitch to make sure we have the right team for the conditions. It would be unfair for us to slacken off at this stage and unfair to the selectors who pinned their faith on all of us."

## Dangerfield challenge

CYCLING: The time-trial season starts in earnest on Sunday with the traditional opening classic, the North Road CC hardriders' 25 miles in Hertfordshire, which takes in minor roads where technical riding skill ranks equal with physical fitness. The 90 competitors will need ideal conditions to approach the event record, set by Chris Boardman, of 57min 20sec. Stuart Dangerfield, who won last year with a time of 58min, is the top seed.

## Sampras recovers

TENNIS: Pete Sampras struggled into the second round of the United States indoor men's tournament in Philadelphia yesterday, beating Marcelo Filippini, of Uruguay, only after recovering from a first-set setback. The world No 1 was also a break down in the third set before completing a 4-6, 6-4, 7-5 victory. Andre Agassi, however, eased into the quarter-finals with a relatively easy 6-3, 6-4 second-round win over another American, Jeff Tarango.

## Oxford promise much

REAL TENNIS: Nick Baker, of Cambridge, and Alex Roberts-Miller, of Oxford, meet in what promises to be a thrilling first-string singles in the University match, which starts today at Queens Club (Sally Jones writes). Baker has gone from a handicap of 21 to 16 in two months while Roberts-Miller looks possibly even stronger than his 15 handicap. Overall, Oxford look fearfully strong and start as overwhelming favourites.

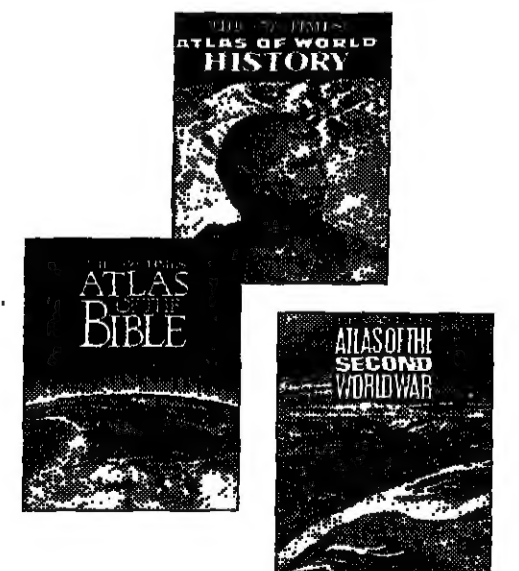
## Torpids delayed

ROWING: A swollen river again caused the postponement of the second day of Oxford University Torpids on the Isis yesterday. The river continued to be on red alert, but the race committee has not given up hope of a start being made today. St Catherine's Boat Club captain, John Haynes, said yesterday: "There is no Torpids today, but if there is no more rain in the next 24 hours, we are very hopeful of racing on Friday."

## THE TIMES

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# No giggles, please, this is courtroom drama

The Radio Times said "Imagine LA Law set in England" but I ask you, was that cruel, or just thoughtless? Crown Prosecutor, BBC's solid re-telling of the adage that "you go wrong with courtroom drama" finally hit the screen last night, and I for one would like to say thank you, thank you for a bloody good laugh. God bless them for seeing the funny side. What a host to give the big boss of the Crown Prosecution Service a pair of dentures the wrong size, so that when he snapped, "Words, my offish!" you could fall on the carpet with impunity. Not since *Crossroads* have I heard such genuinely shallow drivel ("Am I getting... old, Ben?"), nor seen such perfect mood swings in the course of conversations.

Big Boss (with ill-fitting teeth and northern accent, shouting more loudly than the occasion demands): "Where's he gonna

end? Bloody great cue card in court?" *Haranguing Underling* sees the funny side. He laughs. Both men laugh more than the occasion demands. All is well. But to begin at the beginning, *Crown Prosecutor* is a new ten-part drama series of half-hours, and it is not supposed to be funny. Even though Mrs Overall lurks around every corner with a tray of coffee cups; even though there is a giveaway poster of Lady Penelope pinned to the wall (with its overt message "Trees died for this?"); it is still not supposed to be funny. The people of the CPS are, alas, indistinguishable from barristers, and they feature among them Nina (haughty, short skirt, sharp lips, appetite for bananas); Sheila (old, but only in the sense of three dots and a question mark); Marty (Thunderbirds gigolo, with strings showing on shoulders); Eric (ambitious, black); Lenny

(gung-ho for justice); and Ben (the boss with the negligent dent). Five full weeks before April 1, there is simply no explanation for *Crown Prosecutor*. It will please only the lobby who abhor nate background music. The first court case was of no interest whatever. Back at the flat-packed office, files were dumped on c-clips (to indicate workload), and an unknown vampish blonde in a short peach suit with black lacy and rights (yuk!) came to collect Marty's things. She picked up his shower gel, and read out a sentence at random. "Reawaken your body? Mmmmm." No wonder ITV is getting a better name for drama these days; at least they confine this sort of stuff to the ads.

Pleasant surprise of the evening was Jobs for the Girls (BBC), in which Patsy Kensit and Linda Robson, of the loathsome *Birds of a Feather*, did

## REVIEW



Lynne Truss

a crash course in dog training and won prizes at Crufts. In six weeks they learned to handle and groom two old English shepherds, and to manage them in a show-ring. Having started out larkily (dragged by unruly ten dogs and shrieking), they quickly headed Angela Rippon's maternity advice, and pulled themselves together. This was a serious business requiring concentration.

Rippon warned them. In the event, the star of the show is the dog.

There is such appalling scope for sexist insults here, these plucky women deserve extra credit for not caring. Anyway, although the secret of successful dog-handling remains a bit of a mystery, Pauline and Linda were and had to be dogs, in cold barns, with wildly unflattering bobbles crowning their wildly unflattering ensembles; and in the end, they did themselves great credit.

"I didn't tell you I vomit when I'm extremely nervous, did I?" said Pauline, just prior to entering the show-ring at Crufts. These women genuinely cared about doing a good job, and the anxiety on screen was so intense it couldn't help affecting the viewer at home. Help Pauline brushing the dog's hair the right way? Up, Pauline, up! Oh no, the dog has decided to sit down against! Hold the lead to the side, Linda! Put the back legs together!

Remember where the judge is! I never thought I'd be bothered to see Sharon or Tracey win third prize in a dog show, but then life is all about new experiences.

Channel 4's *Secret Lives* taught us what a lot of us Disney was a despotic and paranoid anti-communist FBI informer who couldn't draw Mickey Mouse to save his life. Personally I didn't know that Dumbo was created by blacklegs during a union dispute (I feel guilty about enjoying it now). But conclusive though all the damning evidence was, there was a lack of objective judgment in some areas. Footage of the picket which finally poisoned Uncle Walt against his staff was constructed in hindsight rather disingenuously as if Disney was plain crazy to take it personally. We were likewise expected to boo the villain when Disney sacked some harmless

animators who, just for fun, made a film of Mickey and Minnie enjoying sexual congress. What on earth did they expect him to do? Give them an Oscar?

In the second episode of *Hearts and Minds* (Channel 4), Christopher Eccleston faced his first few days as a real teacher, and soon ran out of ideas. His was reduced to reading aloud W.W. Jacobs' "The Monkey's Paw" — one of the most gripping ghost stories ever written, leaving him nowhere else to go. Other plot-lines developed — the opening out, the headmaster's Lolita problem, the clash of individual teaching standards, the wheedling wife.

A kid stole all the videos from the English department's new television archive. "They took everything but the first 100 episodes of *Brookside*," lamented the new head of English. "That narrows it down," quipped the investigating officer. "A thief with taste."

## BBC1

- 6.00am Business Breakfast (25598)
- 7.00 BBC Breakfast News (62310540)
- 9.05 Swat Kats (r) (s) (4536618) 9.30 White Fang (r) (8743279) 9.55 Christopher Crocodile (r) (2879618)
- 10.00 News (CeeFax), regional news and weather (7831540)
- 10.05 EastEnders — The Early Days (r) (CeeFax) (s) (68480076)
- 10.35 Good Morning with Anne and Nick. Weekday family magazine (4020366)
- 12.00 News (CeeFax), regional news, and weather (1723366) 12.05pm Pebble Mill. Gloria Hunniford is joined by Rosemary Squires and Bill Cotton (s) (2959509) 12.55 Regional News and weather (75031298)
- 1.00 One O'Clock News (CeeFax) and weather (73786)
- 1.30 Neighbours (CeeFax) (s) (8285947) 1.50 Crown Prosecutor (r) (CeeFax) (s) (85474362)
- 2.20 Holiday (r) (CeeFax) (s) (8162218) 2.50 The Flying Doctors (r) (CeeFax) (s) (4895547)
- 3.35 Cartoon (929453) 3.45 Bites (s) (928189) 4.00 Jackanory: A Wizard of Earthsea (s) (4154154) 4.10 Rugrats (s) (4852569) 4.25 The Borrowers (r) (CeeFax) (s) (2136540)
- 4.55 Newsround Extra (5306415) 5.05 Grange Hill (CeeFax) (s) (3697649)
- 5.35 Neighbours (r) (CeeFax) (s) (924724)
- 6.00 Six O'Clock News (CeeFax) and weather (279)
- 6.30 Regional news magazines (231) Northern Ireland: Neighbours
- 7.00 Wipeout with Paul Daniels. (CeeFax) (s) (6182)
- 7.30 Tomorrow's World. Carol Vorderman unveils the magnetic gripper that will enable people to climb tall buildings; and Sharnaz Pakravan reports on television diagnosis. (CeeFax) (s) (415)
- 8.00 The Unforgettable Eastenders: Michelle Jaffe. A classic episode to celebrate the tenth anniversary of the programme (r). (CeeFax) (2502)
- 8.30 Do the Right Thing. Terry Wogan's guests, Edwina Currie, MP, John Stalker and Janet Street Porter, are presented with a cascade of moral dilemmas (s) (1637)
- 9.00 Nine O'Clock News (CeeFax), regional news and weather (2347)



George Irving and Nigel Le Vaillant (9.30pm)

- 9.30 Dangerfield starring Nigel Le Vaillant as a police surgeon. (CeeFax) (s) (402076)
- 10.20 FILM: For the Boys (1991) starring Bette Midler and James Caan as a successful all-singing all-dancing duo whose stormy relationship offstage threatens the partnership. Directed by Mark Rydell. (CeeFax) (s) (8434234) Wales: Popsi Dragon 10.50 FILM: For the Boys 1.10-2.30am FILM: The Premature Burial
- 12.00am FILM: The Premature Burial (1962) starring Ray Milland as a 19th-century man who believes his father was buried alive and is terrified that he will meet the same fate. Directed by Roger Corman. (CeeFax) (4892563)
- 2.00 Weather (5694854)

## BBC2

- 6.20 Open University: Absolute Zero — How Low Can You Go? (7303298) 6.45 Instruments — Made to Measure (8772144) 7.10 TV — The Global Impact (3115540) 7.35 Technology (2582328)
- 8.00 Breakfast News. (CeeFax and signing) (7308992)
- 8.15 Germany 1925-32 (s) (8010366) 8.20 Boating Butler Tony Butler travels from Upton-upon-Severn to Stourport (r) (7821328) 8.50 A Week to Remember (b/w) (2081569)
- 9.00 Daytime on Two. Educational programmes. Plus, for children, 10.00-10.25 Plays (2867637) 2.00 Johnson and Friends (28943618)
- 2.10 Open View (r) (4138614)
- 2.15 Sport on Friday introduced by Helen Rollason. The Churchill Insurance World Indoor Bowls championships: the 2.30, 3.00 and 3.30 races from Haydock; and a review of the week's football news. Includes News and weather at 2.50 (948296) 3.50 News, regional news and weather (3513434)
- 4.00 Today's the Day. Recent history quiz (s) (144)
- 4.30 World Bowls. Further coverage (96255)
- 6.00 Captain Scarlet and the Mysterons (r). (CeeFax) (457618)
- 6.25 Randall and Hopkirk (Deceased). Private detective comedy drama (407415)
- 7.15 The O-Zone. Pop music magazine (s) (840255)
- 7.30 Operavox. An animated version of Verdi's *Requiem*. With the voices of Jonathan Summers, Rosemary Joshua and the orchestra and chorus of the Welsh National Opera. (CeeFax) (647)



Lana Wong and Andy Earl take aim (8.00pm)

- 8.00 The Photo Show. (CeeFax) (s) (5124)
- 8.30 Gardeners' World. Geoff Hamilton with the latest developments in the world of gardening. (CeeFax) (s) (8279)
- 9.00 Staircase and Son (b/w) (r). (CeeFax) (8219)
- 9.30 Our Man in... Havana. (CeeFax) (s) (788811)
- 10.10 The Car's the Star: Triumph Herald (CeeFax) (s) (879182)
- 10.30 Newsnight. (CeeFax) (873958)
- 11.15 The Mrs Merton Show. Spoof chat show, presented by Caroline Hook as an ageing aunt. (CeeFax) (s) (818540) Wales: Welsh Lobby 11.45 The Mrs Merton Show 12.15am Duckman 12.45-1.35 The Fugitive
- 11.45 Duckman. Adult animation (s) (426499)
- 12.10am Weather (1518274)
- 12.15 The Fugitive (b/w). Man-on-the-run drama (r). (CeeFax) (7676767). Ends at 1.10

Video-Pass and the Video PassCodes. The numbers next to each programme listing are Video PassCodes which allow you to use the Video PassCode system. A VideoPass "remote" can be used with most VCRs. To use the Video PassCode system, enter the Video PassCode on the VCR. To use the Video PassCode system, enter the Video PassCode on the VCR. To use the Video PassCode system, enter the Video PassCode on the VCR.

## CHOICE

The Photo Show 8.00pm. A six-part series on photography aims to mix instruction and entertainment and to cater for enthusiasts on all levels of ability. The magazine format ensures a wide scanner of items, though trying to cover half a dozen topics in half an hour does not allow for much depth or detail. In one of the best, two professional photographers are invited to Trafalgar Square and challenged to avoid the pictorial clichés of a popular tourist spot. The results are original, not to say startling. George Melly turns up to sing the praises of Man Ray and Lee Miller, and we see how two press photographers cover a football match at Old Trafford. The twist is that both are women. There are also details of current exhibitions.

Our Man in... 9.30pm. Clive Anderson makes such a performance of not being serious that you cannot always tell when he is. He is in Havana this week, checking out Castro's Cuba. Socialist paradise or brutal Communist dictatorship? Anderson promises to deliver his verdict. But there are gaps to be got out of the way first. The running one is whether Castro will show up for a promised interview. There is a joke about Lada cars being stolen by Lada Lous. There is a "must whisper" because the hotel might be bugged" routine. A street poster proclaims "socialism or death". Not much choice, really, quips our chirpy guide. The non-funny bits include food rationing, the American trade embargo and boat people trying to escape to Miami.

The Car's the Star 8.00pm. Launched with dancing girls at the Albert Hall, the Triumph Herald was perfectly timed for the late 1930s. New-found affluence meant that motorists could aspire to something better than the dreary Standard 8 and the Herald combined the glamour of Italian styling with advanced suspension and a turning circle as good as a London taxi. Never mind that the early cars handled like supermarket trolleys and had a nasty tendency to let in water. Newby mind that by today's politically correct standards, the advertisement was appallingly sexist. The difficulty was making enough vehicles to meet demand. Quentin Willson's homage mixes period footage with tributes from delighted owners such as Lord Howe.



David Rintoul and Jennifer Ryan (ITV, 9.00pm)

Dr Finlay 9.00pm. Although the clues are there, in the hairstyles and the way people dress, you can forget that the saga of Tannochbrae is taking place nearly 50 years ago. The period is particularly important for this week's scenario in which a young man is beaten up just because he is homosexual. Without the knowledge that this is 1948, the funnies about anti-aircraft duty that still illegals and the intolerance of the community towards a social taboo would make little sense. To this piece of disturbing social history the scriptwriter adds a good old clash of loyalty. Cameron (Ian Bannen) and the pharmacist (Gordon Reid) have a shouting match over a prescription. Poor Janet (Annette Crosbie) is caught in the middle. Peter Waymark

## CARLTON LWT

- 6.00am GMTV (1365521)
- 9.25 Chain Letters (s) (4255502) 9.55 London Today (Teletext) and weather (2894788)
- 10.00 The Time... The Place with John Stapleton (s) (4891463)
- 10.35 This Morning. Weekday family magazine presented by Stephen Rhodes and Alison Kerran (90025163) 12.20pm London Today (Teletext) and weather (1712250)
- 12.30 News (Teletext) and weather (4848057)
- 12.55 Coronation Street (r). (Teletext) (4856076) 1.25 Home and Away (Teletext) (61205502)
- 1.55 The Chrystal Rose Show with guest Hughie Green (s) (19224291) 2.25 A Country Practice (s) (6161621)
- 2.50 Take the High Road. Scottish drama (8433182) 3.20 ITN News headlines (Teletext) (7192366) 3.25 London Today (Teletext) and weather (7191637)
- 3.30 Rosie and Jim (s) (9271502) 3.45 Warner Brothers Cartoons (r). (8276057) 4.00 Zzzap! (s) (4823057) 4.15 Tiny Toon Adventures (7897996)
- 4.40 The Goons (Teletext) (s) (5235386)
- 5.10 After 5 (Teletext) (3864189)
- 5.40 ITN Early Evening News (Teletext) and weather (508637)
- 6.00 Home and Away (r) (Teletext) (444144)
- 6.25 London Tonight. Presented by Lindsay Charlton and Fiona Florio. (Teletext) (834144)
- 7.00 Bruce Forsyth's Play Your Cards Right. The comedian hosts the gameshow where prizes can be won or lost by the turn of a card. (Teletext) (1250)
- 7.30 Coronation Street. (Teletext) (811)



Lynne Miller in WPC Cathy Marshall (8.00pm)

- 8.00 The Bill: Eyes and Ears. A witness seems too eager to report to the police after he sees a man maliciously injured by a car. (Teletext) (7298)
- 8.30 The Upper Hand. Two romantic comedies starring Joe Gann and Diane Weston. (Teletext) (s) (6705)
- 9.00 Doctor Finlay: A Natural Mistake (Teletext) (s) (62779)
- 10.00 News at Ten (Teletext) and weather (19453)
- 10.30 Crime Monthly. Penny Smith appeals for help with unsolved crimes in the London area, plus a feature on the investigation that led to the capture of a man who abducted a woman on her way to work (57057)
- 11.30 London Tonight (Teletext) and weather (331095)
- 11.40 FILM: Desert Rats (1988) starring Scott Plank. Modern-day western tale about a local rebel who tells a bank robbery and is subsequently promoted to town sheriff. Directed by Tony Wharmby (999347)
- 1.05am The James Whale Show. Late-night debate and interviews (s) (521412)
- 2.05 The Chart Show (s) (6471854)
- 3.00 Noisy Mothers (s) (4030187)
- 3.55 Cinema, Cinema, Cinema (8469496)
- 4.30 The New Music. Canadian musicians and DJs discuss their country's music business (45903)
- 5.30 ITN Morning News (57767). Ends at 6.00

## CHANNEL 4

- 6.35 Sandokan (r) (8776960)
- 7.00 The Big Breakfast (96637)
- 9.00 Wish Kid (r) (96502)
- 9.30 Schools: Eureka! (5032788) 9.45 Stop, Look, Listen (5080569) 10.00 Fourways Farm (7815502) 10.10 Maths Everywhere (2238845) 10.25 Eurokids (1784750) 10.40 Off Limits (5686076) 11.05 Schools at Work (9238705) 11.11 Time for Maths (2827279) 11.22 Stage One (2807415) 11.40 How We Used to Live (3948892)
- 12.00 Profiles of Nature. The common loon (r) (16368)
- 12.30 Seaside Story. The quest is Johnny Cash (85637) 1.30 The Magic Roundabout followed by The Wombles, Paddington and The Clanders (r) (28979124)
- 1.55 FILM: Blacksmith (1921). b/w. A Buster Keaton comedy short (2845144)
- 2.20 FILM: The Franchise Affair (1950). b/w starring Dudley Gray, Marjorie Felding and Ann Stephens. A 15-year-old girl accuses a mother and daughter of kidnapping her and longing her to work as their servant. Directed by Lawrence Huntington (930279)
- 3.55 Waterways. The first of a six-part series in which Dick Warner cruises the waterways of Ireland on board a 50-ton barge (r). (Teletext) (888250)
- 4.30 Countdown. (Teletext) (s) (724)
- 5.00 Cutting Edge: Jumpers (r). (Teletext) (s) (8163)
- 6.00 Blossom (r). (Teletext) (939)
- 6.30 MovieWatch. Includes four London filmgoers reviewing the latest releases (s) (599)
- 7.00 Channel 4 News (Teletext) and weather (448182)
- 7.50 You Don't Know Me But... A person in the news receives unsolicited advice (597106)
- 8.00 The 3,000 Mile Garden. The last in the series about two keen gardeners separated by the Atlantic. (Teletext) (s) (8540)
- 8.30 Brookside. (Teletext) (s) (4347)
- 9.00 Ellen. American comedy series starring Ellen DeGeneres. (Teletext) (5057)



Leonard Rossiter in Mr Rigby (9.30pm)

- 9.30 Rising Damp. Classic boisterous house comedy starring Leonard Rossiter as a lascivious landlord (r). (Teletext) (45366)
- 10.00 Roseanne. (Teletext) (17095)
- 10.30 Jo Brand Through the Cakehole (r). (Teletext) (s) (352163)
- 11.05 The Word. The special guest for this 100th edition is Sharon Stone (819705)
- 12.10am Beavis and Butt-Head. Inevitable animated music video reviews (s) (1508187)
- 12.40 FILM: Summerspell (1983) starring Frank Whiteman, Dorothy Holland and Jennifer Mayo. A drama set in the late 1940s about a family reunion on a Texas ranch run by the son of the dying owner of his city-born wife. Directed by Lita Shanklin (735212)
- 2.20 FILM: The Lone Wolf Strikes (1940). b/w starring Warren William. A thriller in which the thief-turned-sleuth investigates a murder and the theft of a pearl necklace. Directed by Sidney Salkow (5182458). Ends at 3.30

## VARIATIONS

**ANGLIA**  
As London except: 1.55 The Young Doctors (2847502) 2.30 Gardens without Borders (1616502) 2.50-3.20 What You Were Here (r) (s) (4536618) 3.45-4.00 The Young Doctors (2847502) 4.10-4.30 The Young Doctors (2847502) 4.40-4.50 The Young Doctors (2847502) 4.55-5.00 The Young Doctors (2847502) 5.05-5.10 The Young Doctors (2847502) 5.15-5.20 The Young Doctors (2847502) 5.25-5.30 The Young Doctors (2847502) 5.35-5.40 The Young Doctors (2847502) 5.45-5.50 The Young Doctors (2847502) 5.55-6.00 The Young Doctors (2847502) 6.05-6.10 The Young Doctors (2847502) 6.15-6.20 The Young Doctors (2847502) 6.25-6.30 The Young Doctors (2847502) 6.35-6.40 The Young Doctors (2847502) 6.45-6.50 The Young Doctors (2847502) 6.55-7.00 The Young Doctors (2847502) 7.05-7.10 The Young Doctors (2847502) 7.15-7.20 The Young Doctors (2847502) 7.25-7.30 The Young Doctors (2847502) 7.35-7.40 The Young Doctors (2847502) 7.45-7.50 The Young Doctors (2847502) 7.55-8.00 The Young Doctors (2847502) 8.05-8.10 The Young Doctors 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## BOWLS 40

CHAMPION GRIMLY  
HANGING ON  
TO WORLD TITLE

## SPORT

FRIDAY FEBRUARY 24 1995

## GOLF 42

KARLSSON TOUCHES  
RECORD HEIGHTS  
IN TURESPANA OPEN

Punishment buck passed to Football Association after Premier League verdict

# Inquiry's findings condemn Graham

MICHAEL POWELL

the FA yesterday as to whether Graham would be disciplined, whether Arsenal would face any punishment, even whether Hauge remained welcome to deal with English clubs, with full FA blessing.

Alarmingly, the answer is that the case, the buck, is in transit. "We have only received the information this morning," Graham Kelly, the FA chief executive, said. "Clearly it relates to an extremely serious issue, we will give it urgent consideration in the public interest. Hopefully the position will be clearer within a week or so."

Behind all the shifting of feet, the non-statements and the extreme caution, there lies the fact that other investigations are under way and that the Premier League commission has found itself impeded by lawyers.

The fact is that Hauge, who has negotiated with vested interests on more than one side for at least ten players to

*The FA disciplinary commission is vulnerable if it attempts to impose the extreme penalty on Cantona it, and others, might wish*

David Miller, page 40

By ROB HUGHES  
FOOTBALL CORRESPONDENT

GEORGE GRAHAM stands, for the moment, the sole sacrifice on the altar of a national sport that at long last admits there is something profoundly wrong, even corrupt, about the way footballers are bought and sold.

His position as the parish was confirmed yesterday when the 22 chairmen of the FA Premier League met in the morning and endorsed, to a man, Arsenal's decision to dismiss Graham last Tuesday.

Whether these chairmen will now rigorously call to account their own managers — if they have retained them for as long as it takes to set up an inquiry, pontificate and judge — we wait to discover, but that note of total cynicism is surely justified by the manner yesterday in which the Premier League delivered its file on the "Graham Affair" and then, in words that Sir John Quinton, chairman of the Premier League board, admitted, was "passing the buck." The buck passes from the Premier League to the Football Association, the only body in Britain with punitive powers and it, of course, says it needs time to read and digest the report into Graham's activities.

His misdemeanours appear to be grave. The extent of the figures and of the personal negotiating done by Graham is greater than was thought. The Premier League commission of inquiry report is explicit on the monies he was given and on the manner in which he and the Norwegian agent, Rune Hauge, dealt in the purchase of Pal Lydersen and John Jensen.

"George Graham has received two payments originating from Interclub Limited, a Guernsey-based company in which Rune Hauge has an interest:

£140,500 on 23 December 1991 in cash and deposited in a bank account in Dublin.

£25,000 on 19 August 1992 paid by bank transfer to an account in Guernsey."

Doing its arithmetic, the Premier League statement then added that "on 1 December 1994, consultants acting on the instruction of Mr Graham paid £425,500, plus £40,000 on account of profits, to Arsenal FC's bank account."



Sir John Quinton, left, chairman of the FA Premier League board, and the Premier League chief executive, Rick Parry, address the press and media yesterday

The commission had seen Graham on two occasions. The first time he complied with their questions, the second his counsel refused to let him speak, but the Premier League statement concluded: "We have been supplied the copy of the opinion of leading counsel acting on behalf of Mr Graham, who was instructed by Mr Graham that the sums were not paid pursuant to any arrangement connected with the transfers, but were paid by the agent, as a mark of his gratitude."

Later, Rick Parry, chief executive of the Premier League, said that the three-man commission, which has investigated irregular transfer sums for the past 15 months, "have great difficulty in accepting that Mr Graham did not know that the payments derived directly from the transfer fees paid by Arsenal."

The mind boggles at the sums. It is hard to believe that there can be any other walk of life in which a man untrained in accountancy or in business is allowed the sole responsibility to oversee trading, as Graham did in his 8½ years at Arsenal, amounting to a turnover of £36 million. He bought 24 players at a cost of £23.45 million, he sold 22 players for £12.97 million — a deficit to Arsenal Football Club of £10½ million.

See him, if you will, as the victim. Hear his words of pain on Tuesday when he called for a full FA investigation, asking: "What is the future for football if the standards of justice inside the game can be ignored in this way?"

"I appeal to all right-minded lovers of the great game of football to press for a full and open inquiry by the Football Association."

Yet the detail contained in the Premier League statement is chilling. It states that, with the agent, Hauge, acting as middleman, Graham flew to Oslo in September 1991 to negotiate with three officials of IK Start for Lydersen, a full back he was subsequently sold to include.

According to the Premier League, Graham and Hauge

negotiated a price of £215,000 — and even this appears generous considering that Lydersen had only a month left on his contract and would, under Uefa rules, have been available for around £150,000.

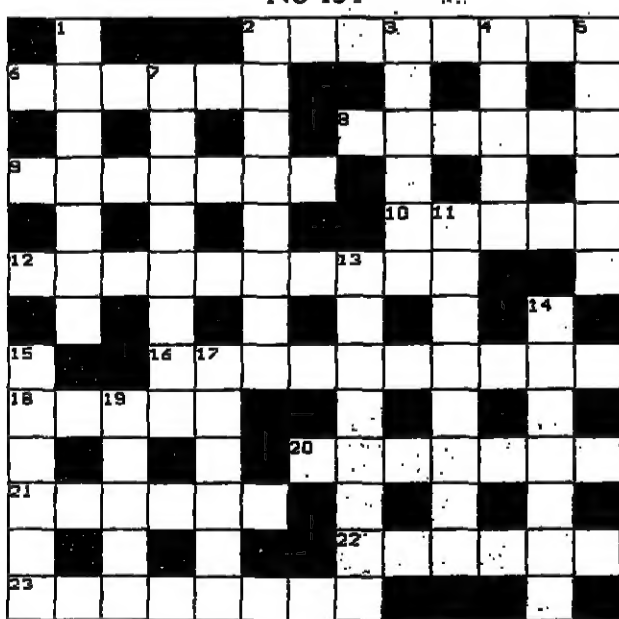
At the end of the Oslo meeting, Graham telephoned Ken Friar, the managing director of Arsenal and said the deal had been agreed at £500,000. The money was paid. Later, the Norwegian club kept just £190,000, and paid the rest to Hauge's company, Interclub, including a

cur of £25,000 to the player.

The Jensen case, much publicised since newspaper revelations last December, involved an alleged fee negotiated by Graham at £1.57 million — and the selling club, Brondby, of Denmark, then paid £739,433.48 to Interclub. If the figures are damning, then so, surely, is the ostrich-like behaviour of Arsenal, a club which slept while, allegedly, its manager duped it of cash. There were questions to both the Premier League and

## TIMES TWO CROSSWORD

No 404



## ACROSS

- 2 Quick picture (8)
- 4 Make a fuss of (6)
- 8 Loud disturbance (stage direction) (6)
- 9 Economical: having mercy (7)
- 10 Command (5)
- 12 Raise (conversation) topic (5,1,4)
- 16 Struggle prodigiously (5,5)
- 18 Wood-borer (5)
- 20 Fissile element (7)
- 21 Emissary (6)
- 22 Belt: surround (6)
- 23 Napoleon's final defeat (8)

## DOWN

- 1 Calculate (7)
- 3 Prehistoric pre-metal period (5,3)
- 5 Wanness (6)
- 6 Given a job (5)
- 7 Quality of tone colour (6)
- 11 Unexpected event (8)
- 13 Corny chair, adjustable back (8)
- 15 Bosom friend (5,3)
- 16 Loquacious (7)
- 17 Indulge, roll about (in) (6)
- 18 Author (6)
- 19 Leg of lamb, mutton (5)

## SOLUTION TO NO 403

ACROSS: 8 Frame-up 9 Evade 10 Spectacle 11 Din 12 Towel 14 Embroid 15 Bouncer 17 Reels 19 Nod 20 Unsettled 22 Genie 23 Snorkel

DOWN: 1 Offset 2 Sale 3 Keith Lectures 4 Specie 5 Reverberation 6 Wardrobe 7 Vernal 13 Wounding 15 Benign 16 Resist 18 Saddle 21 Luke  
TIMES PUBLICATIONS: The Times Guides: English Style and Usage (HB) £3.99, International Finance, Japan, Nations of the World, Middle East, Good University Guide 1994-5, Single European Market £9.99 each, Peoples of Europe (HB) £16.99, European Parliament - June 1994 (HB) £26. NEW The Times Guide to the New British State £17.99. The Times Maps: The World (Wall Map laminated) 62"x47" £15.99, (folded) 48"x30" £5.99. Miscellaneous: The Times Night Sky 1995 £4.50, The Times 1000 1995 (HB) £33.50, The Times Concise Atlas of the Bible (HB) £13.99 (reduced from £15.99). The Sunday Times Book of Answers £4.50, Book of Brainbusters £5.49. Prices include P&P (UK). Cheques with order payable to Akom Ltd 51 Manor Lane, London, SE13 8JW. Return delivery. Tel. 0181 852 4575 (24hrs) No credit cards.

## Wood axed for France match

By DAVID HANDS  
RUGBY CORRESPONDENT

KEITH WOOD, the Garryowen hooker hailed as a world-class rugby union forward by no less an authority than Bob Dwyer, the Australia coach, on tour last year, has been dropped by the Ireland selectors for the five nations' championship match with France at Lansdowne Road on March 4.

He is one of three changes to a side which, in championship terms, has lost its way, though the French have doubled that by replacing six of the players who failed against the Scots. Instead, they look to the past and give recalls to three players over 30, Franck Mesnel, Louis Armory and Marc Cécillon.

Successive defeats by England and Scotland have sent Ireland back to Eric Elwood, who replaces Paul Burke at stand-off half, to Jim Staples, who would have played full back against Scotland but for a bout of flu and now displaces

Conor O'Shea; and to Terry Kingston, the Dolphin hooker, who replaces Wood.

Kingston, 31, has accumulated 18 caps since his debut in 1987 and has performed a remarkable resurrection to his career after the disastrous tour to New Zealand in 1992. Yet Wood, 23, represents the future, and to cast him out now seems short-sighted in the extreme.

Doubts have been raised about his throwing at the lineout, which ignores the fact that his lineout jumpers have changed in every match this

season and that it was the back five forwards who were less than impressive at Murrayfield. However, each of them retains his place ahead of the experienced hook, Mick Gahway, and the uncapped flanker, Eddie Halvey, from Ireland's leading club, Shannon. Now there is a place for Neil Francis.

Elwood's return was expected; indeed, it was surprising that he was not chosen again in England in January, well though Burke had played for Cork Constitution and Munster. It was asking a lot of the

younger man to become the linchpin of a side still seeking an identity and now further from it than ever, Wood having followed David Corkery, the other acknowledged success of last summer's tour, onto the sidelines.

The French selectors, for their final championship match, have given such players as Thierry Lacroix, Laurent Cabannes and Olivier Roumat a tart reminder that they are not indispensable. All three will surely go to the World Cup but for now Mesnel returns at 33 for a 53rd cap; Armory, 31, wins his 41st at loose-head prop and the remarkable Cécillon, now 35, will collect his fortieth in the back row. Philippe Benetton moving to flanker.

Yann Delaigue takes over the hot spot of stand-off half. In the second row, Olivier Merle is restored after his omission for a head-butt on Ricky Evans during the game with Wales.

Blow for Shaw, page 40

## Billiards breaking with tradition

Imagine the scene: a press conference hosted by football's top brass to announce that, because of the farcically high scores now prevailing in the professional game, the dimensions of the goals were being reduced, or one at Augusta announcing that the size of the holes would be halved because of a spate of 58s at the Masters.

Throughout the century in professional billiards, however, there has been a tradition of the rulemakers implementing changes to blunt the repetitive skills of its leading exponents. The latest alteration was introduced at the Strachan United Kingdom championship, which began in Wigan yesterday.

Phil Yates says the three-ball game continues to innovate, hoping to match snooker's appeal

In order to make sizeable breaks harder to achieve, the cue-ball must now cross the baulk line at least once for every 100 points scored. That interrupts, if not completely eliminates, continuous "top of the table" sequences which provide a turn-off for casual spectators if not for the cognoscenti.

"It's like Stephen Hendry being required to pot at least one yellow from every five reds he knocks in during a break," explained Geet Sethi, an urban Indian who occupies an equivalent position of

supremacy in the billiards world rankings to that of Hendry in snooker.

Sethi, who graduated from Gujarat State University with a masters degree in business administration, held the world-record break of 1,276,000 before the rules' update. Because of his outstanding break-building prowess, he should, in theory, vigorously oppose the baulk-line rule.

Yet, in common with the majority of the other top players, Sethi is in favour of

anything which will add to the popular appeal of a game which has taken a back seat to snooker since the mid-1930s.

In 1907, when snooker was in its infancy and had no competitive structure, Tom Rebec carried tedium in billiards to new heights by compiling a break of 499,135 (unfinitesimal) during a challenge match with Joe Chapman at Soho Square, London. The break, which consisted entirely of anchor cannons off the red and his opponent's white, both of which had become lodged in the jaws of a top pocket, took 86 hours, spread over six weeks, to construct. Chapman departed for home in disgust with the break still in progress.

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